The Bombay Gazette.

No. 40,055—New Series.

BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1894.

OF THE
ASIATIC SOCIE

ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.

Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants, by whom the New Show Cards can be obtained on application.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Places of Interest along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, the Routes between the Principal Towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.

BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday. 1894.
† CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	6th Jan.
B.I. BALLAARAT	4748	900	T. S. Angus	13th „
† SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. Worcester	20th „
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crowe	27th „
† CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	3rd Feb.
B.I. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. H. Moule	10th „
†* SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. Worcester	17th „
B.I. ROME	5545	1200	A. B. Daniell	24th „
†* GANGES	4206	800	G. W. Atkinson	3rd March.
B.I. CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	10th „
† SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. Worcester	17th „
B.I. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	24th „
†* GANGES	4206	800	G. Atkinson	31st „
B.I. OCEANA	6362	1500	E. Stewart	7th April.
† SIAM	3050	500	H. Weighell	14th „
B.I. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. H. Moule	21st „
†* ASSAM	3090	500	T. F. Creery	28th „
B.I. HIMALAYA	6898	2000	J. Orman	5th May.
†* SIAM	3000	500	H. Weighell	12th „
B.I. THAMES	4113	800	W. [illegible]	19th „

The Steamers marked B.L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.

†* These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers for Brindisi, Marseilles and London.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

TUESDAY 5 P.M.	Steamers.	Tons.	Horse Power.	Captain
March 20	Peninsular	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin.
April 17	Shannon	4189	800	E. Crowe.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only hand-packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo:—

24th Jan.
10th Jan. 7th Feb.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 25th November, 1893.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,113	750	1st Feb.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	1,194	750	1st March.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
VINDOBONA	P. Mersa	4,351	350	9th Jan., 1894
GISELA	F. Kossovich	4,253	350	9th Feb.

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 960	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MARQ BACQUEHEM	G. Walluschnig.	4,109	350	21st Jan. 94.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. AGLAIA to Madras and Calcutta.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Dec. 31, 1893.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta. On or about the
A STEAMER	3,000	End of January.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 4th January, 1894. Agents.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 11th January, 1894, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for four, six and twelve months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder, at 1 P.M. on the Day of SAILING to convey Passengers on Board the Steamer.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
Sirdar's Buildings, Hummum Street.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.

SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c. booked on terms of existing concessions.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.

LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATHIAWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 16th January, 1894, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 7th January, on arrival of In-coming English Mail Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,554 tons, on the 7th January, at 6 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KHANDALLA," 1,797 tons, on the 11th January, 1894, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on the 22nd January, 1894, calling at Aden, Mombassa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 4th January, 1894. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine insurance effected at the lowest rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. the SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s. s. "NYANZA" will SAIL as above on the 10th January, 1894. For Freight and Passage
Apply to the Agents,
VISRAM EBRAHIM & CO.,
Khoja Mohla, Mandvie.

"ANCHOR" LINE.

DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

1894.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To leave Bombay
ARABIA	3,544	C. H. Hillcoat	January 10.
ASIA	3,561	J. Laird	March 2.
PERSIA	3,547	R. Hutchinson	March 17.
HISPANIA	3,380	S. Abrey	March 31.
ARABIA	3,544	C. H. Hillcoat	April 19.
BRITANNIA	3,069	J. Brown	May 3.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an Experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every Comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further Particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, January 3, 1894.

NOTICE.

THE s. s. "YORK" has ARRIVED from NEW YORK, with General CARGO and PETROLEUM, and is DISCHARGING in Stream. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS OF LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to take DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor, before the Goods are removed from the Ship.

All claims must be presented before the Sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

CURSETJEE & EDULJEE, Dubashes,
No. 1, Forbes Street, Fort,
Agents for Capt. John W. Smith, s. s. "York."

PERFECT VITAL INVIGORATOR.

THE NEW NERVINE TONIC.

THIS WONDERFUL MEDICINE should become the Household stand-by.

IT RESTORES NERVOUS WASTE, and is an admirable support in all cases of "Nerves."

AN EXCELLENT STIMULANT, taking the place of the insidious "Peg."

AS A TONIC TO THE convalescent from severe illness it is unrivalled.

IT CONTAINS VERY POWERFUL Nerve Foods, as Phosphorous, Damiana, Coca, &c.

AND IS FAR AHEAD OF ANY imported Tonic Syrup, in its unique combination of the most valuable Tonics and Stimulants known.

Price, Rs. 3 per Bottle.

Prepared only by

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

HIGHLAND MALT WHISKEY

AS SHIPPED BY TREACHER & CO., LD., IS A GENUINE MALT WHISKEY OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

Vide the following Certificate:—

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY, SURGEON'S HALL,
Edinburgh, August 9, 1893.

I have made a careful Chemical Analysis of a Sample of HIGHLAND MALT WHISKEY as shipped to Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Ld., Bombay, and find such to be of Full Strength, and to be Free from all Noxious Ingredients. It is THOROUGHLY MATURED, possesses an EXCELLENT BOUQUET, and is in All Respects a GENUINE MALT WHISKEY of THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

(Signed) STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., F.R.S.E., &c.,
Lecturer in Chemistry.

TREACHER & CO., LD., WINE MERCHANTS. | BOMBAY, BYCULLA, POONA.

KEMP'S AERATED WATERS.

NEW MACHINERY having been Erected, we are now Bottling our Waters at the high pressure of 150 lb. to the square inch, which is 30 lbs. higher than the pressure usually used.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

HANBURY'S IODISED SARSAPARILLA reduces chronic inflammation and swellings, cures Rheumatism, Glandular Enlargements, and Scorbutic affections. Price Rs. 2 and Rs. 3-8 per bottle.

SOLE MAKERS:
PHILLIPS & Co., LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

OGDEN'S SILVER VEIL TOBACCO

Is manufactured from the very finest growth of Virginia Leaf. It is fine in Texture and therefore suitable for Cigarettes, and forms a Cool and truly Luxurious Smoke.

OGDEN'S SILVER VEIL TOBACCO

Is packed in their Patent Tins, which are guaranteed to keep their Contents in Fresh and Beautiful Condition in any Climate of the World.

PROCURABLE THROUGHOUT INDIA.

THOMAS OGDEN, LIMITED, LIVERPOOL.
SOLE REPRESENTATIVE
MR. STANLAY OAKES,
13-2 GOVERNMENT PLACE,
CALCUTTA.
RETAIL of all respectable Dealers.

PAPARIDINE,

for DYSPEPSIA,
For LIVER COMPLAINTS,
For FLATULENT DIARRHŒA,
For GASTRIC CATARRH,
&c., &c.

OPINIONS OF DYSPEPTICS:—

"It has completely cured me of Dyspepsia."
"I strongly recommend it."
"I derived immense benefit from it."
"It cured a friend who had suffered for years."
"Please send six more bottles."

Price per Bottle, Rs. 2.

PREPARED BY
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

THACKER & CO., LD., BOMBAY,
ENGRAVERS, DIE-SINKERS, RELIEF STAMPERS, COPPER-PLATE PRINTERS.

YOUR CREST OR MONOGRAM, Rs. 16.

ARTISTICALLY engraved on Steel and Embossed in Color on 2 Boxes (240 sheets) of Note Paper and 2 Boxes of Envelopes for Sixteen Rupees.

YOUR VISITING CARD.	Rs.	a.
100 Gentleman's Cards, one line with Plate	3	0
100 Ladies' Cards, one line with Plate	4	0

Other lines, such as Club, Address, and Regiment, charged Re. 1 per line extra.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.

(ESTABLISHED 1870.)

Accumulated Capital, in the hands of Government, 25 Lakhs.

FUNDS INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ONLY.

OPEN TO ALL CLASSES OF CHRISTIANS

SUBSCRIPTIONS are received at all Government Treasuries, or in the case of Government Servants can be deducted from Salary Bills.

RATES as LOW as is consistent with perfect safety. NO ENTIRE FORFEITURE after Three Years' payments.

A regular Monthly Pension secured to mother sister, wife, children, or other near relatives

For REPORT and RULES, etc., Apply to—

SYKES & Co.,
SECRETARIES,
1, GRANT'S-LANE, CALCUTTA.

HAND-BOOK OF GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.
The Gujerat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.

PRICE........................ Rs. 6.
Packing and Postage extra.

HENRY HISCOCKS,
BAKER AND CONFECTIONER,
CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA,

BEGS to intimate that he is now Registering Orders for

CHRISTMAS CAKES, MINCE PIES, PLUM PUDDINGS, &c.

Also that he has OPENED the WILTSHIRE DAIRY in connection with his Bakery, where Milk, Butter and Cream may be had at favourable rates. Having *his own Milch Cattle*, the absolute Purity of his Dairy Produce may be relied on.

GRANT BUILDINGS.
REDUCTION IN RENT OF ROOMS
from 1st January 1894.

ONLY a FEW ROOMS in these Buildings are NOW AVAILABLE.

Apply to
THE AGENT,
Grant Buildings.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs 5. Horses standing at Livery on Commission Sale Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper; Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-Country Commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the Yard. Single, Rs. 15; Double, Rs. 30. The Horse-Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every Class of Shoeing is done.

WALL CLOCKS.

LATEST ADDITIONS.

SUITABLE FOR HALLS, LIBRARIES, OFFICES, SCHOOLS.

	Rs.
Winding Monthly, 10 inches dial, made to our special order and design......Rs. 45, Rs. 85, and	95
Winding Monthly, 10 inches dial, with self-acting Calendar on a second dial of 10 inches......	110
Winding Weekly, Lever Clocks, Octagonal......	28

The above Clocks are made to our special order, and have all been thoroughly tested and regulated, and as a guarantee of their excellence, our name has been impressed on the dial plate.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
Chronometer, Watch and Clock Manufacturers,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates, apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

A CONTRACT OF FORFEITURE
THE MOST PRACTICAL GUARANTEE.

PERFECTION ASSURED.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., Limited, the Practical Watch Manufacturers of Bombay and Poona, claiming as they do a pre-eminent position for their WATCHES, and guaranteeing, superlatively, the VERY BEST VALUE, propose to enter into a compact for the purchase of any of their MODEL WATCHES, with a view to proving in the most practical manner possible the immense superiority of their Pocket Watches over the thousands of Machine-made Watches now so extensively offered to the Public.

They agree to give to an approved or known Customer one of their PERFECT WATCHES for trial for a month, and if after the expiration of this period the Watch has been found to have kept time within one minute, the price of the Watch becomes due; but if, on the other hand, the Watch has varied over one minute, they agree not only to forfeit their claim to the value of the Watch but to

FORFEIT THE WATCH.

Under such an arrangement one cannot possibly get away from the fact that nothing but STERLING VALUE is offered; and it unquestionably proves the unbounded confidence this Firm has in the recommendation of their productions in Watches.

Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Limited, would not be flattering themselves in stating that they are the ONLY FIRM of Watch Manufacturers in India which is in a position to undertake such a risk.

ILLUSTRATED AND DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES FORWARDED FREE BY POST.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
CHRONOMETER, WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CAMUSLYNIE SMA'GLEN WHISKY.

"THE OLD STILL."

AN Old Time Highland Whisky, Distilled in the Mountains of Scotland from the Richest Golden Malted Bere and Crystal Spring Water. Bottled only by

STIRLING BONDING COMPANY.

Price per Dozen, Rs. 24-8 Nett. A Bunch of Heather in every Case.

SOLE AGENTS:—
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

JUST ARRIVED.

FELT HATS! FELT HATS!!
THORPE & CO.'S

- BLACK,
- FAWN,
- MOUSE,
- TERRA-COTTA,
- BAY-BROWN,
- NUT-BROWN,
- SOFT FELT FAWN,
- SOFT FELT BROWN,
- SOFT FELT BLACK,
- CLERICAL SOFT FELT,

FROM Rs. 6-12.

BAG TOP CAPS ......From Rs. 2-8.

STRAW HATS.

THORPE & CO., (HATTERS), BOMBAY.

BADHAM PILE & COMPANY'S "PERFECTUM."

RIDING BREECHES.

CUT ON THE MOST APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES.

Cash Prices.

	Rs.	As.
WHITE DRILL for Polo......	11	4
WHITE or KHAKI COTTON CORD	11	4
WHITE or DRAB MOLESKIN......	13	8
WHITE ELASTIC TWILL......	20	0
DRAB VELVET CORD......	25	0
WOOLLEN BEDFORD CORD......	25	0
FANCY WHIPCORD......	25	0
SUPERFINE WHITE DOESKIN for Racing......	31	8
SILK WARP WHITE CASHMERE......	31	8

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE & DIRECTOR............MR. HARRY STANLEY.

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, 5TH JANUARY,
E. A. MASSA'S New and Original Pantomime,
{"THE QUEEN of HEARTS."}
{"THE QUEEN of HEARTS."}
Doors Open at 8.30. Overture at 9 P.M.
BOX OFFICE at MITCHELL'S, Meadows Street.
Plan on View from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
PRICES AS USUAL.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
GRAND MID-DAY PERFORMANCE
OF THIS
Magnificent Christmas Pantomime,
(For the Convenience of Families and Schools).
Doors Open at 4 P.M. Commence at 4-30 P.M.
Children Half-Price to all Parts of the Theatre.
A CHILD'S REQUEST IN EVERY HOME:
Oh! Mamma, do take me to see the FUNNY CLOWN.
Oh! Papa, do get us some Tickets at Mitchell's,
Seats are Booking Fast, and the Plan IS NEARLY FULL.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

By Special Request,
"TRIAL BY JURY,"
and
BETSY BAKER
will be given
BY THE MEMBERS OF THE
THESPIAN CLUB,
ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 6TH,
at 9-30 P.M.

Stalls and Dress Circle	Rs. 3
Unreserved	Re. 1

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half Price to Unreserved Seats.
BOX PLAN on View at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

A ZITHER CONCERT

Will be held
On THURSDAY, 8TH FEBRUARY,
IN THE BOYS' SCHOOL,
INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, at 9 P.M.,
In AID of the FUNDS of the INSTITUTION.
PARTICULARS LATER ON.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the Manager and Ex Engineer, Morvi Railway, for the Supply of 10 tons First Class MOULMEIN TEAK as under:—

The Timber to be delivered in the Water in Bombay, after inspection and measurement.

Supply to commence by 20th January, and be completed by 28th February.

Sizes may Vary from 18 to 35ft. in length by 12in. by 12in. to 20in. by 20in. square, one-third being of small dimensions.
" Medium
" Large

Payments will be made on Delivery in Bombay.
Tenders will be received up to 10th January, at Morvi.

M. W. WHITE, C.E.,
Manager and Ex. Engineer, Morvi Railway.

CRICKETING GEAR.

		Rs. a.
Cricket Bats (Full Cane-Handle)	each	5 8
" (Half)	"	4 0
" Stumps, per Set of Six	"	3 8
" Balls	"	1 8

☞ Particulars and prices for every description of Cricketing goods on application. Special terms to Clubs, Colleges, Schools, &c., on receipt of particulars of requirements.

SILVER-MOUNTED WALKING CANES, &c.

		Rs. a.
Silver-Mounted Malacca Walking Canes	each	4 8
" " Riding	"	0
Chowries Riding	"	3 0

NOTE.—STERLING SILVER MOUNTS.
Terms—Cash or V. P. P.
GENERAL PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

JAS. TURNER & Co.,
THE NORTHERN-INDIA GYMKHANA WORKS,
SIALKOT (PUNJAB).

Supplied at the Russian Banquet in Paris
GEORGE GOULET
By appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN
and to H. R. H. the PRINCE of WALES.
EXTRA DRY CHAMPAGNE,
Rs. 65 per Dozen Quarts.
F. FISCHER & Co., Agents.
D. C. OOMRIGUR, Market, Sub-Agent.

F. S. MADON & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS
IN DRUGS, CHEMICALS, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES,
Sick Room Requisites and all Articles connected with
PHARMACY.

Prices compare favourably with other Houses in India.

Special Terms to Hospitals, Dispensaries, and Practitioners.

A Trial Order is Solicited.

Up-Country Orders promptly attended and carefully executed on the Same Day they are received.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaik Memon Street, near Zooma Musjid,
Outside the Fort, Bombay.

J. NEUBERG,

MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW SHIPMENT OF
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS
JUST RECEIVED.

THE attention of Connoisseurs in this SPECIALITE is respectfully invited to the following

SELECT BRANDS :—

			Rs.	a.
LA HOJA, Trabucos	per box of	50	5	0
L'AMISTAD, Regalias	"	50	7	0
DONA ANNA, Imperiales	"	50	15	0
BOCK'S GUILA D'ORO, Reg Finos	"	50	18	
Do. do. Marcelina	"	50	18	0
Do. do. Delirios	"	25	10	0
VILLAR Y VILLAR, Reg. Reina.	"	100	36	0
LA CAROLINA, Bouq. Carolina.	"	25	14	0
LA FLOR DE MORALES, Del.	"	25	15	0

FLOR DE JAVAS.
Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the
ONLY ORIGINAL BRAND,
FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.

ROYALS	Rs. 4	0	per 100
TRABUCOS	" 3	12	"
COQUETAS	" 3	8	"

BEACONSFIELDS,
BAHADURS,
CELESTIALES,
TORPEDO SPECIALS,
and a large Variety of all the leading Brands of
INDIAN CIGARS
Also Stocked.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SELECTED AND SURPRISING PROGRAMME.
GRAND! INCREDIBLE!! MARVELLOUS!!!
(NEXT TO GAIETY THEATRE.)
THE GRAND ANATOMICAL MUSEUM.

A. SIMONS (the Proprietor) begs to intimate the Public that he will give a Series of Exhibitions, only a Fortnight in Bombay, of his Marvellous, Magnificent, and the Noblest Cabinet of Human and Comparative Anatomy, showing the different kinds of diseases of human and animal body, their Curious Structure, the Nature, Uses, and Functions of their several parts.

WAX-WORKS AND PANORAMA!!
THE GREAT ORIGINAL SPLENDID DISPLAY OF
FULL LIFE-SIZE.
PRICE OF ADMISSION :—Annas 8.
Doors Open at 8 A.M. Commencing at 9 A.M. to 12 NOON and 4 P.M. to 12 mid-night.
For further particulars see Daily Newspapers.

'XMAS CARDS
IN GREAT VARIETY.
FANCY ARTICLES,
TABLE ORNAMENTS,
BOHEMIAN WARES.
Sold at Moderate Prices.
B. D. MOTIWALA & CO.,
18, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

REVOLUTION
IN THE
TEA TRADE.

LIPTON'S
GOLD MEDAL
TEAS,
THE FINEST THE WORLD
Can Produce,
ARE NOW BEING SOLD
All Over INDIA and the EAST
AT EXTRAORDINARY
LOW PRICES,
In 1 lb., 5 lb., 10 lb., and 20 lb. Patent Air-tight Tins.

CHOICEST INDIAN
PEKOE SOUCHONG BLEND,
As. 12 Per lb.

Specially Selected Blend of Delicious Darjeeling and Ceylon
ORANGE PEKOES,
RE. 1-2 Per lb.

PURE CEYLON TEA,
Grown on LIPTON'S
DAMBATENNE ESTATES,
RE. 1 Per lb.

LIPTON'S TEAS have a more Exquisite Aroma and Delicious Flavour than any other Tea ever introduced.

LIPTON'S TEAS are packed in Patent Air-tight Tin Boxes, thus preserving their Aroma and Flavour.

LIPTON is Sole Proprietor of the following Celebrated Tea Gardens, which cover over 5,000 Acres of the best Tea Land in Ceylon :—DAMBATENNE, LAYMASTOLLE, MONERAKANDE, MAHADAMPATENNE, MORESAKELLE, POOPRASSIE, GIGRANELLA, AND HANAGALLA.

The *Ceylon Observer* says :—"We need scarcely remind our Readers that the Haputab group of Estates is one of the most valuable both for Tea and Coffee in this Country . . . . and it is well known that Dambatenne produces both in quantity and quality some of the Finest Tea grown in Ceylon."

Over
ONE MILLION
PACKETS of LIPTON'S TEA sold Weekly in Great Britain alone.

AGENTS :
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY :—
Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

MADRAS :—Messrs. OAKES & Co.,
Mount Road, Madras.

CALCUTTA :—GREAT EASTERN HOTEL Co.,
and Messrs. G. F. KELLNER & Co.,
5, Bankshall Street.

Messrs. G. F. KELLNER & Co. are Sole Agents at all their Refreshment Rooms on the E.-I. Ry., D.-U.-K. Ry., and B.-N. Ry.

LIPTON'S INDIAN OFFICES:—
30-1, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.

LIPTON'S GODOWNS:—
11 and 12, Hare Street, Calcutta,

LIPTON'S *HAMS!* LIPTON'S *BACON!*
In Canvas,
Per V. P. P. from CALCUTTA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

XMAS MUSIC.—Mirth! Merry-Making!! Dancing!!! Grand Bargains. Clearance SALE of a Consignment of English Musical Boxes and Aristons is offered at Half price. We offer them at this absurdly low price as the Goods must be cleared before the end of the current month.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

BEST Quality 4-Fold Linen COLLARS, in all the most Fashionable Shapes, Rs. 6-12 per Doz., Cash or V. P. P.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Ld., Bombay.

MAJOLICA FLOWERPOTS Just Unpacked, a large Selection of very pretty Majolica Flowerpots, from Rs. 4 to Rs. 10.—LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

TEAS!—GREAT REDUCTION!! Messrs. MORTON, MAJU and Co., in view to introducing Pure and Unadulterated Teas to RICH and POOR, are now offering, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, a class of Teas unsurpassed for DELICACY and PURITY of FLAVOUR. Price List on Application.—22, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SUN LIFE OFFICE OF INDIA.—Transacts Life, Annuity, Accident Business. Terms favourable Premiums low. Profits large.—OFFICE, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

ENGLISH OIL PAINTINGS.—A Large Variety are now being Offered for Sale at JOHN ROBERTS & Co.'s New Premises, No. 17, Hummum Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

CRAWFORD & Co. will SELL TO-DAY, at Messrs Geo. Gahagan and Co.'s Premises, Byculla, 2 new 6 inch Centrifugal PUMPS, an Oil Testing Machine, a Contractor's Pump, Screens and other items, quite new, with other things already Advertised.

TO LET.—For 6 Months, a fully FURNISHED HOUSE, on the "Ridge," Malabar Hill. Rent moderate. Apply "No. A 44," care of this Paper.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 at Rs. 3-8, 3, 2-8, 2 and 1-8 per 100 respectively. We have been appointed Sole Agents for India, Burmah, and Ceylon for these Celebrated Cigarettes manufactured by Mr. G. Bakirtzi of Egypt, of Pure Turkish Tobacco. They have attained the highest reputation in Egypt and other parts of the world, and we doubt not that they will be equally reputed in India and approved generally by those who use them. Arrangements have been made to supply us these Cigarettes fresh every fortnight.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, and 34 and 36, Abdool Rheman Street, Near Crawford Market, Bombay.

BEFORE making your 'Xmas Purchases Don't fail to Call at B. D. MOTIWALA and Co.'s SHOP, 18, Church Gate Street, Fort, which is the CHEAPEST HOUSE for the Sale of Nice and Elegant Articles for Presentation.

WANTED, NURSE, to go Home in January, with Lady, in charge of two Children. Strong, healthy Woman required and good Sailor. Apply to Mrs. D. T. ROBERTS, care of J. J. McLean, Esq., I.C.S., Cawnpore, N.-W. P.

BILLIARD TABLE,—WANTED, Full Size, on Hire, for Few Months. Address "H. B.," care of this Paper.

PEARSE'S COCA WINE.—A comfort to all Brain Workers and a Boon to Delicate persons. It is made of pure Coca Leaves, blended with best Madeira Wine. Per Bot. Rs. 2; per Doz. Rs. 21. Prepared by PEARSE and Co., Apollo Street, Bombay.

VICTORIA for SALE.—In Good Condition, Owner has no further need of it.—Address "X. Y." care of this Office.

FOR SALE.—GAME BOY and GAY LAD, a nice Pair of Chesnut Waler Geldings, 15 hands, 10 years old, well matched, with perfect manners. For further particulars apply to the MANAGER H. H. the Maharajah of Mysore's Stables, Cumballa Hill, Bombay.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing, Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description.—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

MATHERAN.—PINTO'S HOTEL.—The Ladies and Gentlemen are informed that this Cool, Comfortable and Well-known Hotel is NOW OPEN. Cuisine Unsurpassable. It is Centrally situated, near the Library, Superintendent's Office and the Churches, and not far from the Gymkhana.

ACME DUPLICATOR for Multiplying Copies from Manuscript, Music, &c., useful in every Office or School. Foolscap, Rs. 16. Letter, Rs. 12. Note Rs. 8, complete.—BLOOMFIELD and Co., 24, Medow Street, Bombay.

OUR WOOD CARVINGS from Jeypore, Ahmedabad, Saharanpore, Nagina, Behra and Burmah, in Easels, Screens and Small Tables are a Speciality.—S. J. TELLERY and Co., Bombay.

D'MELLO and Co., Cutlers, Surgical Instrument-makers, Electricians, Repairers of Physicians' requisites, &c., and Mathematical Instruments, Medows Street, Fort. Artificial Legs, Arms and Deformity Instruments, &c., made to suit Patients. Up-country orders carefully executed.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the machine is manufactured by the Singer Company.—THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

THE "SCANDINAVIA" Cotton-Driving Belt, all Solid Woven not in plies, cheaper, stronger, and more durable than leather. Excellent Testimonials from users in this Country. Bombay Agents.—RITCHIE, STEUART and Co., Elphinstone Circle.

£1,766,842 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1892, the Largest Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

CARRIAGES ON HIRE.—First-Class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire, by Day or Month, at the LIVERY STABLE of MR. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

THE SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY'S HIGH SCHOOLS, in Byculla and the Fort, will RE-OPEN on the 8th instant.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and at all Book-sellers and Railway Terminus.

FORMS OF POWER of ATTORNEY neatly printed. Price 4 annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SOLUTION of EXCHANGE PROBLEM, by Mr. VRILL. Price Re. 1; with postage Re. 1-1. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business, Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette, Steam Press

ORNAMENT FOR DRAWING-ROOM.—ENGLISH-MADE 8-Day Chiming Clocks, richly gilded mountings, chiming every Quarter hours on Westminster and eight bells, and striking hours on a loud Gong. CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Medows Street.

PRINTING PAPERS, manufactured specially for Indian Markets by Messrs. John Dickinson and Co., London.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12 Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay; in the Mofussil postage extra.

THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Feverish Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon-Major A. S. G. Jayakar, Civil Surgeon, Muscat, says:—"I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success. Surgeon M. E. Reporter, 19th Regiment:—"I have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious, &c., &c. C Greengrass Esq., Contractor, Tansa W. Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case, R. Crizzle, Esq in charge Tunnels, Goilkara:—"I consider it a marvel. Mrs. Temple, Bellary:—It is a sure cure for malarious fever. P. J. Daly, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drops. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co; PHILLIPS & Co; and DANTRA & Co., at Re. 1.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the Pall Mall Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage; English Subscription, Rs. 17 per year, including Postage.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's Issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co's Lion Brand Croxley Brown Label Printings.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. PRYCE WEEDON in our Firms at Bombay and Calcutta CEASED on 27th August, 1893.

Mr. GEORGE ROBERTS JOHNSTON has THIS DAY been ADMITTED a PARTNER in our Firms at Bombay and Calcutta.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.
GRINDLAY & Co.

1st January, 1894.

FOUNTAIN HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.
(CHANGE OF PROPRIETORS.)

MOST delightfully situated and unrivalled in Accommodation and general Comfort.

Suites of Rooms exposed to the refreshing and health-giving Westerly Breezes, and commanding the most picturesque aspect of the Hills and Valleys.

Particulars may be ascertained either from the MANAGER there, or from the MANAGER, Cumballa Hotel, Bombay

THE VIENNA RESTAURANT.

BREAKFASTS, tiffins, and dinners, also per Plate, will be supplied at MODERATE RATES. Also Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate, Turkish Coffee, Russian Punch are obtainable from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street. Private Arrangements can be made per month on application to the above.

C. HIRSCH.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of English and French Confectionery, Chocolate and Chocolate Creams, Cocoa, Nougat, Sugar Almonds, and Parisians, &c., &c. Also Ices, Wines and Spirits of the best quality, to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street.

C. HIRSCH.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A VICTORIA (Brush Co.'s) Dynamo, 100 Volt, 150 Amp.
COMPOUND WOUND.

The Machine is in good Running Order, and intending purchasers can see it under Trial.

Also a "BARONESS KITCHEN RANGE.

Apply at the ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

EDUCATIONAL.

COUNTRY RECTORY HOME in CHESHIRE. Lady with much Experience, and having a little Girl of 7, wishes to have CHARGE of another of about same age. Climate Mild; Garden; Pony; good Nurse and Governess; every Care. Terms by Arrangement. Apply to RECTOR, Eccleston, Cheshire.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.
Selected and Shipped by BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London
MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy" Stock.
PORTS—From Hooper Bros., Oporto.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gaztelu E. Yriarte, Cadiz.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Reims.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A Leon Aine, Bordeaux
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Lingen-am-Rhein.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co., Leiths
WHISKIES, SCO—From Ross and Cameron, Invernes.
DETAILED LIST OF PRICES & TERMS FROM
R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CROFT, MODY & CO.

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS TO HAND.

GONZALES BYASS & Co.'s
GENUINE RICH SHERRY.

Per Dozen Quarts	Rs. 36

GUICHARD-POTHERET & FILS'
GENUINE BURGUNDY, BEAUNE.

Per Dozen Quarts	Rs. 30
Per Dozen Pints	Rs. 16

BARKHAUSEN & CIE.'S
GENUINE CLARET, ST. ESTEPHE.

Per Dozen Quarts	Rs. 22
Per Dozen Pints	Rs. 12

Special Reduced Rates given to Clubs, Messes, and other Large Buyers.

APPLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BANK STREET (opposite the Bombay Bank)
OR
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
RETAIL AGENTS,
33, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED.
PROPERTIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION
No. 8, BELL LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

BLUE SERGES.
FOR BLUE SERGES,
BOTH FINE AND COARSE,
APPLY TO THE
ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore.

FIGS and RAISINS.
JUST RECEIVED, per P. & O. "GANGES'
A Small Consignment of
SMYRNA
FIGS and RAISINS (Seedless) Quality
NON PLUS ULTRA,
NEVER IMPORTED IN INDIA.
MOST SUITABLE FOR
'XMAS PRESENTS.
Packed in Neat Paper Boxes
of nearly 3 lbs each.

Figs	per	Packet	Rs. 2
Raisins Sultanie, Seedless	"	"	2-8

N.B.—The Consignment being a Small one, Gentlemen are requested to book their Orders soon to prevent disappointment.

Apply Sharp to
D. MACROPOLO,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).

ESTABLISHED AT MADRAS A.D. 1885.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, RUPEES TEN LAKHS

CAPITAL CALLED UP	Rs. 6,30,000
CAPITAL IN RESERVE	Rs. 3,70,000
ACCUMULATED RESERVES	Rs. 6,26,978

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY AND RAWAL-PINDEE.

BANKERS and AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMA CEYLON and in LONDON, EDINBURGH, DUBLIN.
FIXED DEPOSITS—12 months 5 per cent. per annum.
PRUDENTIAL FUND—Terms may be ascertained on application.
STERLING DEPOSITS—4 % p. a. on monies awaiting remittal.
CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle and CHEQUES on BOMBAY, CALCUTTA or MADRAS received at par for Deposit Accounts.
RECEIPTS issued when desired to EITHER or SURVIVOR.
FLOATING ACCOUNTS—2 % p. a. on balances over Rs. 250 and not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
PROMISSORY NOTES and BILLS discounted and CASH CREDITS & LOANS granted upon IMMOVEABLE, MOVEABLE, and PERSONAL PROPERTY possessing a Market value.
DRAFTS issued and WIRE TRANSFERS effected.
GOVERNMENT PAPER—SHARES, bought and sold.
PAY, PENSIONS, INTERESTS, DIVIDENDS collected.
FIRE and LIFE INSURANCES arranged.
SECURITIES received for SAFE-KEEPING, liability accepted.
BANKING and MONEY AGENCY of every description conducted.
Full information and Rules furnished on application.
(By order of the Board)
P. A. CHURCHWARD,
Bombay, Office : Esplanade Road. Offg. Manager

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£250,000.

HEAD OFFICE :
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 " " 3 " "
3 " " 2 " "

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 39,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.
London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE :
ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co.)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
EWEN CAMERON, Manager.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :—
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.
AMOY.
BANGKOK.
BATAVIA.
BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA.
COLOMBO.
FOOCHOW.
HAMBURG.
HANKOW.
HIOGO.
ILOILO.
LYONS.
MANILA.
NAGASAKI
NEW YORK.
PEKING.
PENANG.
RANGOON
SAIGON.
SANFRANCISCO
SINGAPORE.
TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay; and at 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D' ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

PARIS, 14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON, 52, Threadneedle St., E.C.
CAPITAL Fcs. 75,000,000 (£3,000,000).

BRANCHES :—Lyons, Marseilles, Bordeaux, Havre, Nantes, Bombay, Calcutta, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Sydney, San Francisco, Chicago, Tamatave, and Tananarive.

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Current Accounts are kept and interest allowed at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances above Rs. 5,000.

Deposit Accounts are opened for fix Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper and other Stocks cashed for Customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.

P. RENAULT,
Acting Manager.
Bombay, Rampart Row, 16

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000

HEAD OFFICE :
65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES :
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY
GALLE, PENANG, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
HONGKONG, & SHANGHAI.

THE BANK receives FIXED DEPOSITS for one year at 4½ per cent. interest, and CURRENT DEPOSITS on TERMS which may be learned on Application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

R. KENNEDY,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND	£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE :
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES :
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO,
KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY
NEWERA ELYA, MANDALAY, AND ZANZIBAR.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 Months at 4 Per Cent Per Annum.

For Shorter Periods at Rates to be learned on Application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due

CHALMERS,
Manager.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, ANNUITY.

FUNDS	£10,695,969.
REVENUE	£ 2,650,872.

NEW LIFE BUSINESS DURING 1891,
£1,936,495.

RATES LOW. CONDITIONS LIBERAL.
FIRST CLASS NATIVE LIVES
accepted on the same terms as Europeans Resident in India.
Further Concessions to Policy-Holders.
For further Particulars, apply to
EWART LATHAM & Co.,
FLEMING SHAW & Co.,
Agents.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE : ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUGHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

☞ Low Rates, Absolute Security, Unconditional Policies. Claims settled immediately on proof of death and title. No delays. ☜

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO. OF INDIA, LIMITED.

THE ENDOWMENT SYSTEM IS UNSURPASSED.
EXAMPLE OF ENDOWMENT AND OPTIONS.

A CIVILIAN, age 27, can secure an ENDOWMENT for Rs. 5,000 with PROFITS payable at death, or in fifteen years' time, when it will amount, with Bonuses, to Rs. 6,500, against which he will only have paid Rs. 5,831, and was protected from the first payment of premium to the extent of Rs. 5,000.

OPTIONS.—Instead of taking the Rs. 6,500 in Cash he may have a Pension of Rs. 415-7-4 a year for life.

Or (if in good health) obtain a PAID-UP POLICY for Rs. 11,085-12-0, with PROFITS payable at death.

Premium limited to 15 years' Payments.

Yearly Premium, Rs. 388-12; or Half-yearly, Rs. 194 6; or Quarterly Rs. 97-3.

These valuable Endowment Policies are under the SUN LIFE GUARANTEED PROPORTION SYSTEM, and no Loss can occur in the event of a Policy lapsing after 2 or 3 years.

Thus, under a Ten Payment Assurance for Rs 10,000, at the end of *two years* the Assurer would be entitled to receive a *Paid-up Policy* for Rs. 2,000, with Profits, or without, according to the original Contract.

Proposal Forms and Information readily supplied
By ALDRIDGE SALMON & CO., LD.,
Chief Agents, Bombay.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(ESTABLISHED 1862.)

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED	£2,127,500.
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 676,355.
NET INCOME FOR 1892	£ 927,584.

THE above named influential British Fire Office is open to grant INSURANCES on Mills and all other classes of Risks at LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Claims Paid during the last Ten Years
Amount to ....£3,591,798.
BOMBAY BRANCH OFFICE:—
57, ESPLANADE ROAD
(Oriental Bank Buildings).
W. R. RAE,
Resident Secretary.

AGENTS WANTED, in Up-country Stations. Liberal Terms of Commission.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows :—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY.—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 55
Half-yearly	" 25	Half-yearly	" 30
Quarterly	" 13	Quarterly	" 15
Monthly	" 5	Monthly	" 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	" 29	Half-yearly	" 32
Quarterly	" 16	Quarterly	" 18
Monthly	" 6	Monthly	" 6-8

These Up-Country Rates include Postage Rates.

SINGLE COPY ....As. 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies, according to lapse of time, between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS :—

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5
Second do.	" 2-8
Third do.	" -8

Fourth and succeeding insertions ......As. 2 per line but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	As. 8	per line.
Second do.	" 4½	"
Third do.	" 2½	"

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time, special contracts may be made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES : EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servants required Houses or Lodgings, to the change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line	" 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one *Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

IN BOMBAY.		UP-COUNTRY.	
Per Annum	Rs 12	Per Annum	Rs. 15
Half-Yearly	" 6	Half-yearly	" 7-8
Quarterly	" 3	Quarterly	" 3-12

CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to "The Proprietor" of the *Bombay Gazette*.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
PRESIDENCY BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	30,000	Rs. 500	Rs. all	Rs. 10 pr. ct.	Rs. 1,175
Bank of Bengal	60,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,070
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	[illegible]
Commercial & Ld. Mge.	5,000 2,000 3,000	100 100 100	100 50 10	10 p. c.	155 to 160 65 to 70 15 to 17
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	70nl
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	[illegible]
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	210

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
Ahmedabad	2000	1,000	1,000	90	1,40
Alliance	1,500	[illegible]	all	Rs. 15	480xd
Anglo-Indian	1,315		100	Nil	52
Bellary S & W Co., Ld. (Bellary)	871		all	9 per ct.	[illegible]
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	625
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	330
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	...	740
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	240
Central India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 30	1,085
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	[illegible]
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	..	800
Connaught Mills	800	500	500	10 pr. ct	618
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700		Rs. 10	585
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	[illegible]	Rs. 40	410
[illegible] Mills Co., Ld.	25,608	100	100	50	440
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 15	385
[illegible] Mills	11,000	1,000	1,000	50	325
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	500
Framjee Petit	1,280	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	385
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. [illegible]	680
Hingunghat Mill	700	800	500	[illegible]	660
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	Rs. 1	540
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,155xd
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500		310
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,140
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	585
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	—	250		150
Jewraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	25	810
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	635xd
Khandeish	750	1,500	1,000	[illegible]	640
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	725
Khatao Makunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	535
Leopold	2,500	100	100	15 per ct.	160
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	625
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	820
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	2,475
Mahaluxmee	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	[illegible]
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	800	800	15 pr. ct	1,470
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,550
Mazagon	5,000	[illegible]	250	6	125
Morarji Gocul-das	2,000	1,000	1,000	65	1,875
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	100		
Madura Mills	7,770	100	100	Nil.	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	13[illegible]
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	425
Oriental	6,725	625	625	Rs. 15	370
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,215
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	470

[illegible]

PRESS COMPANIES.

[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible]

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

[illegible]

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
The Stanley Opera Company, Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-15 p.m.

VESSELS SAILED.—Thef ollowing vessels sailed yesterday:—Landaura (s), for Cochin; Tal Yick (s), Bangkok, &c.; Camorta (s), Calcutta, &c.; Clan Cameron (s), Hamburg; and Warora (s), Galle.

POLO.—There will be no game to-day.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Thisbe entered the dock on Wednesday, and the s. s. Landaura and Barque John Daisie left it yesterday.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—There will be a gospel service to-night, at 8-30, at the Apollo Bunder Rooms. Lord Radstock will speak.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi and Sind direct, per extra s.s. Pemba, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 p.m., to-morrow, the 6th instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Singapore, and Hongkong, per extra s. s. Lindisfarne, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 p.m., to-day, the 5th instant.

THE J. J. HOSPITAL.—The Senior Medical Officer, J. J. Hospital, begs to acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of Rs. 50, from Dr. Jan Mahomed, as a donation towards the hospital poor-box.

STREET ACCIDENT.—Ruckmi, a woman, aged twenty-five years, residing at Khetwady, while going along Gilder Street, on Wednesday evening, was accidentally knocked down by a cart bullock,and sustained a simple fracture of the left shoulder blade. She was treated at the J. J. Hospital, and sent home.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.—The following candidates were yesterday declared to have passed the Matriculation Examination, in addition to those whose names have already been given:—Bhargav Balkrishna Joshi, Percy Foster McCann, Shankar Vaman Adkar, Hiralal Maneklal Parakh, and Frederick Selwyn. No decision has yet been announced as to the award of other scholarships and prizes in connection with the examination.

THE INDIAN TEXTILE DIARY.—By error the other day in noticing the admirable and useful diary issued by Mr. Gribbin we gave the credit to the proprietors of the *Indian Textile Journal*. The diary which appeared this week is the fifth annual number, and is replete with information of a kind likely to be appreciated by all engaged in textile industries.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.—At 3 p.m., on Wednesday last, while Mr. Hurkisondas Narotumdas was being driven in his brougham, along Forjett Street, the horse became unmanageable and bolted along the street. When the carriage had gone about four hundred yards the coachman fell off the box and was severely injured, but continued holding the reins, and finally brought the horse to a stand-still. Mr. Hurkisondas escaped unhurt.

FALL OFF A WINDOW—At 2 o'clock, on Wednesday afternoon, Chapabai, a Hindu married woman, aged thirteen years, residing on the second floor of a house, at Karrak Street, was throwing some rubbish from a window into a sweeper's gulley, when she accidentally overbalanced herself and fell into the gully, a distance of about twenty feet, sustaining a fracture of the left arm and injuries to her head and face. She was conveyed to the Gooculdas Tejpal Hospital and treated.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Col. F. Ryley and Officers, the Band of the 1st Loyal North Lancashire Regiment will perform the following programme,at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 5-45 o'clock:—

Overture	Im Italienischen Style	Schubert.
Song—Euphonium		
Solo	Adieu Marie	Adams.
Valse	Grass au Hannover	Habitzky.
Mazurka	La Jolie Patineuse	Van Maanen
Selection	The Gondoliers	Sullivan.
Polka	The Students	Coote.

DEATH FROM TETANUS.—Mr. P. Byrne, the Deputy Coroner, held an inquest, yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, touching the death of Sonoo Rama, a shoemaker, and a resident of Callian, aged forty years. For the last ten years the deceased had been suffering from epileptic fits. On the 23rd ultimo, he went to a wedding at a village, named Karoli, where, while sitting near a fire-place to warm himself, he was suddenly seized with epilepsy and fell into the fire, severely burning his body. On the 28th ultimo, he was brought to Bombay, and taken to the J. J. Hospital, where he was subsequently attacked with tetanus, which continued with severity until his death, which took place at 10 p.m., on Wednesday. A verdict in accordance with the facts was recorded.

A PARSEE PHYSICIAN AT ZANZIBAR.—Dr. Pestonjee Bhicajee Nariman, brother of the well-known Dr. Temuljee Bhicajee Nariman of this city, has been fortunate enough for a period of over six years to win the good graces of successive Sultans of Zanzibar, to whom he has been the physician. The late Sultan was so pleased with Dr. Pestonjee's skill and knowledge as his physician, that he conferred upon him the rare honour of a second-class medal of the high order of the Kekobal-dari, *i.e.*, "the Brilliant Star of Zanzibar." We now learn that the present Sultan has been more favourably impressed with Dr. Pestonjee's skill and continued success as the State physician, and has been lately pleased to confer upon him a higher honour, namely, a medal of the First Class of the "Brilliant Star of Zanzibar."

CHARGE OF POSSESSING PERSIAN OPIUM.—At the instance of Mr. Rustom, Chief Inspector, Opium Department, one Mirza Abbas, a Mogul merchant, residing at Baboola Tank Road, was placed before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, on a charge of possessing half-a-tola of Persian opium, the importation of which is entirely prohibited. On a certain information received Mr. Rustom, in company with Constable Merchant, of the Bombay Police, proceeded to the accused's house, at 8 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, and on searching his room found half-a-tola of Persian opium. The accused denied the offence and said that the opium did not belong to him, but he had no witnesses to call in support of his statement. The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 5.

THE FATAL FIGHT ON BOARD THE SHANNON.—Before Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Superintendent Jones, of the Water Police, charged Ramil Jao Antonia, pantryman on board the s. s. Shannon, with culpable homicide not amounting to murder, in that he caused bodily injury to Noormahomed Huson Ali, a lamp trimmer on board the same vessel. At two o'clock, on the morning of the 30th November last, when the steamer was at high seas on her way from Aden to Bombay the accused and deceased were seen fighting with each other. In the struggle deceased struck his head against some hard substance and subsequently died of concussion of the brain, consequent upon the injury received during the tussle. As he expired when the ship was only within few hours journey from port, the body was brought down to Bombay, and a coroner's inquest was held. At the coroner's inquiry, a report of which appeared in these columns at the time, the jury returned a verdict to the effect that death of the man was caused by the injury to his head, but the circumstances under which the injury was received could not be ascertained. The police having come into possession of the real facts of the case now charged the accused with homicide. Mr. F. A. Little, Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Pirie, barrister-at-law, defended the accused. Some evidence having been recorded the case was adjourned.

THE LATE SECOND JUDGE OF THE SMALL CAUSES COURT.—At the Small Causes Court yesterday, Khan Bahadur Mahomed Hoosein Hakim, the Fifth Judge, in referring to the sad death of the late Mr. Ganpatrao Bhasker, the Second Judge of the Small Causes Court, said: Yesterday being my off-day, I could not come in Court and join in the expressions of sorrow, which gave vent to the feelings of the learned Chief Judge and other Judges, about the sad death of Judge Ganpatrao, whom I have known for many years. He was no doubt an able Judge and a faithful servant to Government. By his untimely death the Bench has missed in him an able colleague. We all have to die sooner or later, but the good and the bad deeds which we do here will for ever remain behind us. His experience and attainments were very high and to lose him from amongst us was a calamity not only to his friends and his family, but to the public generally. I fully sympathise with his widow and large family in their sad bereavement.—Mr. Sorabji Bejonji Vakil, on behalf of the bar, said:—It was indeed with feelings of very great regret that we heard of the death of Judge Ganpatrao, who was, as is very properly said by your Honour, an able Judge of this Court. He was undoubtedly very [illegible] in the discharge of his duties, and was also one of the most painstaking Judges of this Court. The deceased gentleman, while on the Bench, [illegible] patient hearing to suitors and [illegible] their [illegible] and was a man of cool and [illegible] disposition, [illegible] always treated the members of the profession [illegible] consideration and was ever courteous. It w[illegible] matter of considerable regret that Judge Ganpatrao should have died at a time when he had well nigh earned a well-deserved pension and retirement. It is all the more a lamentable circumstance that death has taken him away from us without his being allowed to enjoy the fruits of his labour. I fully echo the sentiments expressed by your Honour, that in his death the Bench has lost an able colleague, and the bar a sympathetic friend.

NEW EAST INDIA PRESS COMPANY.

THE ninth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held at the registered office of the Company, Tamarind Lane, Fort, yesterday afternoon, Mr. Vandrawandas Purshotumdas presiding.

On the motion of the chairman the directors' report was adopted. It was as follows:—With the annexed balance sheet and profit and loss account for the year under report the directors now beg to lay before the shareholders their nineteenth annual report of the werking of the several Presses and the Ginning foctory of the Company. at different stations. The Shareholders will observe from the said accounts that the profit, as made by the Company during the year amounts to Rs. 18,576-1-2 including Rs. 654-8-2 brought forward from the last year's account. This great falling off in the profits when compared. with that of the last year, the Directors attribute mainly to the shortness of the cotton crop in the districts where the Company's Presses are situate, and particularly to the absence of the combination arrangement between rival Press Factories at Jalgaon, Karanja and Murtizapore repectively, where lhe Company had in consequence, to maintain a low pressing rate and where the Company derives major portion of their pressing work. They have, however, entered into combination agreements this year with the said rival Press Factories at Jalgaon, Karanja, and Murtizapore respectively and have likewise made similar arrangements with a rival Ginning Factory at Murtuzapore and they now trust that by virtue of such arrangements the Company would be able to show a better profit in the year to come. The directors now therefore purpose to divide the above profit as under:—To pay a dividend at Rs. 50 per share absorbing Rs. 17,400: balance to next year's account 1,176, 1-2: Total Rs. 18,576-1-2 Messrs. Gooculdass Narranji and Gordhandas Cursondass retire by rotation but are eligible for re-eletion. The shareholders have to apoint auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

A dividend at Rs. 75 per share was declared. Messrs. Gooculdas Narayenji, and Gorhandass Cursondas were re-elected directors, and Messrs. Framji Temulji and Tribhovandas Venidas were appointed auditors for the ensuing year.

The usual compliment to the chair terminated the proceedings.

BOMBAY RIFLE CLUB.

THE 19th and 20th Silver Spoon Competitions counting for the Coorla season aggregate prizes, took, place on Thursday morning, the 4th instant. Distances 800 and 600 yards.

The shooting at 600 yards was excellent and well up to the average. But at 800 yards there was a considerable falling off, owing probably to the very difficult light which is generally found at Coorla about this time of the year.

There will be two Extra Spoon Competitions at 500 and 600 yards on Saturday morning next, the 6th instant. Also two competitions counting for the aggregate on Saturday afternoon, at 3-30 p.m. Distances 700 and 500 yards.

The following are the scores:—

19TH COMPETITION.

	Score. 800 yards.
Sergt Major J H Downing, Bo Vol Rifles	31a
Vol N W Cosserat, Bo Vol Rifles	30b
Vol G V Evans, Bo Vol Rifles	28c
Corpl G F Lund, Bo Vol Rifles	27d
Sergt T H Abraham, S M R Vol	27d
Cr Sergt H Black, Bo Vol Rifles	26d
Ar Sergt W Boylett, Bo Vol Rifles	24
Corpl P J Boylett, Bo Vol Rifles	24
Lce Corpl J Harbottle, Royal Lancaster Regt	24
Sergt Instr J Thompson, Bo Vol Rifles	23
Vol E Baird, Bo Vol Rifles	23
Gunnry Instr J Bedford, Royal Navy	21
Lieut F W English, Bo Vol Rifles	21
Vol H Row, Bo Vol Rifles	12
Vol M T Mullen, Bo Vol Rifles	retired

(a) Handicapped 12 points; (b) Handicapped 6 points, Winner of 2nd Spoon; (c) winner of 1st spoon; and (d) Handicapped 9 points.

20TH COMPETITION.

	Score. 600 yards.
Lieut F W English, Bo Vol Rifles	35a
Ar Sergt W Boylett, Bo Vol Rifles	33b
Sergt Major J H Downing, Bo Vol Rifles	32c
Gunnery Instr J Bedford, Royal Navy	32c
Sergt Instr J Thompson, Bo Vol Rifles	31d
Corpl G F Lund, Bo Vol Rifles	29a
Cr Sergt H Black, Bo Vol Rifles	25
Corpl P J Boylette, Bo Vol Rifles	24
Vol E Baird, Bo Vol Rifles	24
Lce Corpl J Harbottle, Royal Lancaster Regt	23
Vol G V Evans, Bo Vol Rifles	21
Vol M T Mullen, Bo Vol Rifles	20
Sergt T H Abraham, S M R Vols	20
Vol H Row, Bo Vol Rifles	17
Vol N W Cosserat, Bo Vol Rifles	6

(a) Handicapped 9 points; (b) Handicapped 6 points, Winner of 2nd Spoon; (c) Handicapped 12 points; and (d) Handicapped 3 points, winner of 1st Spoon.

A silver watch was put up to be shot for at 600 and 800 yards. There were eight entries. The following are the scores:—

	600 yds.	800 yds.	Total.
Serjt Major J H Downing, Bo Vol Rifles	32	31	63*
Lieut F W English, Bo Vol Rifles	35	21	56
Gunnery Instr J Bedford, Royal Navy	32	21	53
Cr Sergt H Black, Bo Vol Rifles	25	26	51
Sergt T H Abraham, S M Ry Vols	20	27	47
Lce Corpl J Harbottle, Royal Lancaster Regt.	23	24	47
Vol Row, Bo Vol Rifles	17	12	29
Vol Mullen, Bo Vol Rifles	20	Retd	20

* Winner of watch.

UNDELIVERED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of undelivered letters lying at the General Post Office, Bombay:—

Abbott, E R
Allen, C H
Apthorp, Col
Ashley, Miss Maude
Briendly, Mrs T B
Bacon, Miss
Black, Mrs
Broacha, Mr A
Burn, Miss
Burn, Miss Hilda
Barker, D
Brown, Mrs G J
Brandenburg, A E
Browne, L F, Miss
Clay, Robert
Cheron, T
Chaffey, Miss, care of Viscount Parker
Challenger, Master H L
Cosserat, A W
Collen, Major-Genl Sir Edwin
Carler, Private
Clark, C I
Cooper, A D, Dr
Dunning, Arthur
Desbordes, Joseph
DSouza, B J
Downing, Capt J
Diamonti, O
Downie, Capt James
Drage, R P
Davidson, Messrs, & Co
E-evyr, B
England, Capt A P
Elmore, J S
Ellis, Wood W F
Framji Byramji
Fraser, Col A S
Fairfox, C B
Hart, F, Major
Hall, SurgeonCapt J E
Haleikosh, Capt
Hogg, Miss M
Hallen, Vety Col J H B
Hoplin, Mrs C
Isaac, Miss
Jacob, Miss A
Joplin, Mrs A
Jehangir Cowasji
James, W J
Kupelwieser, L
Muller, F H M
McArthur, J H S
Macduff, A
Morris, Mrs
Macpherson, Major T R M
Marsden, H W
Michel, C
Michal Mina, Miss
McLaughlin, T B
Newson, C M
Nash, Mrs A F
Nostitylc, Count Movsen
OHearn, P
Owen, C
Oppenheimer, Dr H S
Otto, J E
Orr, Miss E
Penton, T
Paterson, H R
Pritchard, F
Pien, J
Perceval, K J
Piera, de Bayneux
Puch, W H
Phillips, T D
Peil, J, Mrs
Roper, E W
Roper, Mrs E A
Reevely, Mr P
Ramdorh, R
Rubbrecht, M
Rosenberg, Mr M
Storr, C L
Spencer, A, Mrs
Sfaello, P G
Stuart, Mrs M
Sattler, C
Simpson, J
Spanion, Mrs A
Sharpe, F S
Schillerman, Mrs E
Sakoilskee, Mr A
Swan, R L
Symes, Mrs G
Smith, A
Snelling, T
Seroff, D S, Dr
Thomas, E A Simon
Terkeltanba, Joseph
Thornton, John
Tomasa, Madame Alga
Thornton, Lt
Terry, Alex R
Vibart, J H
Vibart, H
Woodward, H
Whitehead, A
Weir, T (I C S)
White, Chas, Mr
Wilson, A C
Wordroper, Col
Warwick & Co
Wingartin, Miss
Winkler, C J (Madras Marine Deptt)
Wachtmeister, Countess

DIVINE SERVICES.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Friday, January 5.
(Eve of Epiphany.)
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 79, 76 and 80.
Saturday, January 6.
(The Epiphany of our Lord.)
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Hymns 77, 80 and 79.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

(Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.)
Saturday, January 6.
(The Epipany.)
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

THE great army of windbags who are wont to air their little knowledge of India whenever they can contrive a hearing at home, writes the *Pioneer*, has found its latest exponent in Mr. A. K. Connell, who is even rather more hopelessly at sea about financial matters than the bulk of his colleagues in the bag way. The East India Association, with whom apparently everything is fish that falls into their nets, gave Mr. Connell his opening, but Mr. Leonard Courtney, who was to have taken the chair, was prevented appearing. Sir Richard Meade, who eventually filled it, may perhaps be taken as of less importance on such an occasion than the "indisposition" which [illegible] Mr. Courtney away. Mr. Cotterell Tupp has his uses on an emergency, and we are glad to see that he assisted materially in giving the learned lecturer a somewhat bad quarter of an hour.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE NEW YEAR'S HONOURS LIST.

Says the *Indu Parakash*: The New Year's Honours List will be disappointing to people on this side who attach any value to these Honours. The Ameer of Afghanistan is rewarded with a K. G. C. B. for his kindly accepting an addition of six lacs to his subsidy. Sir Mortimer Durand who brought about this glorious result is decorated with a K. C. S. I. Mr. Baines the census Commissioner is to be satisfied with a C. S. I. Mr. Pyne the Chief Engineer to the Ameer is also made a C. S. I. for what meritorious services we do not know. Perhaps he may be relied on for putting in a good word in favour of the Government of India in times of difficulties with the Ameer. Mr. Mackay is rewarded with a K. C. I. E. for his invaluable services in the currency question. Mr. Pherozsha Metha's C. I. E. is a crumb thrown to the Congress party. Mr. Vincent our energetic Police Commissioner is made a C. I. E. for his services during the recent riots. But where is Mr. Acworth? Government has acted wickedly in ignoring him.

THE TRAFFIC IN HEMP DRUGS AND OPIUM.

The *Rast Goftar* observes: People who abhor the traffic in hemp drugs as "a state licensing of vice," would have the Government do nothing whatever with the regulation and restriction of this trade. If their primary object is to keep the people from the use of these stimulants, nothing could defeat it more effectually than the withdrawal of Government. The abolition of the licensed opium shops has been followed by the opening of unlicensed opium clubs, and if a similar measure were taken with regard to the bhang and ganja shops, it does not require a prophet to tell us that it will be followed by a similar result. Mr. J. M. Campbell, Collector of Customs, thinks it is a good thing to have some licensed shops where the drugs are consumed on the premises, as it keeps the consumers under notice. "The shops are bound to close at a certain hour and the consumers to behave in an orderly manner. This tends to regulate the practice and control the habits of the consumers." The public will be startled to hear, on the authority of Mr. Campbell, that the closing of 14 opium shops in Bombay has brought into existence about 150 opium clubs. So the nuisance is increased and aggravated more than tenfold. Let the traffic in bhang and ganja be placed under further restrictions; let the consumption of these stimulants be watched with greater care than before. The maximum of possession, for instance, which is 40 *tolas* at present, may be very greatly reduced. But let nothing more than is required by public policy and public morality be done. It would be a folly and a weakness to do any thing simply in deference to the wishes of people who can obtrude themselves on the notice of Government by becoming sufficiently noisy.

THE GUJARAT COLLEGE.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* says: We understand that the Government of Bombay have accorded their consent to the building scheme proposed by the Committee of the Gujarat College which will involve a heavy expenditure. We further understand that the Committee will at once proceed to construct the new building. Before however the Committee enters upon a heavy outlay, we would ask the learned and legal and other gentlemen composing it, whether they are assured that this outlay will bear substantial fruit, whether they are sure the Gujarat College will survive many years. From all reports that we hear, the College is entirely undermanned and underfed; its professors are badly paid, and very few of them are strong enough to answer the high requirements of a full-fleged College. We may be mistaken in our information and the professors may be as strong as possible, but the facts are against the College continuing to live long. Somehow the pupils are falling off, and the professors do not seem to work with a whole heart. If these gentlemen were secure of their berths, if they considered themselves well paid, the Gujarat College would show as much usefulness and strength as in the days of Mr. Jamsetji A. Dalal, when he was principal. We have been informed on what seems to be good authority that since his resignation a blight has fallen over the Institution, from which it has not yet recovered, nor will. We hope such is not the case, and that the Gujarat College gives as good results as can be expected. Under these circumstances we would request the committe to look more after the Professors than the buildings.

DR. BAHADHURJI AND THE INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

The *Subodha Patrika* writes: Dr. Bahadurji has done a service to the cause of Medical science and education in India by recording his memorandum on the "Reconstitution of the Civil Service of India." The immense preponderance of members of the Indian Medical Service in permanent civil employ over those in the Military Department is not only very striking but is also shown to be against principles of army discipline and efficiency approved by the Secretary of State for war. That this system has proved very injurious to progress of medical education by its subordination to the interests of the service, and unjust to the capable children of the soil by excluding them from deserved rewards and fields for further distinguishing themselves has been more than been made clear; but Dr. Bahadurji has called to his asssistance the utterances and writings of such eminent old officers as Sir W. G. Hunter, Sir George Birdwood and Dr. Morehead whose opinions are entitled to the highest respect. And even Dr. Gray comes to Dr. Bahadurji's aid. The amount of possible saving that would accrue from the abolition of the monopoly of the military is put down at such a high figures (*viz.* between 12 and 20 lakhs of rupees) that it ought by itself to be a sufficient justification for the reconstitution of the Civil Medical Service on the lines indicated in the memorandum.

DISCONTINUANCE OF ENGLISH COLUMNS.

Says the *Rast Goftar*: We are sorry to have to announce to our readers that we have decided, for the present, to discontinue our English columns from our next issue. This announcement may cause some surprise, as there has been no deterioration in the quality of our English articles to give any indication that they would likely come to a natural end. We deem it necessary therefore to refer here to one or two of the principal reasons which have led to this step. We were chiefly induced six years ago to devote a portion of this journal to English articles, as it was desirable to bring directly before English readers the views of the Gujarati public on matters of general interest; and at that time there existed no adequate agency to do this. The new departure was to make a large addition to the cost of management of this paper, but we hoped we would be justified by the result. This hope has been fully realized.

MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI, M. P., AT LAHORE.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* states: We heartily congratulate Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, M.P., on his excellent, vivacious and triumphant speech in Lahore, delivered from his place as President of the ninth Indian National Congress. Mr. Dadabhai is usually happy in his sentiments, though not always in his words. But on this occasion, he seems to have acquired a mastery both over thought and language such as can come only through intense conviction, and enjoyment of the bliss of a life-dream realized. A note of triumph seems to resound through the length of his brilliant speech, a triumph obtained after a life of singular endurance, perseverance and persistence. There is nothing in the speech which is new to us from him. Similar thoughts and words have come from him on many and varied occasions. But on those occasions he was greatly weighted down with a feeling of sad despair. Now, happily the magic of a victory won has converted the whole man, and you see through the elaborate address one long sustained channel of a victorious prophet who hath entered upon the promised land. This fact renovates Mr. Dadabhai's old ideas and words and gives them a strength, a vigour, and a freshness of their own. We once more tender our heartfelt felicitations to the Honourable M. P.

The *Rast Goftar* writes: Those who love to wantonly deride the great patriot M.P. for India and lay the charge of disloyalty at his door would do well to read and inwardly digest his masterly speech made at the Lahore Congress, which is just over. Be it remembered that Mr. Dadabhai's political opinions are highly radical, he is a Congresswala to the very core and therefore *bete noire* of the Anglo-Indians, and yet his speech throughout breathes genuine loyalty to the British throne. He has by this great political manifesto of his almost justified the existence of the Congress, he has in fact added a new leaf, which did not exist before, to its laurels, and after the veteran patriot's vindication of the movement one may think that whatever be said against the Congress, at least it can with justice be acquitted of the charge, that it is a disloyal movement trying to sap the estability of British rule in India. Taken as a whole, Mr. Dadabhai's speech is very comprehensive, bringing in one focus almost all the burning political questions of the day. Seldom from the Congress platform was such a masterly speech delivered, a speech which is entirely free from the platitude of stump oratory, a speech whose characteristic temperateness is sure to recommend it even to men of opposite views. Mr. Dadabhai has individually done much to make the people of India as one nation. He has always stood between the ruler and the ruled as a correct interpreter to each of other's views and has discharged his self-imposed duty so very conscientiously that instances are not wanting where his very enemies who came to scoff him remained to praise him. At this day India wants half a dozen Dadabhai's. They can do more to ensure the stability of Brish rule in India than an army of administrators of the stamp of Sir George Chesney. It is difficult to say which is more to be admired in Mr. Dadabhai, the politician or the man.

The *Gujerati* states: The Lahore Congress, contrary to the confident prophesies made at the beginning of this year by the Congress prophets, has proved almost an unprecedented success. Mr. Dadabhai's presence attracted more than eight hundred delegates even to such a remote corner of India as the Punjab and the proceedings were marked by an enthusiasm and earnestness which clearly show that the Congress is not a decaying but growing institution. Mr. Dadabhai's reception at Lahore surpassed the ovations that he received in this presidency. This shows that even the warlike heart of the Punjab is throbbing in unison with the heart of the rest of India. Mr. Dadabhai's speech which shows distinct traces of having been written out piece-meal amidst the variety of engagements he has had on hand is an able and exhaustive survey of the entire political field yet travelled over by the Congress. Apparel oft proclaims the man and speech not seldom performs a like function. Mr. Dadabhai's address strongly savours of the mental and moral characteristics of the speaker and though altogether free from rhetorical flourishes and innocent of stately periods, it is an extremely thoughtful deliverance which deserves to be widely and carefully read and conned over. In it, while he candidly acknowledges the blessings of British rule, he justifies the existence of the Congress and ably elaborates the views for which he has for years contended. Mr. Dadabhai has supported them with corroborative extracts from Blue-books of which he is a deligent student and discussed some of the most important questions in a spirit which some of his critics may well emulate with advantage.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 29.
Triton, Capt, Bo, 5th L I, off leave.
DECEMBER 30.
Manser, Surgn-Major, Bo, I M S, from leave, from England
JANUARY 1.
Maxwell, Capt, Bengal, 2nd Manchester, off leave, from England.
Hayden, Lieut, 5th Bo L I, on duty, from Deesa.
DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 31.
Jackson, Major, Bo, 1st N Lanc Regt, on duty, to Mhow.
JANUYRY 3.
Scott, Major, Bengal, East Lanc Regt, off leave, to Lucknow,
JANUARY 4.
Wilkins, Lt, Bo, 14th Infty, off leave, to Deesa.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY, A.D.C., COMMANDING B. V. R.
Bombay, 5th January, 1894.

1. There will be no parade on Saturday afternoon next, the 6th instant.
2. The Ranges at Coorla will be available for class-firing on Saturday afternoon next, the 6th instant.
3. As the new Khaki uniforms have been almost entirely issued, and the Serge (scarlet and blue) can no longer be required for parades, all adult Volunteers are hereby requested to return at once into store to the Regimental Tailor at Head-Quarters, all Serge clothing,for which he will grant a receipt.
4. Volunteers are warned not to part with any of the uniforms or badges that have been issued to them as such being the property of the Corps will have to be accounted for.
5. The few Volunteers still remaining unsupplied with Khaki uniforms are requested to apply to the Tailor to be fitted.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major,
and Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 5th January, 1894.

1. The following drills will take place to-day:—

Fort Heads-Quarters.

8-30 p.m.—10-inch R M L gun drill, Nos. 2 and 4 Sub-divisions.

Nesbit Road Head-Quarters.

8-30 p.m.—10-inch and 40-pr R M L gun drill, Nos. 2 and 3 Sub-divisions.

2 Parade for to-morrow, the 6th instant.—No. 1 Company will fall in at the Prince of Wales' Statue at 4 p.m., and proceed to Colaba North Fort for 6-inch B L Gun drill. No. 2 Company will fall in at Treacher's Buildings, Fort, at 4 p.m., and proceed to Colaba North Fort, to continue the annual gun target practice. Dress for both Companies:—Drill order without arms. Putties to be worn. Those who have not yet received putties should apply to their respective Head-Quarters forthem, without delay. Members are particularly requested to turn out for this parade.

By Order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, January 4.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned Warrant officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing, the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—Condr E Newby, Ordnance Dept, for one year.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from date of being struck of duty—Lieut W A M Bruce, S C Depy Assist Commissary General, Commissariat Transport Dept in India, for one year.

The following promotions in the Native Army are made:—No. 6 (Bombay) Native Mountain Battery.—Jamadar Amirbaz Khan to be Subadar vice Jowand Singh Bahadur, pensioned; and Havaldar Surmuck Singh to be Jamadar vice Amirbaz Khan, promoted.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave Rules for Staff Corps:—Capt M E Carthew-Yorstoun, S C Second-in-Comd, 4th Bo Cavy, for one year.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev F N Hill, M A, Bombay Ecclesiastical Estabt, has been granted by the Secy of State for India a further extension of leave on medical certificate for three months.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J W A Weir, I C S, Assist Collr, Ahmedabad, on being relieved by Mr G S Curtis, I C S, to do duty as an additional Assist Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.

The Governor in Council is pleased to invest Rao Bahadur Narayan Krishna Pendse, Dist Depy Collr and Magte of the first Class in the district of Satara, with additional power, specified.

Mr G S Curtis, I C S, Assist Collr in the district of Ahmedabad, is appointed a Magte of the first class in that district.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr H J H Henderson, on relief by Major T R M Macpherson, to do duty as Dist Supt of Police in the Broach Dist pending further orders; and Mr. R P. Lambert on being relieved by Mr. Henderson, to do duty as Assist Supt of Police in the Ahmedabad Dist, relieving Mr. R M Phillips.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr Rupchand Devanmal is confirmed in his appointment of Sub-Registrar of Jacobabad in the Upper Sind Frontier District.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Rao Bahadur Navalrai Shokiram, deceased:—Khan Bahadur Kadirdad Khan Gul Khan, C I E, to be second grade Depy Collr; Mr H F Brayson to be third grade Depy Collr; Rao Bahadur Sahijram Chandumal to be fourth grade Depy Collr; Mr W R Hoonahan to be fifth grade Depy Collr; and Mr Charles Southey Marston to be sixth grade Depy Collr.

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindhia-Neemuch, Rewari-Ferozepore and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.)

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 16th December, 1893, on 1,674·02 Miles open.

—	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,20,000	3,85,000	4,000	5,09,000
Or per mile of Railway	72	230	2	304
For previous 23 weeks of half-year.	29,81,237	48,01,709	1,15,422	78,98,368
Total for 24 weeks..	31,01,237	51,86,709	1,19,422	84,07,368
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	94,721	3,04,840	4,916	4,01,477
Per mile of Ry do.	57	182	3	242
Total to corresponding date do.	26,52,576	54,57,450	3,39,134	84,49,160

Increase for the week .... Rs. 1,04,523
Decrease to date .... „ 41,792

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

(Open 1,496 Miles.)

The following is the statement of traffic for the 8 days ending 31st December, 1893:—

	Coaching Traffic. Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic. Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings
Total..	Rs. 2,03,114	Rs. 6,46,361	Rs. 8,004	Rs. 8,57,77
Corresponding week last year. Open 1,490 Miles..	..	—	..	10,65,032

Decrease .... Rs. 2,07,253

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a Chemist and get a Bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per Bottle.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's s s Warora, 253 tons, Captain G Johnstone, sailed yesterday for Galle in ballast.

THE s s Clan Cameron, 1,585 tons, Captain W Barr, sailed yesterday for Hamburg, with a general cargo.

THE s s Agapanthus, 2,866 tons, Captain R I C Tod, cleared yesterday for Hull, with a general cargo and seven deck passengers for Suez.

THE B I S N Co's s s Camorta, 1,355 tons, Captain T W Lewins, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, &c, with a general cargo and three deck passengers.

THE s s Tai Yick, 902 tons, Captain N H Emke, sailed yesterday for Singapore, Penang and Bangkok, with a general cargo, and ten deck passengers.

THE s s Skidby, 2,421 tons, Captain J Strachan, arrived in harbour on the 3rd instant, from Aden, (27th December) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs James Mackintosk and Co.

THE B I S N Co's s s Huzara, 1,336 tons, Captain M D Blott, cleared yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr W A Home, Mr A M Slight and twenty deck.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—JANUARY 4.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
A	Lindisfarne	1944	Andrew	China	6-1	Tata & Co
B	Clan Ranald	1339	Young	Dunkirk		F Muir & Co
C	Hoseinee	993	Hughes	Persian Gulf		B & P S N Co
C	Naseri	850	Raffin	Red Sea		B & P S N Co
H	Skidby	2421	Strachan	Hamburgh		J Mackintosh
K	Venus	133	Florentine	Not fixed		V Ebrahim
O	LaSeyne	1200	Blanc	Aden, &c.	11-1	A Simeon
Q	Agapanthus	2866	Tod	Hull	5-1	K Nixon & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
Satrunji	547	F Ahmed	C. Mandvie	4-1	Shepherd & Co
Ponani	512	G Ahmed	Manglore	5-1	do.

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
2	Arabia	2314	Hillcoat	Liverpool	13-1	Graham & Co
3	R Rubatino	3014	Merello	Genoa	11-1-94	C Barbero
4	Giava	1238	Susini	Genoa, &c.	11-1	C Barbero
6	Kt. Companion	2543	Durant	Antwerp	4-1	K Nixon & Co
7	Warora	2554	Johnstone	Mauritius	5-1	M Mackenzie
8	Vindobana	2668	Mersa	Trieste	9-1	A L S N Co
9	Ormidale	2304	Butler	Not fixed		W & A Graham
10	Wistow Hall	2139	Barclay	Marseilles	9-1	E Bates & Co
13	C. Cameron	1586	Barr	Hamburgh	4-1	F Muir & Co

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
4	Landaura (s)	Magenis	Cochin.
	Tai Yick (s)	Emke	Bangkok, &c.
	Camorta (s)	Lewins	Calcutta, &c.
	Clan Cameron (s)	Barr	Hamburg.
	Warora (s)	Johnstone	Galle.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Agapanthus, Barr, for Hamburg.
„ Huzara, Blott, for Calcutta, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Shannon, for Aden.
„ Skidby, for Hamburg.
„ Iran, for Liverpool.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 4.

FROM GLASGOW.

Hispania s—400 cases whisky, Finlay, Muir and Co; 100 cases ale, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Lycia s—150 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cawasjee; 100 hogsheads ale, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Scindia s—10 cases whisky, V A Kirkbride and Co.
Clan Ranald s—45 cases whisky, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Persia s—30 cases whisky, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Aston Hall s—16 cases brany, J A Kirkbride and Co.
Lycia s—48 cases stout, Phillps and Co; 100 cases school slates, E Dawoodbhoy; 21 cases soap, Shaik Adum; 239 cases candles, H H Ahmed; 30 cases school slates, S Rahimbhoy.
Hispania s—60 cases candles, M Samsoodin; 125 cases school slates, K Ebramjee; 3 cases hams and bacon, The Royal Bombay Yacht Club; 6 cases confectionery, G A Hoosen; 9 cases confectionery, N M Hussonally; 55 cases candles Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 32 cases window glass, J Framjee; 662 cases soap, D R Dady and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Peninsular s—100 cases portwine, Dhunjeebhoy Cawasjee; 29 cases cognac, Cutler Palmer and Co; 224 cases sherry, and portwine &c, Treacher and Co; 10 cases medicine, C Nathoo and Co; 10 cases medicine, Heerjee Mooljee and Co; 4 cases medicine, Beynon and Co; 5 cases whisky, Eduljee Bezonjee.

FROM BORDEAUX.

R Rubattino s—35 cases brandy, D P Batha and Co; 190 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cawasjee; 126 cases brandy &c, Treacher and Co.
Branksome Hall s—25 cases brandy, D Dadabhoy.

FROM BREMEN.

Peninsular s—100 cases beer, Treacher and Co.

FROM CHARENTE.

Peninsular s—36 cases champagne, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 241 cases brandy, Jamsetjee Framjee; 55 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Peninsular s—12 cases liqueur, Treacher and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

R Rubattino s—85 cases vermouth, H A Hormarjee; 16 cases brandy, champagne, &c, F Cormaglia; 86 cases vermouth, Jamsetjee Framjee.

FROM GENOA.

R Rubattino s—51 cases vermouth, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM TRIESTE.

Imperatrix s—59 cases soap, A Abdoolrehman; 10 cases soap, N Kadikhan.

FROM NEW YORK.

Hispania s—16 cases clocks, Shamjee Lilladhar.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Arabia s—200 cwts coir yarn, Tricomdas Lowjee; 195 cwts coir yarn, L Maneckchand.

FOR GLASGOW.

Arabia s—2,000 cwts mussoor, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Agapanthus s—960 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HAMBURG.

Clan Cameron s—220 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 1,050 cwts oil cakes, O Martin and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Ranald s—6,000 cwts poppyseed, 2,801 cwts linseed, and 11,955 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,020 cwts poppyseed, and 5,355 cwts gingellyseed, A Blascheck and Co; 2,000 cwts groundnuts, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Wistow Hall s—7,800 cwts mowraseed, Ralli Brothers; 200 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co.
Arabia s—2,001 cwts nigerseed, and 4,002 cwts gingellyseed, D Nanjee and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

La Seyne s—500 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kt Companion s—200 bales hemp, N Futchally and Co.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—2,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 100 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed, and 4,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Beatrise s—27 bales skins, M Doonah; 4 bales goat hair, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 800 cwts rapeseed and 110 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 220 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 935 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co.
Vindobana s—220 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co; 2 cases tea, N V Curranee and Co; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co

FOR VENICE.

Vindobana s—1,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.
Beatrice s—100 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 720 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co; 350 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR ODESSA.

Vindobana s—220 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 333 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 100 bales cotton, Finlay Muir and Co; 230 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Lindisfarne s—60 chests opium, R Budreodas; 150 bales twist Tata and Sons; 6 chest opium, J Moolchund; 250 bales twist, Tata and Co.
Ravenna s—16 chests opium, The P and O Co; 250 cwts sandalwood, L Chuttoo and Co; 350 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Lindisfarne s—156 bales cotton, Tata and Co; 255 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Lindisfarne s—15 chests opium, B Manalal; 17 chest opium, R Gootiram; 18½ chests opium M Jankiram; 500 bales twist, Tata and Sons; 100 bales twist, B Perbashunker; 16 chests opium, J Moolchand; 200 bales twist. M Moolraj.

GODHRA-RUTLAM RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 16th December, 1893, on 25 Miles open.

—	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
Total traffic for the week	700	700	10	1,410
Or per mile of Railway	28	28	......	56
For previous 23 weeks of half-year.	13,179	15,304	198	28,681
Total for 24 weeks...	13,879	16,004	208	30,091
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	......	......	......	......
Per mile of Ry. do.	......	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date do.	......	......	......	......

Holloway's Ointment.—Go where you may, in every country and in all climes, persons will be found who have a ready word of praise for this Ointment. For chaps, chafes, scalds, bruises, and sprains, it is an invaluable remedy; for bad legs, bad breasts, and piles, it may be confidently relied upon for effecting a sound and permanent cure. In cases of puffed ankles, erysipelas, and rheumatism, Holloway's Ointment gives the greatest comfort by reducing the inflammation, cooling the blood, soothing the nerves, adjusting the circulation, and expelling the impurities. This Ointment should have a place in every nursery. It will cure all those manifold skin affections, which originating in childhood, gain strength with the childs growth.

NOW READY.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1894.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1894 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the City in recent years

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE
BOMBAY DIRECTORY

Has been enlarged, verified, and carefully revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

Bombay Gazette Offices,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

XMAS! 'XMAS!! 'XMAS!!
JUST RECEIVED,
A Nice Selection of
DIAMONDS, RUBIES, EMERALDS,
SAPHIRES, RINGS AND
DIAMOND BROOCHES.
ALL KINDS OF STONES OF THE BEST
QUALITY, AND PERFECT.

HURJEEMULL & CO.,
DELHI: BOMBAY:
Chandni Chowk. Rampart Row.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF ISPHAN COTTON.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Thucker Devjee Canjee, at his Godown, Coorla Street, Mandvee, below Carnac Bridge, and on account and risk of Aga Hajee Mahmed Saduc Nimajee, the following property:—

M S 100 bales or bundles Isphan cotton.

A Deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th inst., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.

15 dozen razors, white, black and grey, by best Sheffield maker.

5 gross Scissors of assorted sizes of best Sheffield maker.

1 single pole tent.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 strong well-bred grey Arab horse, formerly the property of Bombay Hunts, subsequently regularly driven for one year with a strong dog-cart and a set of single harness.

1 handsome strong glass-fronted miniature brougham, in good order.

1 second-hand palanquin office shigram.

1 C. B. chesnut pony, goes well in saddle.

1 strongbuilt victoria with removable coach box.

1 strong English-built victoria by Kinross with a strong bay horse and harness.

2 bicycles, ball bearing.

In the matter of the Army, Navy and Civil Service Cooperative Society, Limited.

Under instructions from Messrs. Crawford, Burder, and Co., the Attornies for the Official Liquidator, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p. m., sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, the office furniture belonging to the above Society consisting of tables, chairs, pigeon holes, iron safes, punkhas, screens, &c.

The above is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On a Day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. BENNETT & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Ridge," Malabar Hill, very valuable household furniture by "Wimbridge," and others, platedware, glass and crockery ware, a first-rate mahogany full-sized slate billiard table with lamps, &c., complete, valuable ornaments, China and Japanese vases, oil-paintings and oleographs, horses and carriages, &c., the property of ALEX PALLIS, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, catalogues will be published, and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On a Day to be fixed hereafter Messrs. BENNET & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Northwald," Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture of the latest design and best workmanship made to order by "Wimbridge," rich glass and crockeryware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, large Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome hanging and table kerosine lamps, large size elegant book cases, two iron fire-proof safes, a handsome strong English-built glass-fronted miniature brougham by Silk and Sons, a strong English-built mail phaeton by Laurie and Marner, a handsome strong E. B. barouche by Hooper, sets of English single and double harness, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of Lieutenant-Colonel GERALD MARTIN.

Catalogues will be published, and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, January 5, 1894.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

Under instructions from H. A. Acworth, Esq., C.S., the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Municipal Depot, at Bellasis Bridge, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at 2 p.m.—

Empty Kerosine oil cases with tins.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE WEST SIDE OF MOOZAVUR PACKADY ROW, AT MAZAGON.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at 4 p.m., on the premises, Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of the Owner, the undermentioned property:—

All that right, title and interest in and to the piece or parcel of Government ground, together with messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house built and standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort walls of Bombay, on the west side of Moozavur Packady Row at Mazagon, in the sub-district of Mazagon, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 82, 83, 91, 92, and 169, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 6, the said property containing by admeasurement 286 square yards, be the same a little more or less, and bounded on the east by the said Moozavur Packady Row, on the west by the public passage, on the north partly by the house of Heerabai, widow of Pestonjee Sorabjee, and partly by the public passage, and on the south by a sweeper's passage belonging to the house of Shapoorjee Bomanjee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE WESTERN SIDE OF BABOO DABOO STREET.

On MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Adamjee Peerbhoy, and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an indenture of mortagage, dated 1st August, 1889, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors, Goolam Hoosein Jivanji and Kadurbhoy Jivanji, the following immoveable property:—

All that piece of Government land, situate on the western side of Baboo Daboo Street, otherwise called Daboo Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement, 131 6-9 square yards, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 345, new No. 7625, old Survey No. 1638, and new Survey No. 4459, together with the building and dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under old No. 53, new Street Nos. 173 and 175, and Ward No. 6882, and bounded on the east by sweeper's passage belonging to the premises hereby conveyed, on the west by the said Baboo Daboo Street, or otherwise called Daboo Street, on the north by the property belonging to Lookmanjee Nurbhai, and on the south by the property belonging to Bibbibai, and which said premises have been for some time, and are now in the occupation of the mortgagee and his tenants, together with their rights, easements, and appurtenances.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bicknell Merwanjee and Motilal, Solicitors to the Mortgagee, or to the Undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, January 5, 1894.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawing, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

DR F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when the other Drugs have failed.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

IMPORTANT TO CONTRACTORS, ENGINEERS, AND OTHERS.

Auction Sale of Contractors' Tools, Plant, and Machinery at Bellasis Road, Byculla, in the compound of Messrs. Geo. Gahagan and Co's Workshop:—

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, the following plant and machinery belonging to Messrs. Glover and Co., Contractors for Tansa Works, consisting of centrifugal pump, English hammers, surveying, measuring and drawing instruments, iron screws of sizes, shank and cornish steam pump, Tangyr's steam pump, screw angers' files, wrenches, puleys, brass tubes, callipers, Brown and May's 12 and 8 H.P. horizontal and vertical engine and boiler portable engine, &c.

TERMS.—A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, and the balance should be paid and the goods removed within three days after sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "The Willows," Mount Road, Mazagon, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned cottage pianoforte by Collard and Collard, a nearly new victoria, a strong bay Arab horse, 5 years old, going in harness and saddle, gentleman's saddles, rich table ornaments, fancy flower vases, table and hanging lamps, Brussels and Persian carpets, cooking stoves, garden plants, &c., the property of THOMAS LEE, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES BY THE BEST LONDON MAKERS, JUST LANDED.

ON MONDAY the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms—

1 single-seated brougham by Holland, London.

1 double-seated brougham by Trupp and Moberly, London.

1 self-driving phaeton by Moss Bros., London

1 dog cart by Moss Bros., London

1 very stylish victoria, very light and suitable for one or two Horses by makers to the Emperor of Germany.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

10 bales pint and vial corks.

5 boxes bar soap of 25 bars.

15 " " of 20 "

5 cases perfumed soap.

8 boxes Chas de Cazanene extra dry-champagne in quarts and pints.

105 Gallons pure Spanish port.

104 " Cadiz sherry.

1 Photographic camera, 5 by 4 with lens, slides, and other materials.

By order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Alli Husein and Co—

551-58-8 cases wall shades and chandelier plates.

H 1—I cask hemispheres.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome victoria in good order.

1 strong serviceable double-seated brougham.

1 second-hand serviceable landau.

1 strong fleabitten grey horse going in single harness.

1 strong serviceable landaulet.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

On SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Albert Building," Hornby Row, Fort (next to the "Bombay Gazette" Offices), the whole of the very valuable stock-in-trade of a known furniture manufacturer, designed and executed to order under his own supervision, consisting of French-polished black and teakwood complete suite of dining room furniture, very neat drawing room suites, covered with velvet and tapestry of the finest quality, elegant sideboards, magnificent chiffoniers and cabinets, revolving top office tables, handsome dressing and washhand tables, very substantial-made single and double bevelled minor door almyras, neat made chairs, &c.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES ON THE DOORGADEVIE ROAD, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On TUESDAY, the 16th proximo, at 4 p m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, in one lot, by order of the mortgagees, Sobhad Veera and Co., and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Rajah Meshoor, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of the mortgage, dated the 30th day of October, 1886, and in the identures of further charge, dated the 26th day of November, 1889, and 9th day of August, 1892, the following properties, viz.:—

Firstly.—All that piece of Government ground, together with the dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Doorgadevi Road, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered under old No. 2979 and 3142, and new No. 9925, and new survey No. 2-5601, admeasuring 105 square yards or thereabouts, formerly and now in the occupation of the said mortgagor and his tenants, and assessed by the Municipality under ward No. 7897, and street Nos. 26 and 28, and bounded on the east by the property of Raja Ajia, on the west by the secondly described property of the mortgagor, on the north by the Government garden, and, on the south by the Doorgadevi Road.

Secondly.—All that piece of Government ground, with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Doorgadevi Road, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered under old Nos. 2979—3142, new No. 9952, new Survey No. 9601, admeasuring 118 6-9 square yards or thereabouts, formerly and now occupied by the tenants of the said mortgagor and assessed by the Municipality under ward No. 7896 and street No. 222-24, and bounded on the east by the property firstly described, on the west by the property of Tyebally Goolam Hoosein, on the north by the Northbrook Garden, on the south by the Doorgadevi Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 20th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Albion Place, Byculla, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned cottage pianoforte, handsome table ornaments, and flower vases, table and hanging lamps, carpets, pictures, &c., the property of C. R. JEFFERIES, Esq.

Catalognes will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION
on
WEDNESDAY, 24th January, 1894.
SALE OF ENTIRE FURNITURE by Wimbridge,
Kap's semi-grand PIANO, ETC.,
of
General W. T. BUDGEN,
At his Bungalow, No. 3, Marine Lines.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION
on
SATURDAY, 27th January, 1894.
Sale of FURNITURE, victoria, horse, piano, &c.,
of
LIEUT.-COLONEL FORJETT,
At his Bungalow, No. 10, Marine Lines.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION
On
SUNDAY, 28TH JANUARY, 1894.
SALE OF FURNITURE, BILLIARD TABLE, PIANO, &c.
of
E. C. MONOD, ESQ.,
At his Bungalow, Palli Hill, Bandora.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On a Day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Napean House, Malabar Hill, the very valuable English mahogany and Wimbridge-made furniture, very rare and costly Japanese bronzes and China-French bronzes, very valuable oil and water-coloured pictures, very handsome table glass and China, choice table ornaments, lamps, cutlery, &c., the property of PRICE WERDON, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, catalogues published, and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, January 5, 1894.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 4.

An advance of ¼ per cent. in Indian Sterling Loan at 108¾, and of 1/8 per cent. in 4 per cent. Rupee Securities, at £66 1/8, and a further reduction of 1/8 per cent. in the market rate of discount on short London Bills at ⅜ per cent., are the only changes advised by Reuter's London financial telegram of last evening. The quotation for Silver in New York is still called nominal.

There were no allotments made at the weekly biddings for Indian Council drafts yesterday. It is announced that 50 lakhs will be offered again next week. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India at 30 days' sight remained at 1s. 2⅞d.

No. 1 Soft White Wheat was quoted yesterday at 5s. 1½d. per cental on the spot in Liverpool, Ex-Quay, Market dull; and Linseed at 39½s. per 416 lbs. cif, sellers, April-May shipment, to Havre. Antwerp and Dunkirk, Market firm.

The price of spot Mid.-American Cotton in Liverpool advanced 1-16d. per lb. yesterday, say, to 4 5-16d.; and Arrivals were partially 1-64d. higher, the extreme quotations being 4 3-16d. for January deliveries, and 4 19-64d. for May-June. In East Indian Cotton, Broach, of all grades, was 1-16d. higher, other descriptions being unchanged in value the market closed firm; Surats steady; and Arrivals quiet but steady; the day's Sales having aggregated 12,000 bales. The day's Imports were 30,000 bales. The Manchester market remained quiet.

In New York, a further advance of 1-16 cent took place in the price of ready Mid.-Uplands Cotton, at 8 cents per lb.; and April Futures were 5 points higher, at 8·02 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 33,000 bales; and the following comparison is now shown between the total arrivals this season, so far, and those at the same time in the two previous years:—

	1894.	1893.	1892.
Wednesday's Receipts	33,000	19,000	32,000
Four days' do. ...	135,000	83,000	147,000
Since 1st Sept. 1893...	4,274,000	3,614,000	4,945,000

The export demand for Cotton in our local market fell off to-day, and, upon the whole, only a moderate business has been done; but the feeling has been steady, and prices have further advanced Re. 1 per candy, all round. The only purchase by exporters is 700 bales of ready new Bengal, at Rs. 155-75, but the Mills have taken 1,850 bales, consisting of 600 old Wudwan, at Rs. 184-6¼; 206 each old Julgaum, at Rs. 150; and Dhulia, at Rs. 145; 100 each old Kutch, at Rs. 168; and Chalisgaum, at the same price; and 50 each of old Bhownugger, at Rs. 190; and Veerumgaum, at Rs. 189; and in ready new stuff, 400 Akola Ginned at Rs. 183¼; 100 Chandoor, at Rs. 183; and 50 Julgaum, at Rs. 177 per candy.

This morning's official telegraphic weather and crop report states that there had been a slight fall of rain in all the districts of the Bengal circle; at Nagpore, in the Oomrawuttee circle; and at Dhollera and Bhownugger in the Dhollera circle. In the two former circles, however, the fall had ranged from only 6 cents to 32 cents; and in the latter, 58 cents and 79 cents had been registered in the two districts named, respectively; but at the time the telegrams were sent off the weather looked like clearing up in those districts where it had not become bright and seasonable again, reports from other parts being favourable.

WHEAT has given way in value to-day half an anna per cwt. all round, the tone of the market having been quiet, and business upon a small scale. We now quote:—

White Pessy 91 per cent......	Rs. 3	12	0	per cwt.
Do. 85 "	" 3	10	6	"
No. 1 Club Delhi............	" 3	10	6	"
Red Delhi	" 3	6	0	"
Hard Yellow	" 4	2	0	"
Red Ahmedabad	" 3	10	0	"
Hard Red	" 3	8	0	"

SEEDS have also been quiet, with a moderate export business passing; but prices show no further movement.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	5,874	bales.
Wheat	11,155	cwts.
Linseed	5,507	"
Rapeseed	1,836	"
Gingelly	13,650	"
Groundnuts	11,694	"
Castorseed	2,432	"
Rice	22,804	"

FREIGHTS are firm. The City of Dundee (s) has been berthed for Liverpool, for January loading; with Wheat at 16s. 3d., and myrabollams at 15s. per ton (about half cargo), and is now asking higher rates. The Netherby Hall (s) has been fixed for Dunkirk, for late January loading, at 17s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE opened with a steady feeling at yesterday's closing rates of 1s. 3 1-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and 1s. 3 3-32d. Demand; and 1s. 3⅛d. for January-February delivery of three months' sight Credits, at which a moderate amount of Bills were placed. Later on a fair amount of Telegraphic was taken for March-May transfer, at 1s. 3⅛d.; 1s. 3 3-32d. for February; and 1s. 3 1-16d. for ready; but, thereafter, a strong demand setting in again to-day for Silver at 86¼ for January shipment, at which we have heard of £60,000 being done—making, it is reported, upwards of £120,000 in the two days that the Banks have been open since the holidays—rates again became quieter, and closed as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand...	1s. 3 1-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic......	1s. 3 1-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight...	1s. 3 1-8d.	"
Credits do.	...1s. 3 7-32 to ¼d.	"
Francs do.	...1·60 to 1·60¼	"

forward Telegraphic being 1s. 3 1-16d. for February and 1s. 3 3-32d. for March; Demand 1s. 3 3-32d. for February; and Credits 1s. 3¼d. for February, and 1s. 3 9-32d. for March delivery.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Opening at 105 3-16 for Money and the Settlement, and 104 15-16 for the February account, rates for Fours thereafter declined 1-16 to ⅛ per cent.; but the feeling became steadier before the close, and final rates were 105⅛ and 104 15-16, respectively; 99 5-8 having been the closing price of 3½ per Cents.

SHARES have remained quiet to-day; but there has been more movement in prices, and we note an advance of Rs. 125 in Lord Reay Mill shares; of Rs. 35 in Madras United; of Rs. 20 in Indian Manufacturing; of Rs. 15 in Morarji Gokuldas; of Rs. 5 in Presidency; and of Rs. 2½ in Manockji Petit; Connaught having declined Rs. 5; and Anglo-Indian Re. 1. Mofussil Press shares are Rs. 2½ lower. Bombay Flour Mill shares have advanced Rs. 10. Treacher and Co. are Rs. 5 higher, Bank of Bombay shares have declined Rs. 2½, say to Rs. 1,175.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

JANUARY 3.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Telegrams in plain language may be accepted for Brazil.

Traffic for French Guiana should only be accepted via North America, during interruption of the Cayenne-Vizen cable.

Cable San Domingo-Martinique interrupted. This closes the Key West Haiti route to points south of San Domingo.

Mails for Tamatave close at Mauritius at noon on Friday the 5th January.

Mails for Persian Gulf closes at Karachi at 8-30 p.m. every Wednesday.

Moulmein route to Siam right.

I. M. R. TRAFFIC RETURN.

(Week ending December 28, 1893.)

DESCRIPTION.	1893.	1892.	Inc. for the week.	Dec. for the week.	Aggregate Inc.	Aggregate Dec.
Miles Open ..	752	752	..	..	..	..
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Passengers, Parcels, &c.	35,373	35,325	48	...	74,601	...
Goods	79,429	68,331	11,098	...	22,126	..
Other earnings	6,921	6,867	...	446	...	13,072
Weekly total.	1,21,723	1,11,023	10,700	...	...	..
Aggregate ...	30,75,252	29,91,597	...	...	83,655	..

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE OF NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

WALSH—MORRIS—December 25, at Christ Church Byculla, by the Rev L. M. Haslope, M.A., John Walsh, Supervisor, Tobacco Department, to Alice Harriet Morris, of Finsbury Park, London.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

BYRNE—December 25, at Trichinopoly, the wife of Mr L C Byrne, Superintendent, R M S, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

TILEMANN—TAVERNIER—December 19, at Christ Church, Mussoorie, by the Revd O D Watkins, Richard Tilemann, of Bendorf, to Anna, youngest daughter of the late H Tavernier, Durkheim.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1894.

YESTERDAY'S *Gazette* made public three appointments to the Bombay Legislative Council which is thus completed. It is now possible to estimate how far the ultimate result solves the problem—placed by the higher authority before the Government of Bombay—of securing the representation of the classes, races, and interests of the Presidency on the enlarged Council. One of the appointments just made is that of a personage quite unknown to the general public, but which gives a representative Lingayet population in Belgaum by assigning a seat on the Council to a landed proprietor of position and varied experience. The Sir Desai of Wantmuri is the head of the Lingayet population in Belgaum, a first class Sirdar, a large landholder, and a honorary magistrate. The Sir Desai was two years in England, when he was called to the Bar, and he then visited America. He has since occupied himself in the management of his large estate. It may be hoped that he will be a good spokesman for the important Lingayet population of the Southern Division. The other nominations are those of Mr. T. D. Little, Superintending Engineer of the Northern Division, who will represent the Public Works Department—a representative position which he held in the old Council—and Mr. Rahimtulla M. Sayani, the well-known Bombay solicitor who will represent the Mahomedans of the Presidency Proper, Mr. Hussan Ally, nominated by the Zemindars and Jagirdars of Sind, representing the large Mahomedan community of that distant province. Mr. Sayani, who was President of the Bombay Corporation, would probably have been nominated by that body for a seat in the Council, had not that honour been bestowed upon the Hon'ble Mr. P. M. Mehta, by whom it is now represented. As every one knows, the Government, circumscribed in its action by the limitation of the number of nominated members, decided that, it was impracticable to allocate the seats on a purely territorial basis. The object held in view was to give the various interests of the Presidency one or more representatives in the Council in order that their claims might be heard. To a certain extent territorial representation was obtained by giving the right of nomination to the District Boards in the Southern Division, the Municipalities in the Northern, the Sirdars and Landowners in the Central Division, and to the Zemindars and Talukdars in Sind. With an effort of what may be called self-denial the Bombay Government has not given the whole of the nine official seats to officials, with the result that of the twenty additional members twelve are non-official and eight official. The Government has, therefore, the lowest majority possible that of thirteen to twelve in a Council of twenty-five members all told. The majority would apparently have been on the other side had not one of the elective seats been given by the Sirdars of the Deccan to an official, Mr. Panse.

The official members, though not elected, are nevertheless representative, and that in a very comprehensive sense. They represent the Revenue, Judicial, Abkari, Educational, and Public Works Departments; and it must be acknowledged that they also represent long and varied official experience extending over the whole of the Presidency, except perhaps Sind, which however is fortunate in the presence of Mr. Birdwood and Mr. Trevor in the Government, both of them having passed many years in that province where they became intimately acquainted with its local conditions and special needs. The religions and races of the Presidency are represented by five nominated non-officials, of whom two are Hindus, one a Mahomedan, and two Parsees, while the European nominated non-official is conspicuous by his absence. Religions and races are further represented by eight elected members, of whom four Hindus, a Mahomedan, a Parsee, and two Europeans, returned by the Chamber of Commerce of Bombay and Karachi, respectively. The various material interests of the Presidency are, it must be allowed, very fairly represented. Agriculture has four seats, one held by Mr. Hussan Ally, elected by the Sind zemindars, and himself an owner of land in the province. Mr. Panse who is a landowner in the Deccan owes his seat, as we have said, to the vote of the Sirdars. Mr. C. Setalvad belongs to a family that holds estates in Guzerat. The fourth Agricultural Member is the Sir Desai of Wantmuri, the Belgaum landowner, to whom we have already referred. The foreign trade, and the Chambers of Commerce and the Port Trusts of Western India are represented by Mr. Macdonald of Bombay and Mr. Curry of Karachi. Mr. Sayani's firm has a seat in the Bombay Chamber of Commerce. The mill industry of Bombay and the Mofussil is represented by Mr. N. N. Wadia of this city and Mr. Runchodlal of Ahmedabad. Mr. Wadia was indicated at a mass meeting in Bombay a short time ago as a fitting spokesman of the Mahratta mill-hands and the backward classes so that their interests are not likely to be forgotten. Mr. Dorabji Pudumji, the managing director of the Reay Paper Mills at Poona. All three representatives of the important mill industries are nominated members.

The principle of Local Self-Government is very adequately represented. Mr. Curry has the presidency of the Municipality of Karachi. Mr. Hussan Ally is a member of that Municipality, and if we mistake not, he is also a member of the District Local Board. Mr. Setalvad, who is elected by the Municipalities of Guzerat, is one of the seventy-two members of the Bombay Corporation. Mr. Runchodlal is the President of the Ahmedabad Municipality, and we believe a member of the Local Board. Mr. Dorabji Pudumjee is President of the Poona Municipality and member of the District Board. Mr. R. G. Oxenham, Mr. Mehta, Mr. Sayani, and Mr. J. U. Yajnik are like Mr. Setalvad members of the Bombay Corporation. Mr. Natu was elected by the Local Boards of the Southern Division. Mr. Macdonald and Mr. Curry represent between them the two Port Trusts. As we have said, though the principal territorial representation has not formed the basis of the elective or official nominations to the Legislative Council it is by no means lost sight of. The interests of Sind are in charge of Mr. Curry and Mr. Husson Ally. Guzerat is represented by Mr. Runchodlal and Mr. Setalwad, Maharashtra by Mr. Dorabji Pudumji and Mr. Panse. The Southern Mahratta and Canarese countries are represented by Mr. Natu and the Sir Desai of Wantmuri, whilst the interests of the City of Bombay may be considered safe in the competent hands of Messrs. Mehta, Oxenham, Wadia, Yajnik, Macdonnell, and Sayani. As nearly all these gentlemen have to play many parts, the public will not complain if they play them well, as they no doubt will. The Government having to cut the coat according to the cloth has done its handiwork with care and judgment. It may be hoped that the result will show that the new Council is an improvement on the old and enable the representatives of the different communities and interests of the Presidency to cordially co-operate with the Government in the promotion of measures for the public good.

SOME idea of the value of a mofussil education may be gathered from the Administration Report of the Ajmere-Merwara Agency, to which we referred the other day. As the Chief Commissioner remarks, the reports of the various divisions form a melancholy record of the educational system of Ajmere-Merwara. Failure is pronounced in almost every branch, the depression being accentuated by one or two redeeming features, and by the relatively successful working of other departments of the Administration. In the first place, the Chief Commissioner regrets that the Ajmere College, the chief educational institution in the district, failed in the higher tests, although in the middle class examinations its results were good. Still in this department the college was hard pressed by a local unaided school, all allowance being made for the difference of system. It is stated that the Mission Schools, the Nusseerabad High School, and other secondary schools attained some modicum of success. But that is, on the other hand, more than counterbalanced by the fact that the village schools, which are the backbone of the system, are as bad as they can possibly be. This is very plain language to find a place in an official document, but it is surpassed by the further statement that there is little or no intelligence in the teaching imparted in the village schools. This is the opinion of the Educational Inspector, and the Assistant Commissioner of Ajmere condemns the primary school, in unmeasured terms. This official, after recounting the special causes for depression in the year under review, observes that the general standard is so extremely low, that no great harm was caused. Further, he gives it as his conviction that the cause of education would not suffer much if all the schools now existing in the district were closed for ever. He declares that nothing but the complete re-organisation of the teaching staff and system can ever make the schools useful. The failure is attributed, in the first place, to the inadequacy of the grants assigned by Government to the Normal School, and, secondly, to the fact that except the late Raja of Bhinai the landed gentry of the Ajmere district continue to show the same apathetic indifference to the educational needs of their villages that has ever characterised them. These are the opinions of the Educational Inspector, and the Assistant Commissioner endorses them, declaring that education in Ajmere is in a most unsatisfactory state, the teachers being without exception incompetent. But while the remedy suggested by the Inspector is transference of certain teachers, and the dismissal of others, together with the closing of two schools, the Assistant Commissioner would reduce the number of boys at the college so as to concentrate more attention on individuals. He would also educate more boys as teachers instead of as clerks and traders, and make the village school service more attractive, partly by enhancing the pay of the teachers with funds obtained by reducing the Government grant to the Ajmere College, and partly by making the service pensionable. The difference between the two suggested remedies is, that whilst the former is calculated to have more immediate effect than the latter, they are not so likely to be permanent, but as the desire of the Administration is to have a speedy improvement, it would seem advisable to try the Inspector's suggestion seeing that much machinery must be set in motion before the prescription of the Assistant Commissioner can be acted upon.

THE rising in Sicily must indeed have taken the proportions of an insurrection, and of a very serious insurrection, when it is necessary to reinforce the garrison by forty thousand men, and to call out the reserves for the purpose. Such a step would not be taken with the finances in their present deplorable condition were not the danger very pressing. But we have Signor Crispi's word for it that the crisis through which the Italian Kingdom is now passing is the gravest yet known, and that it will be necessary to submit to great sacrifices. That declaration was made by the new Premier on the 20th December, when he found it necessary to appeal to the Parliament and the country to "restore the fortunes of Italy." Since the "*tout peut se retablir*" of Napoleon III., no more ominous words have been spoken by a European statesman. The Prime Minister who uttered that remarkable warning is himself a Sicilian, and it was due to his initiative that the insurrection of 1860 broke out which gave Garibaldi a pretext for going to its assistance with the "Thousand of Marsala" and putting an end to the reign of King Bomba and the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies at one and the same time. It was Garibaldi's intention to establish local autonomy in Sicily and Naples, in a sort of confederation with Piedmont and Upper Italy. But Cavour out-maneuvred him and a plebiscite annexed Naples and Sicily to Upper Italy. It was a change ushered in with much fireworks and shouting and clashing of bells, but Southern Italy and Sicily have never quite cordially acquiesced in the loss of their independence, and in the heavy taxation, which has grown more burdensome with every succeeding year. The present uprising has been attributed to impatience of local taxation; but that is a version of the truth, rather than the truth itself. The danger ahead which Signor Crispi foresaw a fortnight ago was not a series of uprisings against local imposts, but an upheaval against the fearful burden of the military and naval armaments which under his last administration assumed enormous proportions, after the visit of the Kaisar William to Italy. That the Sicilian insurrection will be put down by the large reinforcements sent to the garrison may be regarded as certain. The whole population of Sicily is only three millions, and though the northern and eastern coasts of the island are precipitous and the Calabrian mountains of the peninsula reappear a little inland, and make an ideal country for guerillas—as the Neapolitan troops found to their cost—it is impossible that desperate peasants armed with scythes and blunderbusses can stand before well drilled troops provided with the magazine rifle. But the peril lies in the example: what Sicily attempts to-day other provinces may attempt in their turn, and reduce the monarchy to great straits. The Republicans will be only too ready to keep the ball rolling in order to bring down the reigning house, which by all accounts has recently lost a good deal of its popularity.

THERE appears to be every reason to fear that the small detachment under command of Captain Wilson in Matabeleland has been annihilated. According to this morning's telegrams Mr. Selous has been informed by the Natives that with few exceptions the Captain's men had been killed, seven survivors having fled to Hartley Hill. News from Buluwayo, a little under a month ago, explained the situation in which Captain Wilson found himself. It appears a portion of Major Forbes's party, which was sent in pursuit of Lobengula, overtook the king, but met with a strong resistance, in consequence of which it had to fall back. A patrol under Major Forbes reached the Shangani River without the occurrence of any incident, and Captain Wilson with an advance party was then deputed to press forward in pursuit of Lobengula, who was believed to be in the immediate neighbourhood. Leaving the camp late in the evening, Captain Wilson at midnight came up with the king's waggon, on nearing which he halted. Thereupon, the telegrams told us, the natives, who were waiting in ambush, attacked the force, opening a hot fire from the bush. Captain Wilson's men, in face of superior numbers, retired, fighting steadily. Major Forbes was sent to for reinforcements; but in the meanwhile the Shangani River had suddenly risen, cutting off all means of communication between the main body and the advance party. Thus it was that he became isolated, a fact which accounts for the lamentable fate of his whole party

MR. LEE-WARNER'S duty with the Government of India is that of Additional Member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council. When Mr. Nugent was similarly appointed, he returned to his duties in this Presidency about the end of March in each year, and it is probable that this precedent will be followed. Meanwhile, Mr. G. C. Whitworth acts as Secretary to the Bombay Government. Mr. S. W. Edgerley will probably take three months' leave in May. No arrangement has as yet been made about, the acting Private Secretaryship.

THE following notification appears in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay, under the authority vested in him by the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 and 1892, has been pleased to nominate the undermentioned gentlemen to be Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations only:—Mr. Thomas David Little, M.Inst.C.E., Mr. Rahimtula Muhammad Sayani, M.A., LL.B., Mr. Lakhum Gowda Bas Prabhu, Barrister-at Law, Sar Desai of Wantmuri.

AT the ordinary monthly meeting of the Corporation yesterday a deaft address of welcome to Lord Elgin was approved, and the President announced that in reply to his enquiries Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, M.P., had telegraphed from Lahore stating that Tuesday next would be a convenient date for him to receive an address from the Corporation. Mr. R. H. Vincent, C.I.E., Commissioner of Police, took his seat as a member of the Council in succession to Mr. Selim Solomon, resigned, and the resignation of Mr. Pranjivandass Culliandass was accepted. The consideration of the Budget estimates was commenced, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, as Chairman of the Standing Committee, making a statement in reference to the general policy of the Committee in regard to the estimates. On the motion being brought forward for the reduction of the duty on firewood and grain, the Hon. Mr. Oxenham sought to move an amendment for retaining the duty in full, but the President ruled the amendment out of order as no notice had been given of it. After considerable discussion as to the best method of procedure, Mr. Oxenham moved the adjournment of the debate in order to allow himself an opportunity of giving the statutory notice of his amendment. In connection with the discussion, the Municipal Commissioner was proceeding at 5 o'clock to make his annual Budget statement, when it was resolved by a narrow majority to adjourn the meeting till to-day at 3 p.m

WE learn that Mr. R. M. Sayani, of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, solicitors, has been appointed a member of the Bombay Legislative Council. The appointment will certainly afford satisfaction not only to Mr. Sayani's co-religionists, but to the native community generally.

THE sittings of the Opium Commission presided over by Lord Brassey, will commence in Bombay on the 6th proximo. The undermentioned witnesses will probably be examined here:—Surgeon Major Dhunjeeshah N. Parakh, of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, Surgeon-Major Boyd, of the Colaba Lunatic Asylum, the Rev. Mr. Dyer, the Rev. Mr. Proche, Dr. R.N. Khory, Dr. F. B. Servai, Dr. Gerson da Cunha, Dr. Meherjibhai Rustomjee Setna, Dr. Temuljee Bhicajee Nariman, Dr. Merwanjee Cooverjee Bharucha, Dr. Manockjee Dosabhoy Cama, Dr. M. G. Deshmukh, Mr. T. D. Mackenzie, Mr. James MacNab Campbell, C. I. E., Prince Samatsingjee of Palitana, Mr. Chovie, Mr. Damjee Lakhmichand, Miss Soondrabai, &c.

THE Bank of Bengal has declared a dividend for the past half-year at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, transferred four lakhs to Reserve Fund, and carried forward Rs. 3,63,000.

MR. J. W. A. WEIR, I.C.S., Assistant Collector Ahmedabad, on being relieved by Mr. G. S. Curtis, I.C.S., is appointed to do duty as an Additional Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.

MR. H. J. H. HENDERSON, on being relieved by Major R. M. Macpherson, is to do duty as District Superintendent of Police in the Broach District pending further orders, and Mr. R. P. Lambert, on being relieved by Mr. Henderson, will do duty as Assistant Superintendent of Police, in the Ahmedabad District, relieving Mr. R. M. Phillips.

A FURTHER extension of leave for three months has been granted to the Rev. F. N. Hill, M.A., Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment, on medical certificate.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending January 2 was 490, giving a death-rate of 30·56 per annum per thousand as against 26·57 the corresponding period of last year, and 28·60 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 118 died from fevers; 3, small-pox; 4, measles; 75, phthisis; 2, leprosy; 30, diseases of the nervous system; 108, affections of the respiratory organs; 30, diarrhœa; 10, dysentery; 16 still-born; 41, old age and debility; 9, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows: Jain, 20; Brahmin, 17; Lingaet 1; Bhattia, 3; Hindu of other caste, 234; Hindu outcaste, 43; Musalman, 122; Parsee 18; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 22; Eurasian, 3; European 9; Negro-African, 4. The total number of births was 270 as against 327 the corresponding period of last year, and 315 the average over the past five years.

A CATHOLIC Workmen's Congress, held in Turin, has closed with a remarkable order of the day, after a discussion on the "vileness" of the Italian Press. It was decreed that no Catholic was to be seen with a bad journal in his hand; that whoever was not forced by serious professional motives to read the papers should abstain altogether from their perusal; that every "vile" paper should be burnt; that any member of the Society should be expelled if he were seen to read a paper not approved of by the ecclesiastical authorities.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ILLNESS OF SIR GERALD PORTAL.

LONDON, JAN. 4.

Sir Gerald Portal is seriously ill.

THE MATABELE WAR.

DESTRUCTION OF CAPTAIN WILSON'S PARTY.

M. Selous, who is travelling at the Cape, reports that the natives declare the whole of Captain Wilson's party were killed with the exception of seven who succeeded in escaping to Hartley Hill.

LATER.

In a speech made by Mr. Cecil Rhodes on his return to Capetown, he said he would resolutely oppose any settlement of the Matabele question, which was unfair to those who had shed their blood in conquering the country, but would fight the matter on constitutional lines.

THE RISING IN SICILY.

40,000 TROOPS TO BE CALLED OUT.

The garrison of Sicily is about to be reinforced to the extent of forty thousand men by calling out the Reserves.

THE AMERICAN TARIFF QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 4.

The Democrats propose an income-tax to replace the loss in the Revenue resulting from the reduced Tariff. The discussion on the Tariff is likely to last some months.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, JAN. 4.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Peninsular, with the homeward mails of the 30th December, arrived at Aden, at 5-30 a.m., on the 4th instant.

THE IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 4.

At to-day's meeting of the Viceregal Council Sir Alex. Miller, in moving that the Small Causes Court Bill be referred to a Select Committee, explained at some length the proposed changes and referred to the various opinions of the local administrations and authorities to whom it has been referred. He spoke forcibly on the three points, sayingthat if the Small Causes Court jurisdiction be raised beyond one thousand rupees, if judges were not to be barristers as *sine qua non*; and if right to appeal were denied, he would withdraw the Bill.

H. E. the Viceroy, in the course of his speech, referred to Sir A. Miller's speech as somewhat contentious. At any rate, Government were not committed to any line of action, and the Select Committee would deal with it as they thought fit.

The Bill to amend the Land Acquisition Act was referred to a Select Committee.

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 4.

At to-day's meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council Bills for amending the Presidency Small Cause Courts and the Land Acquisition Bills were referred to Select Committees.

THE RANGOON VOLUNTEER ENGINEERS.

The Rangoon Volunteer Engineers are to be formed into a Submarine Mining Company, as an experimental measure.

A.-D.-C. TO THE MADRAS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Captain De Pledge, 19th Hussars, has been appointed officiating Aide-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief of Madras, from the 1st instant, vice Major Kekewich, relieved.

THE PROVISIONING OF GILGIT.

The Committee on the Khagan Valley line of communication to Gilgit has come to a close, and the Quartermaster-General is now on his way from Rawalpindi to Calcutta.

CHIN HILL NEWS.

The proposed tour to the Chin Hills of the Chief Commissioner of Burma and the Chief Secretary has been abandoned.

THE MINBU IRRIGATION WORKS.

Mr. Fryer and Mr. Richard, Chief Engineer, will visit Minbu this week, to discuss the proposal to hand over the local irrigation works to the Public Works Department.

THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF ARTILLERY ON TOUR.

General Lewis, Inspector-General of Artillery, is now making the following tour:—Secunderabad, January 11; Madras, 17; Rangoon, February, 2; Calcutta, 7; Lucknow, 15; Mhow, 22; Nasirabad, 26; Ahmedabad, March, 1; Bombay and Aden, 14; Karachi, 29; Mooltan, April 5; and Simla, 9.

CHANGES IN THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

It is believed that Colonel R. L. Curtis, Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay Army, will become Adjutant-General when General Gatacre takes over the command of the Bombay District; Colonel Watling remains as Deputy Adjutant-General; Colonel Tandy, Commanding 25th Bombay Rifles, is said to be in the running for the Assistant Adjutant-Generalship.

CONCESSION TO OFFICERS ON HALF-PAY.

The Secretary of State has fixed January 1887, as the date from which the recent sanctioned concession will take effect, that officers placed on half-pay on account of ill-health contracted on duty shall be allowed to count time on half-pay to the extent not exceeding one year as service for pension and promotion. This will cover cases of all officers now on the half-pay list.

MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, JAN. 4.

Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji was received in Agra by large crowds of people, representing all classes. Addresses from the residents were read. Flags were pitched throughout all the streets. When Mr. Dadabhai passed the Kinari Bazar horses were removed and the carriage was dragged by the citizens and students. Flowers were showered along the road. The bankers read an address. At Aligarh also Mr. Dadabhai was warmly welcomed by Sir Syed Ahmed.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, JAN. 3.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here this afternoon.

The Formosa (extra) left Aden, at 4 p.m., to-day, and may be expected to arrive at Bombay, on the 10th instant.

JAN. 4.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora left here this morning.

HONGKONG, JAN. 4.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s Rohilla left here this afternoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 3.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	3 11-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2¾ per cent. Consols	98 3/8
3 per cent. Rentes	98
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	66 1/8
Bar Silver	31¼

BOMBAY FOXHOUNDS.

A COMPARATIVELY small field of not more than twenty lovers of the sport turned out to meet the Master, at Santa Cruz, on Thursday. The hospitality of the Loyal North Lancashires at the Town Hall, the previous evening, no doubt, accounted for this to a great extent. Some of the guests, however, who were undeterred by the fatigues of the Ball, turned out to enjoy the pleasures of the chase, and right well were they rewarded for their trouble. The weather was not quite so cool as is to be expected at this time of the year, the morning being somewhat stuffy. A start was made soon after the arrival of early train, the Master moving off in the direction of the woods to the north of the Jackal Club Camp. A burst of music soon proclaimed that a Jack was afoot, and that he could not have been gone long. Hounds went away at a great pace over some nasty ground, then checked for a brief moment, where the varmint had evidently laid up, when he was viewed sneaking away not more than two fields ahead, and he was speedily run into. So far the prospects of a good morning sport were not very promising. Without loss of time, however, the Master trotted on to Saar, and hounds soon came on the line of a jackal in the rocky scrub jungle to the east of the pipe. The pack went away at good pace hunting prettily together in the direction of Pawai, swinging round somewhat right-handed at first and then to the left towards the bridge over the backwater. Instead, however, of crossing the water they turned back down the Andheri Cross-road through some garden enclosures to the south of the road until the pipe was again reached. Turning right-handed across the road we raced through the open country beyond, and then took to the hills on the west of the Marole Caves. At first it seemed as if the Jack intended seeking safety in the Caves, but before reaching the top of the hill the pack swung round to the left down into the valley, and then to the right through some stiff jungle, until a stony lane was reached which crosses the railway line at the sixteenth mile. Down this we clattered nearly to the line; but the quarry was evidently sinking fast as he turned out of the lane and twisting about a bit in the long grass presently lay up. Hounds soon turned him out, and he bolted away with the leading hound close behind him, only to be run into immediately after fifty minutes from the start. We had as good a morning as the keenest sportsman could wish for, through an excellent variety of country, and every hound up out of the 17½ couples at the finish. May there be many more such before the close of the season.

THE STANLEY OPERA COMPANY.

IT must be gratifying to Mr. Harry Stanley to find that his Company, which for many years past have been favourites with Bombay playgoers, have lost none of their popularity. The magnificent pantomime the "Queen of Hearts," by L. A. Massa, given for the first time in Bombay, on Saturday last, is still being repeated with considerable success, and the slight insuperable defects, which attended the first performance, are no longer noticeable. The play continues to draw enthusiastic audiences, which grow larger each night. The pantomime abounds in amusing nursery rhymes as well as in brilliant spectacular effects and the scenery was remarkably good throughout. Miss Fanny Stanley as "Jack Horner" was vivacious and merry, and her dancing and acting were much admired. Her singing of "Private Tommy Atkins" literally brought down the house. Miss Amy Childs as the Princess "Honeysuckle" performed her part with grace and ease. The songs by Miss Amy Childs and Miss N. De Lorme, who looked very gracious and charming in the attire of fairy queen were thorougly enjoyed, the audience being hardly satisfied with two *encores*. Both of them were loudly applauded throughout the performance. Mr. W. Driscoll, as King Nap, showed that he possessed a great fund of drollery. Mr. Walter Stanley was unrecognizable in his get-up and afforded no little amusement by his impersonation of "Dame Miller." Mr. R. Stephenson as the "Knave of Hearts" performed his part faultlessly, and his efforts were loudly appreciated by the audience. He rendered in excellent manner a topical song, entitled "You never know your luck," in which he alluded to various matters of current interest, which provoked much laughter. Miss Ang Potter, as Pocka, the "Joker," seemed to appreciate her part thoroughly. Miss Cynthia Carey as Prince Marmalade looked and did excellently. The piece afforded ample scope for displaying the ability of each actor, and at the same time creating a very pleasing *ensemble*. The juveniles of Dame Miller, who lived in a shoe, created much merriment, and the dancing of Miss Lizzie Donnelly was capital. An afternoon performance is to be given on Saturday (to-morrow) when children will be admitted at half the usual price.

THE BISHOP AND THE ANTI-OPIUM AGITATION.

THE following letter has been addressed by the Lord Bishop of Bombay to the Honorary Secretary, Bombay Anti-Opium Alliance:—

SIR,—I have to request that you will remove my name from the roll of the Bombay Anti-Opium Alliance. For nearly three years back my connection with it has been purely nominal, as you are aware. My reason for dissolving even that nominal connection is that the withdrawal, qualification, or repudiation of the signatures of a number of medical men, which appeared on a petition circulated by the Aliance, has convinced me that India, as it is at present, is not a country in which agitation such as that for which the Alliance was started can be pursued to any good purpose.

Allow me, in parting, to express my unaltered belief in your personal good faith in the matter of the petition in question.—I am, dear Sir, yours truly,

(Signed) L. G. BOMBAY.

Bombay, January 4.

P.S.—I am sending copies of this letter to the Bombay daily newspapers.

THE BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE following is a memorandum of the Bank's Profits for the half-year ended 31st December:—

Net profit	Rs. 9,34,648
Applied as follows:—	
Dividend, free from Income Tax, at 10 per cent. per annum	Rs. 5,00,000
To Reserve Fund	„ 2,50,000
To Officers' Pension Fund	„ 25,000
Carried forward	„ 1,59,648
Total Rs.	9,34,648

"TRIAL BY JURY."

WE would remind our readers that the members of the Bombay Thespian Club intend making another appearance before the public at the Novelty Theatre, on Saturday evening next. "Trial by Jury" will be reproduced, and "Betsy Baker" will take the place of "A Cup of Tea." It is the intention of the Company to make a more ambitious effort, we hear, by and bye, and there is nothing to prevent them shortly taking a position in the Western Presidency similar to that occupied by the Amateur Dramatic Club at Simla. Booking for Saturday is making progress.

MILITARY NEWS.

LEAVE to proceed out of India, on medical certificate, has been granted to Conductor E. Newly, Ordnance Department. Similar leave on private affairs, has been granted to Lieut. W. A. Bruce, Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, Commissariat Transport Department, and, on medical certificate, to Capt. M. E. Carthew-Yorstoun, Staff Corps, Second-in-Command, 4th Bombay Cavalry, for one year.

A REMARKABLE example of journalistic candour is to be found in the current number of a well-known Servian paper, the "Schumadiski List." The following announcement, signed by the "Manager," is to be found in a prominent position: "In consequence of the indescribable laziness of our Editor, M.——[the name is given] who, since the 5th of November last, has turned day into night, spending the nights in revelry and the days in sleeping, the present issue contains one half-sheet only."

THE G. I. P. VOLUNTEER ENCAMPMENT AT IGATPURI.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

IGATPURI, JAN. 3.

THE senior volunteer regiment in the Bombay Presidency has never had a more successful encampment than that which commenced at Igatpuri on the 28th December, and which broke up yesterday morning. Twelve months ago the encampment was held at Lanowli, but owing to the entrenchments since made on the camping ground there for building purposes, the old quarters at the top of the Thull Ghat were resorted to this year. Situated nearly 2,000 feet above the level of the sea, this sanitarium has the advantage of a cool and invigorating air, and as it is easily accessible by rail to the whole of the thirteen companies of which the regiment consists, it is remarkably well suited for putting men under canvas, and now that Lanowli has been tried and found wanting, it is not very likely that the old quarters of the Corps will be again abandoned for fresh fields and pastures new. The chief difficulty with which the officers of a railway corps has to contend is their inability, owing to the exigencies of the railway service, to get together anything like the full strength of their companies for drill, and this difficulty is accentuated when the annual encampment comes round, and involves on the part of those who attend it a week's absence from duty. The willingness of the men to undergo the fatigues of encampment, and the readiness with which the heads of department give facilities for attendance may, therefore, be readily gathered from the fact that 436 of all ranks assembled at Igatpuri, out of a total of rather more than 1,100 efficients. Lieutenant-Colonel H. H. Swan was in command, and it need scarcely be said that in discharging the responsible duties of the office he was ably assisted by the other officers in camp, *viz.*, Major R. L. Trevithick, Captains and Honorary Majors W. H. Middleton, H. I. P. Thomson, and A. King, Captains C. Nicholson, H. C. Radford, R. W. Campion, S. J. Sarjent, R. C. H. Barnard, and W. H. Hussey, Lieutenants T. W. Bonner, B. W. O. Thompson, and E. R. Dangerfield; 2nd-Lieutenants J. C. D. Raper, J. Marr, C. H. Riches, G. R. Webb, and J. P. Mackeson, Honorary Chaplain Rev. T. Corfield, B.A., and Captain W. C. Ross, Inspector and Adjutant. Captain H. I. P. Thompson fulfilled the duties of mess president with genial tact and courtesy, and the catering of Mr. Nanabhoy gave complete satisfaction.

There were several very desirable alterations in the arrangement of the camp this year, notably in regard to the men's mess. In previous years the carriage shop at the station was utilised for provisioning the rank-and-file, and its distance from camp made the plan anything but a desirable one. This time, however, meals were served to the men under canvas, fourteen double-poled tents being attached together for the purpose. Accommodation was thus provided between the quarters of the left half and right half for 500 rank-and-file, but as this exceeded the requirements of the camp, two of the tents were taken down, leaving accommodation for about 400 persons. It has been the usual practice to divide the tender for catering between two victuallers, but Mrs. Connell always gave so much satisfaction in the fulfilment of her part of the contract, that last year at Lanowli the whole of the catering was placed in her hands. The work was so admirably carried out, that Mrs. Connell was again this year left in sole possession, and again fully justified the confidence placed in her, no complaint whatever reaching the authorities as to the catering. The sergeants' mess was conveniently situated to the south of the men's quarters, and was under the management of a committee of whom Sergeants Freeman and Varley may be described as the moving spirits. During his recent visit to England, Captain Ross, the popular Adjutant, at the request of the sergeants, purchased for them a complete mess kit, costing Rs. 1,600, and this was used for the first time this year. The non-commissioned officers were justifiably proud of the kit, upon every piece of which their monogram is stamped. The bandsmen had a separate dining tent, the messing arrangements being in the hands of Bandsman Matthews. A new departure, which gave great satisfaction to the non-commissioned officers and men was the bath-house made of corrugated iron, with five divisions, where the men could perform their morning ablutions in privacy and comfort. Sergeant Bethell had charge of the canteen, whilst the coffee tent (which was surrounded by plants in pots) was managed by Clr. Sergeant Gidney. A camp guard was provided from each company, consisting of a sergeant-corporal and twelve men. The hospital was situated at a short distance to the north-east of the camp, and here Sergeant Lucas, of Lanowli, was detailed for duty. The sergeant, who has for the last five or six years been "gazetted" for this department, had, I am pleased to report, very little to do. A few men were down with slight attacks of fever, but no serious case occurred. The number of men disabled from lameness was, notwithstanding the rather rough state of the ground, reduced this time to an inappreciable minimum, a circumstance doubtless due to the use of the good stout English ammunition boots purchased by the Adjutant when on leave. In the unavoidable absence of Surgeon-Captain Field, Lieutenant Marr, the Medical Officer of the Igatpuri contingent, looked after the health of the encampment. The total number of tents required for the week's stay was 120, seventy of them being double-poled ones. The Adjutant was assisted by Serjeant Tuffield in the camping arrangements, concerning which a competent military critic who visited the ground expressed an opinion that they were the best he had ever known a volunteer corps to possess.

On the opening day, December 28. Captain and Hony. Major Middleton was the officer in charge, his subaltern being Lieut. Mackeson. At the first parade nearly 400 men turned out, in their kharkee uniform. At half-past eleven, bayonet and manual exercises were practised, the drill being turned to further useful account by a lecture later in the day to the non-commissioned officers. This was all through an interesting feature of the camp, and officers, non-commissioned, and candidates for examination, all had the benefit in turn—through the medium of lectures by the Adjutant—of criticisms or commendations, as the case might be, upon the strategical and other work which they had previously gone through. At the afternoon drill the men presented a very smart and soldierly appearance in their blue uniform. There is a very general feeling in the corps in favour of the retention of blue uniform, and it is hoped that the protest against scarlet which has been forwarded by the officers to Government, may not be without avail. On Friday, Captain and Hony. Major Thomson and Lieut. G. R. Webb were the officers detailed for duty, while on Saturday Captain Nicholson and Lieut. Riches were the Captain and subaltern, respectively. The early morning of both days was spent in outpost duty. The men were formed into six companies, three of whom did duty as the advance guard on the first morning and three on the second. While the men were mounted guard, the Adjutant visited them to elicit by questioning whether they clearly understood the situation. On Sunday, Captain H. C. Radford and 2nd-Lieutenant J. Marr were the officers on duty. The day was quietly spent, the bugle only being sounded for the church parade at 8 o'clock. The service, which was only a brief one, was conducted by Chaplain Corfield.

If any of the officers and men in camp are superstitious, they must have forebodings as to the events of the New Year, for instead of being ushered in to them by church bells sounding forth the joyous message of which Tennyson wrote the year of grace 1894 was inaugurated with a heavy and altogether unexpected downpour of rain, and at about 4 o'clock the camp-dwellers were aroused by the water coming through the canvas roofs of their quarters. It was not until daybreak that the rain abated, and by that time most of the campers had become painfully conscious of the fact that residence in tents is not at all times to be desired. As the weather cleared at daylight, the bugle was sounded for a parade at 8 o'clock, and the companies turned out smartly, but the ground was found to be in so sodden a state that the execution of orders with anything like precision was a matter of extreme difficulty. Consequently, a postponement for two hours took place, and at 10 o'clock the corps again assembled for a special parade, in honour of the anniversary of the Proclamation of her Gracious Majesty the Queen as Empress of India. The companies had just fallen in, when the Clerk of the Weather again asserted his dictatorial sway, and the rain came down so heavily, that the corps was dismissed. The downpour did not cease until noon, and for the rest of the day the ground was almost swamped, but this was not allowed to prevent the holding of the customary afternoon parade. The officers of the day were Captain and Hon. Major A. King, and Second Lieut. J. C. D. Raper.

At an early hour on Tuesday the men were taken out towards the Ghaut overlooking the road coming from Kassara, to defend the camp from a supposed attack. The enemy consisting of the drill instructors (each of whom was supposed to represent half-a-company) were stationed on the opposite side of the eminence at points unknown to the defending party, and at a given time were to be allowed to make an effort to gain the camp under cover. The officer in command of the defending companies disposed their men with such good effect that the whereabouts of the enemy was soon ascertained, and when the latter emerged from their hiding-place and sought to break through the ranks they were repulsed again and again with a fussilade of blank cartridge, and were given in by the umpire to be clearly beaten. His Excellency Lieutenant-General C. E. Nairne, the Commander-in-Chief, passed through Igatpuri at 11-45 a.m., on his way from Poona to Nagpur, and was received at the station by a guard-of-honour, consisting of 100 rank-and-file, under the command of Captain Nicholson, with Lieuts T. V. Bonner and G. R. Webb. The Band also attended, in review order. The Commander-in-Chief alighted from the train, and having inspected the guard-of-honour, complimented them on their soldierly appearance. He remarked that if they fairly represented the remainder of the men in camp, the G. I. P. R. corps might be considered one of the finest volunteer Regiments on this side of the Empire. Colonel Bissett (who had been on a visit to the camp since the previous evening) left by the same train *en route* for Calcutta, to take up his duties as Inspector-General of Railways. The camp officers on Tuesday were Capt. R. W. Campion and Lieut. E. R. Dangerfield.

The time at camp was pleasantly varied, and amidst all the hard work amusements were not by any means overlooked. On Saturday night, the Orpheau Dramatic Club drew a large house to the station carriage stores, which had been temporarily fitted up as a theatre, and made to look fairly presentable. The company (who are to give two evening performances in Bombay before the present month is out) rendered a performance of "Everybody's Friend," a highly amusing three-act comedy, written by J. Stirling Boyne. The Band of the G. I. P. R. Volunteers was in attendance and added by their playing to the hearty enjoyment evinced by officers, the rank-and-file (who composed the greater part of the audience) and the civilian audience. Mr. Alfred E. Bice and Mr. T. A. Savage were respectively the business and stage managers, the honorary secretary and treasurer of the Club being Lieutenant J. P. Mackeson. The play went thoroughly well, and the *dramatis personæ* must have felt that the hearty laughter and applause with which they were greeted compensated to a considerable extent for the time and trouble occupied in taking the eighty-five miles' journey from Bombay to afford an evening's diversion. The parts were assigned as under: Mr. Felix Featherly; Mr. A.E. Bice; Mr. Icebrook, Lieutenant J. P. Mackeson; Major; Wellington de Boots, Mr. W. L. Shaw; Trap, Mr. A. Wise; Mrs. Featherly, Mrs. Cruikshank; Mrs. Swandown (a widow), Miss Savage; Mrs. Wellington de Boots, Mrs. Bice; and Fanny, Miss Thoburn. On Monday night, a dance took place, and on Tuesday the "Orphans," as they are facetiously termed, made the evening pleasantly pass with a concert and farce. The concert was given by Mr. and Mrs. Bice, Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, and Messrs. Ferguson and Holdway. Mr. Brand was to have given two violin solos, but was unavoidably kept away. The farce, "Never Reckon your Chickens," described the disappointment of the two eldest daughters of a retired tallow chandler, in being passed over by a Mr. John Tinkler for their young romping sister. The characters in this ludicrous representation were ably sustained as under: Mr. Jonathan Glubb, Mr. W.L. Shaw; Mr. John Tinkler, Lieutenant Mackeson; Simon (page-boy), Mr. A. Wise; Miss Jane Glubb, Miss Savage; Miss Sarah Glubb, Miss Thorburn; Maggie Glubb, Mrs. Cruickshank; Mary (a servant), Mrs. Bice. The officers ball, on Wednesday night, terminated the festivities and was a brilliant function, the Reviewing Officer and most of the officers of the Corps being present.

The Reviewing Officer, Lieut.-Col. E. H. Fitz Herbert, accompanied by Capt. Carleton, Adjutant of the Deolalee Depot, as Staff Officer, arrived at the station at an early hour on Wednesday morning, and rode into camp shortly after the men had fallen in for parade. The first critically tested the knowledge of outpost duty possessed by the corps, during a march out occupying two hours. On returning the Reviewing Officer went through the camp, and inspected it in detail, expressing his gratification at what he saw. The officers for the day were Capt. S.J. Sarjent, and Lieut. B. W. O. Thompson. At noon five of the Subalterns (Lieuts. Raper, Marr, Riches, Webb, and Mackeson) were put through a staff examination (both practical and theoretical) and succeeded in satisfying the examiners as to their general efficiency. Marks were awarded during the encampment for guard mounting, and the result was declared on Wednesday to be—N Company, 46 points, Rs. 27-8; H Company, 45 points, Rs. 49; and F Company, 42 points, Rs. 32. A bugle competition was also held, the result being as under: Bugler G. C. Gillespie (E Company) and Bugler D. Ford (N Company) tied, prize Rs. 20 each; 3rd Bugler Dowling (F Company), Rs. 20. At four o'clock, the Battalion paraded in review order in blue uniform for inspection by Lieutenant-Colonel Fitzherbert, and made a highly creditable appearance. The arms and accoutrements were as bright as new pins. The battalion drew up, with the Band in the rear, on the parade-ground near the station before a large gathering of spectators, including the visitors who had arrived in camp during the day and received the General in line with a general salute, after which it went through the usual inspection parade, the details of which were well undertaken. The advance in review order was a smart and splendidly executed movement, the entire length of the line coming forward very steadily. The various evolutions were carried out in succession under the command of Lieut.-Col. Swann, Major Trevithick, and the Adjutant. After executing the advance in review order, the men were formed up into three sides of a square, and thus addressed by Lieut.-Col. FitzHerbert:—

Lieut-Col Swann, officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers,—I have had great pleasure in inspecting the battalion to-day. I notice several things of which you have every reason to be proud, and one or two very slight things in which there is, perhaps, room for improvement. I was pleased with the steadiness of the men when I rode up on parade after the general salute. It was done as steadily as old soldiers would have done it, except in the case of three men—they know very well who I mean. It is very hard on a battalion when men won't take sufficient pains or give any consideration to their comrades by paying a little attention. But for these three men nothing could have been steadier or better. Steadiness on parade means steadiness under fire. A battalion that talks on parade, moving about, paying no attention, would in time of trouble and danger pay no attention to the order of officers. I congratulate you on the appearance of the ranks and on your steadiness on parade. I think it a most creditable turn-out altogether. A few months ago, you, in Bombay, had experience of how very necessary your services may be. I hope that occasion may never again arise for the Volunteers in Bombay to be called out to aid the civil power. It is possible, however, that what has occurred once may occur again. You must all have felt proud when called out that you had received a military training such as to enable you to take your place on the ranks as good citizens, to assist in putting down riot and disorder. I have also, according to what Major Rossiter tells me, to congratulate you on the state in which your arms are kept. The first duty of a soldier is to obey their officers and to keep their arms and accoutrements clean. Your arms were very clean and Major Rossiter tells me there were but eight dirty rifles in the whole battalion, one of which was in the possession of an old soldier of the line. I think these men must also feel a little ashamed that they did not get their arms into a more perfect state. As regards the parade this morning, consisting of the carrying out of the most important duty of outpost, the ground was exceedingly difficult, and I think from my own experience that you will always find it better to have the scene prepared before going out to work over difficult ground. Also I have always found on my own experience that in outpost duty it greatly adds in interest if there is a small opposing force. Many of you who are stationed in out-of-the-way places may not often have the opportunity of practising outpost duty. But patrolling is quite as important as outpost and patrols can always be worked with a very small force. I congratulate Colonel Swann, and the Officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the G. I. P. Railway on the smart and excellent manner in which you have turned out, and it will give me much pleasure to note the same in my report.

Sergt.-Instructor F. Tuffield (F Company) was then called out, and presented with a medal for good conduct and long service by Lieut-Col. FitzHerbert, who said he had great pleasure in making the presentation. Sergt. Tuffield already has, continued the General, a medal on his breast for the Afghan war. Medals nowadays fly about in a promiscuous manner, very often, but the one I hold in my hand is one of which all soldiers should be proud as it tells both of good conduct and long service. The medal does sometimes go to a man not absolutely worthy of the distinction, but in this case I am informed that Sergt.-Instructor Tuffield has performed his duties in an excellent manner and they are deserving of this honour. The medal is a special mark of the favour shown by the Empress of India to old non-commissioned Officers. I have great pleasure in pinning it on Sergeant Tuffield's breast, and I trust he may live long to wear it, and to wear it worthily.

Mrs. Trevithick then presented the prizes won at the annual rifle meetings during December last as under:—

DIRECTORS' PRIZES.

	Co.	Pts.	Prize. Rs.
Vol H A Watson	F	75	200
Color-Sergt J Gidney	D	74	100
Sergt G Hill	D	73	85
Sergt W Osborne	F	72	65
Corpl G Easdon	F	70	50
		Total Rs.	500

ADJUTANT'S CUP.

	Co.	Pts.	Prize. Rs.
Lce-Sergt R Freeman	M	51	50
Sergt W Osborne	F	50½	30
Sergt F A Jones	F	49	20
Vol J Gale	G	49	15
Vol G H Lasbury	M	49	15
Lce-Sergt T R Donnelly	E	48½	15
Cr-Sergt J Gidney	D	48	15
Vol T O'Leary	M	47½	10
Sergt N Brown	M	47	10
Lce-Sergt J E Dowling	B	46½	10
Corpl W B Bease	H	46	10
		Total Rs.	200

AGENT'S CUP.

	Co.	Prize. Rs.
Vol F H Lilly	F	100
Corpl J H Rowe	H	15
Corpl C A Cutler	A	15
Vol A J Herbert	A	10
Vol W T Kelly	L	10
	Total Rs.	150

HARRIS' CUP.

	Co.	Prize. Rs.
Lce-Sergt J E Dowling	B	60
Sergt F A Jones	F	25
Corpl H W Blake	F	10
Lce-Corpl T H Hayter	M	5
Vol J P Redmond	E	5
Sergt W Osborne	F	5
	Total Rs.	100

COMPANY CHALLENGE CUP.

	Pts.	
F Company	469	Cup, 2nd time won.

OFFICERS' CUP.

	Co.	Pts.	Prize. Rs.
Lieut E R Dangerfield	G	69	100
Lieut H McP Mitchell	E	61	50
		Total Rs.	150

INSTRUCTORS' PRIZES.

	Pts.	Prize
Sergt-Instructor E Pallister	50	Rs. 100 Concedes 4 points Handicap, winner of Cup 1891.
Sergt-Instructor R W Chapman	46	Rs. 10, entries.
	Total	Rs. 110

Summary of Prizes.—Directors' Prizes, Rs. 500; Adjutants Cup, Rs. 200; Agent's, Cup, Rs. 150; Harris' Cup, Rs. 100; Officers' Cup, Rs. 150; Instructors' Prize, Rs. 110; and Company Prizes, 2,176—Total Prize-money for the Meeting, Rs. 3,386.

Lieut-Col Swann having, in a few graceful words, thanked Mrs. Trevithick for distributing the prizes, the battalion marched back to camp, and were there dismissed. The men who did not leave by the night trains, spent the evening on social intercourse and joviality reigned supreme. The camp—one of the most successful of the sixteen that have been held since the formation of the Corps—broke up yesterday morning. The parade state was as under:—

STATE.	Lieut-Col.	Majors.	Captains.	Lieuts.	2nd-Lieuts.	Hony Chaplain.	Qr-Mr Sergt.	Color-Sergts.	Sergeants.	Lance-Sergts.	Corporals.	Lance-Corpls.	Buglers.	Volunteers.	Musicians.	Total.	Army Staff. Insptr & Adjt.	Army Staff. Sergt-Instrs.	Army Staff. Drill Instrs.	Grand Total.
Present	1	1	8	3	5	1	1	8	18	10	21	12	5	283	45	423	1	10	2	436

NOTES FROM MUSCAT.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

MUSCAT, DEC. 27.

ON the 15th inst., telegrams were received from Zanzibar, intimating the departure of H. H. steam-ship Nyanza for this port on the 11th inst., with her Highness the Sultana of Muscat and her sisters, with their retinue, as passengers on board. H. H. the Sultan had a long separation of eight months from the Sultana and the young Prince Teymore. Watchmen were in constant attendance at the fort facing the sea. About 1 p.m., on the 23rd inst., the steamer was sighted at a considerable distance, with the royal flags hoisted up on the top. At once a holiday was announced, and flags were hoisted up on the forts. Thousands of persons, some of them mere spectators who had learned of the arrival of the steamer, gathered at the Khore and Mogulba. H. H. the Sultan, anxious to meet the Sultana and the Prince, at once putforth in his steam launch, and went a mile in advance to reach the steamer as soon as possible. At 4-30 p.m., the steamer anchored in our harbour amidst general rejoicings. H. H. the Sultan landed with the young Prince Teymore, and the usual salute of twenty-one guns was fired from the fort at Khore. H. H. the Sultana and her sisters, with their retinue, landed after sunset. The morning of Sunday, the 24th inst., dawned with the beating of drums and the blowing of trumpets. For three successive days, gay processions of holiday-makers went on, and the joy displayed by H. H. the Sultan and his courtiers was boundless. Alms and clothing were freely distributed, and the poor were provided with feasts. The courtiers and subordinate officers were all presented according to their rank, and the Sultana and the young Prince returned laden with jewellery for themselves and for H. H. the Sultan of Muscat. The steam ship Nyanza, with passengers, leave this port for Bombay to-day.

SILVER AND EXCHANGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It appears that an imposition of duty on silver is highly improbable for the present, and the question is what should be done instead. The Secretary of State has been bottling up his Council Bills and borrowed in gold to such an extent that his position is now very serious. Silver still holds the field as being the most profitable means of financing the exports, and will continue so to be, and to me it seems absolutely stupid for the Secretary of State to hold on to his Councils any longer at 1s. 3¼d. so long as silver can be laid down at say 1s. 3d. Had the Secretary of State but met the market with Councils from the day the Mints were closed, we should never have seen these large importations of silver. From 1s. 3½d. he refused to budge until he saw that exports were being largely financed with silver, when he gave way and sold at 1s. 3¼d. Even this rate, however, does not tempt buyers for the simple reason that silver can still be laid down at a cheaper rate. The most effective and simple remedy that I can think of now is for the Secretary of State to reduce his Council drawings to, say, twenty-five lakhs a week, and to sell them at best market rate. Extras applied for to be charged 1-16th or 1-8th higher than the minimum. The immediate effect would be to send silver down in London, which would probably close many more silver mines, the Secretary of State would not require to borrow further in gold and though exchange may fall for the moment, the ultimate result would be a higher exchange, and the Secretary of State would be in a position to dictate his own terms which he cannot do now, and there would be no *necessity for a duty on silver*.—Yours, &c.,

S.

GENERAL LORD ROBERTS, an unaccustomed contributor to periodical literature, has undertaken to write for the *Pall Mall Magazine* an article on the Rise of Wellington through the Peninsular War. The first will appear in the January number. Lord Wolseley has for the same magazine written a series of articles on the Decline and Fall of Napoleon the First.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE ordinary monthly meeting of the Corporation took place in the Council Chamber yesterday afternoon. Dr. Thomas Blaney was in the chair; and there were also present: Messrs. Abdulla M. Dharamsi, Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Ardasir Dadabhai Mody, Badrudin bin Abdula Kur, Bhaishunker Nanabhai, Brigade-Surgeon S. O'B. Banks, Bhagwandas Narotumdas, E. B. Carroll, J. P. Cornforth, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Cowasji Pestonji, Dominick A. D'Monte, Fazalbhai Jumabhai Lalji, Fazulbhoy Visram, Framji Dorabji Divecha, Goolam Hoosein Allana, Govardhandas Goculdas Tejpal, W. C. Hughes, Hurkisondas Nurrotumdas, Ibrahim Rahimtula, Jagmohandas Vandrawandas, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Karsandas Chubildas, K. M. Shroff, Kharsadji Nasarwanji Wadya, G. Lund, G A. Maconachie, Nanabhai Naoroji Katrak, Nanu Narayen Kothare, Nowroji Jehangir Gamadia, R. G. Oxenham, Pherozeshah M. Mehta, Purshotamdas Munguldas Nathubhoy, Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani, G. W. Roughton, Shivaji Dhurmaji, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas, Mr. R. H. Vincent, and Captain W. P. Walshe.

ADDRESS TO THE VICEROY-DESIGNATE.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. P. M. Mehta, the subjoined address of welcome to the Earl of Elgin, the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, on his landing in Bombay was adopted.

To HIS EXCELLENCY VICTOR ALEXANDER BRUCE, P.C., LL.D., Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Lord Bruce of Kinloss and Lord Bruce of Torry in Scotland, and Baron Elgin of Elgin in the United Kingdom.

May it please Your Lordship,—We, the President and Members of the Muncipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, beg to offer your Lordship, on behalf of the people of Bombay, a cordial welcome to the country, whose Government has been entrusted to your keeping by our revered and beloved Sovereign the Queen-Empress.

2. Fully recognizing the important and onerous duties of the position which your Lordship is called to fill at the head of the Government of this Empire, and the very grave and varied public responsibilities which are involved in carrying on the administration in this period of its history, we are confident that in your Lordship India will find a ruler who will pursue a policy in close sympathy with that of the much-loved Viceroy whose name your Lordship bears and whose memory you recall.

3. Your Lordship arrives in India in a time of both internal and external peace. The people of Bombay are thankful for this peace, and we may be permitted to hope that it will continue unshaken during your Lordship's administration. Numerous questions of internal polity are pressing on the attention of Government and people alike at the present time, such as the state of the currency, the commercial and financial condition of the country, the extension of railways, and the progress of education in all directions, and claim careful and early consideration.

4. The people of this country are now bound together by the ties of a common loyalty to the Queen-Empress, whom they have learnt to regard with feelings of deep affection and reverence.

5. We have reason to believe that your Lordship will be received all over India and by all classes of the people with a foregone prepossession in your Lordship's favour arising from the faith which is placed in the name you bear and from the experience of the policy followed by your distinguished father, and they gladly anticipate that your Lordship's rule will tend to confirm those sentiments by an impartial, righteous, and sympathetic treatment of all classes of her Majesty's subjects.

6. In conclusion, we trust that both your Lordship and Lady Elgin may enjoy a continuance of health during the period of your Viceroyalty and for many years after.

THOMAS BLANEY.
JAVERILAL U. YAJNIK.
R. M. SAYANI.
JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY.
P. M. MEHTA.
GRATTAN GEARY.

Bombay, Municipal Offices, 29th December, 1893.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. M. Mehta moved that in accordance with the recommendation of the Standing Committee sanction be given to the payment from surplus cash balances of Rs. 1,500 to meet the cost of illuminating and engrossing addresses of welcome to the Right Hon'ble the Earl of Elgin, Viceroy-Designate, and to Dadabhai Naoroji, Esq., M.P.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Nanu Kothare and agreed to.

THE ADDRESS TO MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI, M.P.

The Committee appointed to prepare an address to Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji brought forward the following draft:—

To Dadabhai Naoroji, Esq., M. P.

Sir,—We, the President and Members of Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, avail ourselves of the opportunity of offering you a hearty welcome on the occasion of your present visit to this the country of your birth, and to the city in which you have spent the earlier years of your life, and in which you have done good service in every line of public activity.

We congratulate you on securing a seat in the British House of Commons. You are the first native of India who has succeeded in entering that great and ancient Assembly, and this Corporation cordially rejoices with you in having achieved a distinction which brings honour, not only on yourself, but on this your native city.

We wish you continuance of health and strength, and trust that in the future your Parliamentary career will continue to justify the confidence which the people of India of all classes have always placed in you.

If you have reason to be proud of the distinction which the electors of Central Finsbury have placed upon you, your fellow-citizens in Bombay share in that pride, believing, as they do, that the confidence reposed in you as a representative man in Parliament will be fully justified by your future career.

THOMAS BLANEY, President.

The President said that he had been in communication with Mr. Dadabhai as to when he would be willing to receive the address, and Mr. Dadabhai had telegraphed from Lahore—"I should be glad to have the honour of receiving the Corporation's address on 9th January." The President said that a committee had been appointed to prepare the address, but it had not been asked to consider the question where the address should be presented. He himself thought that the committee should not decide on matters of that sort, seeing there were no precedents to guide them. If, however, the Corporation did not settle the question that day, he (Dr. Blaney) would call together the committee at the conclusion of that meeting, and, if the Corporation wished, the committee could then take the responsibility of deciding where the address should be presented. Otherwise it would be necessary to call a special urgent meeting of the Corporation for Tuesday next (the day on which the address was to be presented) to receive the report of the committee.

Mr. Bhaishunker thought that the matter might be referred to the committee with full powers to act, and it was agreed that this course should be taken.

MEMBERSHIP OF THE CORPORATION.

On the motion of Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, the Corporation filed a memorandum from the Commissioner, notifying the election of Mr. R. H. Vincent, as a member of the Corporation, in the place of Mr. Selim Solomon, resigned.

A letter was read from Mr. Pranjiwandass Culliandass, resigning his seat as a Councillor, and the resignation was accepted.

A letter was received from Mr. Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama, requesting the Corporation to approve of his absence for a period of three months on account of ill-health. The necessary leave was given.

JOINT SCHOOLS COMMITTEE.

A letter was received from the Secretary, Joint Schools Committee, stating that amongst the members of the Committee appointed by the Corporation Mr. Abdulla M. Dharamsi is the senior member who retires at the end of the current year.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. P. M. Mehta, seconded by Mr. Bhaishanker, Mr. Abdulla M. Dharamsi was re-appointed a member of the Joint Schools Committee.

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR 1894-95.

The President said that the Budget Estimates for 1894-95 was the next item on the agenda. It was usual before the details of income and expenditure were considered to give the members of the Corporation an opportunity to make any remarks they wished on the Budget.

In proposing that the Budget Estimates be proceeded with Dr. Cowasjee Hormasjee, said: Mr. President,—It affords me very great pleasure indeed as Chairman of the Standing Committee once more to submit for the consideration of the Corporation, the Budget Estimates of income and expenditure for the year 1894-95 as revised and finally passed by the Committee. In accordance with Section 125 of the Municipal Act, the Commissioner prepared his Budget Estimates for the ensuing year and laid them before the Standing Committee in due time, and the Committee as directed in Section 126 of the Act, began to consider the Estimates and proposals of the Commissioner on the 10th November last, and after several long sittings, they have been able to send on to the Corporation this budget which from my long experience of Municipal budgets I think can very aptly be styled the budget of the Standing Committee. Thanks to the exertions of the Committee, I feel assured that this meeting will agree with me, when I say that a more carefully considered and satisfactory budget has never been submitted to the Corporation, for while due provision has been made for the service of the ensuing year, taxation has been reduced to the extent of Rs. 1,26,000 and the estimates of expenditure proposed by the Municipal Commissioner reduced by Rs. 3,52,115, the net result being, that while the sanctioned expenditure for the current is Rs. 64,30,488, the estimate for the year 1894-95 is only Rs. 62,41,772, and that while the unexpended balance for the current year is Rs. 13,15,332, the balance for next year is estimated at Rs. 17,82,728. These figures speak for themselves, and I have thought proper this year to give a few facts and figures only in order that the Corporation may form their own opinion as to the satisfactory results or otherwise arrived at by the Standing Committee in framing the Budget under consideration. The great object we have in view has been to make our income and expenditure balance one another as far as possible, for hitherto, as has been so often pointed out at this Council, the expenditure has always exceeded the income proper. With care and economy the Corporation should at no very distant date be able to effect this much desired reform by the judicious appropriations from unappropriated balances from year to year, supplemented by such increases as in the ordinary course of affairs will be available from the ordinary growth of income. The Commissioner's estimates provided for an income of Rs. 62,00,500, or with the opening balance of Rs. 19,50,000 a total of Rs. 81,50,500, which estimares the Committee redused to Rs. 60,74,500 and Rs. 80,24,500, respectively. The Commissioner's estimates of expenditure amounted to Rs. 65,93,887, or with a closing balance of Rs. 15,56,613 to a total of Rs. 81,50,500. These figures as the Corporation will have found, the Committee reduced to Rs. 62,41,728, thereby providing for a closing balance of Rs. 17,82,728. The summary of the Commissioner's estimates printed at page 5 of the Budget placed side by side with the estimates as revised by the Standing Committee, shows, that the total decrease made by the Committee amounted to the sum of Rs. 3,52,115. It must, however, be clearly understood that a large portion of these decreases have been made by disallowing certain proposed new work costing about Rs. 1,17,423, as well as by reducing Rs. 75,000 from the usual grant for worn-out mains, &c. The most substantial reduction, however, was made in the budget of the Public Health Department without in the slightest degree affecting the usual efficiency of that department. It was pointed out at the meeting of the Standing Committee by myself that during the last three years the Budget estimates of expenditure of this department have been more than the actuals by about a lakh and a quarter rupees on an average. The Municipal Commissioner was requested to frame another revised budget in accordance with those facts, and be it said to his credit that he did submit revised estimates showing a reduction of Rs. 66,000 from the original proposals. But the Standing Committee were further able to reduce another twenty thousand rupees, thus in all, the total reduction effected in the Health Department amounted to Rs. 86,874. In his introductory remarks, the Municipal Commissioner in referring to the large opening balance on 1st April next, said that "that amount did not imply any normal increase of revenue or reduction of expenditure which can be taken into account in yearly estimates; a careful study of the present and passed budgets will show that the regular revenue is increasing but slowly. It is disappointing to observe this in the case of water revenue which during the current year is materially below what was hoped for. The rapid progression of this head of revenue in the few past years had generated expectations which have proved too sanguine. In spite, therefore, of the large balances shown by the above statement, it does not seem possible, in prudence, to reduce any item of taxation. This could only be justified by the fact that normal revenue had overtaken or nearly overtaken normal expenditure, which is far from being the case. The balance should still, for the most part be guarded to tide over the period till that time arrives, though a portion is proposed in the coming year to be utilized to provide for new works of established necessity in excess of the usual allotment under that head," Now with regard to these observations, I should like to point out to the Corporation, that as a matter of fact, the actual revenue for 1892-93 exceeded by Rs. 725,000, and that in any case, as stated on page 11 of the budget under consideration, the new year opens with this large balance of Rs. 19,50,000 or eighteen lakhs and a half more than the one lakh reserve required by law. Out of this the Commissioner proposed to set aside Rs. 4,00,000 to meet the deficit in 1894-95 on account of increased police charges, and to retain Rs. 14,50,000 invested as surplus balance to meet similar deficits in 1895-96 and subsequent years until the ordinary revenue has overtaken the ordinary expenditure. But the majority of the Standing Committee were unable to agree with him on this point, as they were decidedly of opinion that the time has come when with the help of the four lakhs of rupees which I have just mentioned, or rather part thereof, it is possible to so frame the estimates as to provide for the normal revenue overtaking the normal expenditure, and this, too, while still reserving the surplus of Rs. 14,50,000 and at the same time reducing taxation by Rs. 1,26,000 to which I have already alluded, viz., by lowering the town duties on grain from four annas to two annas per candy, and on firewood from two annas to one anna per candy. There was good deal of discussion on this reduction on town duties, but the majority of the Standing Committee thought it right not to tax people when the money was not required. It is hoped also that the actuals of income will more than counterbalance this deficit of Rs. 1,26,000; but supposing even if they do not do so, the amount will be more than covered by Rs. 1,70,000 set aside by the Committee in place of four laks proposed by the Commissioner. It is hardly necessary for me to add, however, that such a budget as the Committee have been able to frame, could not have been so framed had they consented to the Commissioner's proposals for exceeding the normal expenditure on account of works, the necessity for which was not satisfactorily established. It was in accordance with this principle that the increases of expenditure which have been entered in the estimates only aggregate Rs. 96,974, instead of Rs. 3,24,438, as recommended by the Commissioner, and that the estimates on account of Loan works charges have been largely reduced. Thus while the estimates of income and expenditure on Loan account for the current year are entered at Rs. 24,58,993 and Rs. 22,85,036 respectively, those in the new budget were only entered, for income at Rs. 16,22,904 and for expenditure at Rs. 14,61,790. This is due to the fact that for the year 1894-95, the only estimates beyond those on account of Loan charges already sanctioned by the Corporation, are for Rs. 7,00,000 on account of the most urgent works, namely, the sewerage of the Mazagon district on the gravitation system, the construction of storm-water drains in Khetwady, of additional filtration appliances in the Malabar Hill reservoir and alteration to those already existing, the laying down of new water mains, principally in the Agripada district where none exist at present, and the building of a milch cattle stable at Mody Bay. Of these seven lakhs, it is only proposed to raise Rs. four lakhs during the ensuing year, and nearly three lakhs of rupees from savings in the Loan works accounts are to be utilized for the sewarage of Parel district on the gravitation system, storm-water drain in Cruickshank Road and lifting sewage at the junction of Marine Lines 15-inch pipe sewer and the Queen's Road ovoid sewer, &c.

Mr. Shroff seconded the motion.

Dr. Katruck moved as an amendment that the consideration of the expenditure side of the Budget Estimates should be proceeded with first.

Dr. Mody seconded the amendment.

The Hon. Mr. Pherozshaw Mehta was opposed to the amendment. He submitted that the course proposed by Mr. Katruck involved much perplexity, and saw no reason to depart from the old custom. Mr. Katruck had said that the Standing Committee had struck out a new path, but Mr. Mehta remarked that it was not so; nor was it a wrong path, and so there was no necessity for striking out a new path as suggested by Dr. Katruck. The point had been considered over and over again, but there was some plausibility in the matter. It would be advantageous to first consider the revenue side and then the expenditure side of each section of the Budget.

Mr. Kursondass Chubildas suggested that Dr. Katruck should withdraw his amendment.

Dr. Katruck having agreed to the course, the original proposition was put to the vote and carried.

GENERAL TAXES.

Dr. Cowasjee Hormasjee proposed that the Corporation hereby determine that the general tax leviable in buildings and lands under sub-section 140 of the Act should be levied for the year at the rate of 8 per cent. of the rateable value of such buildings and lands, and that the tax leviable for the entertainment of the fire-brigade and the protection of life and property in the case of fire be levied at the rate of half per cent. of the rateable value of such buildings and land. That the Budget Estimate of the general tax at 8 per cent., including contribution of Rs. 96,767 from Government and Rs. 15,398 from the Port Trust for the year be adopted at Rs. 17,18,588. That the Budget Estimate of the additional tax under the provisions of the Act be adopted at Rs. 1,07,412, including Rs. 9,619 from the Port Trust and Rs. 6,048 from Government.

Mr. Shroff seconded the proposition, which was carried.

WHEEL TAX.

On the motion of Dr. Cowasjee Hormasjee the Corporation passed the tax leviable on vehicles and animals at the maximum rate allowed by the Act.

PROPOSED REDUCTION OF GRAIN DUTY.

Dr. Cowasjee Hormasjee proposed that the town duty leviable on articles under Section 162 of the Act should be levied for the year as under:—Grain of all sorts, per candy, two annas; wines and spirits per imperial gallon, four annas; beer per imperial gallon, six pies; sugar, molasses and goor per cwt., eight annas; ghee per Bombay maund, eight annas; timber excluding railway sleepers, two and-a-half per cent. on market value; fire-wood per candy, one anna. That the Budget Estimate in respect of receipts from town duties for the year be adopted.

Mr. Roughton, in seconding the proposition, detailed the reasons which induced the Standing Committee to reduce the town duty on grain from four to two annas per candy.

The Hon. Mr. Oxenham moved an amendment to the effect that the grain duties be retained at the existing figures, namely four annas.

The President pointed out that Mr. Oxenham could not move the amendment, inasmuch as he had not given notice of a motion, the effect of which would be to increase the rates.

Mr. Oxenham enquired if there was any way by which the Corporation could be in order in discussing the question raised by his amendment.

The Hon. Mr. Mehta said that Mr. Oxenham's only course was to propose an adjournment of the meeting, and give notice of his intention to move the amendment at the next sitting.

After some further discussion as to the proper course to be pursued, and the Act had been consulted, Mr. Oxenham moved as an amendment that the consideration of the item of town duties on the income side of the Budget be postponed.

Mr. R. M. Sayani opposed the amendment remarking that Mr. Oxenham had ample opportunity to give notice of his motion for the increase of duty on grain, and that the meeting, therefore, ought not to be postponed to allow him to do that which he had neglected to do.

Mr. Rebsch supported the amendment, and hoped that the Corporation would allow the adjournment, to enable Mr. Oxenham to bring forward a proposal dealing with a very important question.

The Hon. Mr. Mehta opposed the amendment on the ground that the Standing Committee had done well in reducing the tax on grain from four to two annas, considering the fact that there was such a large surplus cash balance at their command. He, therefore, saw no necessity for the adjournment of the meeting to consider the proposal, which sought to increase the tax.

The Municipal Commissioner here said that in order to express his views on the question involved in Mr. Oxenham's amendment he must speak generally on the Budget, and his remarks would occupy nearly an hour.

As it was then 5 p.m., Dr. Maconachie proposed, and Dr. Banks seconded, that the meeting should be adjourned till Monday next.

Mr. K. M. Shroff proposed as an amendment that the meeting be adjourned till to-day (Friday).

Mr. Bhaishanker seconded the amendment, which was carried by a small majority.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

The following season reports for the week ending 2nd January were published in yesterday's "Bombay Govt. Gazette":—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 31st December 1893, 4 feet 10 inches against 3 feet 10 inches on same date last year. Rabi crops slightly damaged by rats in Mirpur Sakro taluka. Agricultural stock in good condition.

Shikarpur.—Thrashing of kharif and sowing of rabi crops progressing. Rain in two talukas. Condition of cattle good. Fodder sufficient.

Hyderabad.—Batai of kharif crops continues. Rabi crops sown are thriving. Rain in Hyderabad 36 cents. Agricultural stock healthy. Fodder sufficient.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Rabi sowings promise well, but rain needed. Jowari 52 and wheat 32 as against 46 and 33 lbs per rupee this time last year.

Thar and Parker.—Rabi crops in good condition.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 30th December 1893).—Reaping of rice completed. Sowing of rabi crops in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Standing crops and agricultural stock in good condition. Probable outturn of crops good. Fodder ample.

Broach.—Standing crops in good condition. Prospects and probable outturn of crops good. Condition of fodder supply good and agricultural stock healthy.

Surat.—(For week ending 30th December 1893).—Reaping of jowari in progress. Crops in good condition. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Picking of cotton continues. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Nasik.—(For week ending 1st January 1894).—Reaping of kharif and sowing of rabi crops completed in almost all the talukas. Rabi standing crops good. Dews beneficial. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock fair.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain 0·22 inch on 1st January 1894. Abnormal temperature 1° cool on 27th, 1° warm on 28th, 30th and 1st, 2° warm on 29th and 31st, and nil on 2nd. Vapour in air excessive on 27th and from 29th to 2nd, and normal on 28th. Abnormal wind southerly from 28th to 1st; wind normal on 27th and 2nd.

Thana.—Rain for week at head-quarters 1 inch 26 cents, in the Bassein taluka 68 cents. Thrashing of rice in progress. Rabi sowing almost over. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stok good.

Kolaba.—Thrashing of rice crops in progress. Sowing of rabi crops completed. Crops doing well. Fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Ratnagiri.—Sowing of summer crops in progress.

Poona.—Rain deficient in Junnar, Indapur, Sirur, and Maval talukas, but badly wanted for the rabi crops in the Sirur and Junnar talukas. Standing crops doing well throughout the district, except in taluka Sirur, where they are drying up for want of mositure. Conition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Ahmednagar.—Thrashing of bajri and picking of cotton in progress. Wheat, gram and jowari crops in fair condition in parts and withering in others for want of mositure. Crops injured by insects in parts of Kopargaon taluka. Condition of fodder and agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains generally steady.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 30th December 1893).—Reaping of kharif crops in progress. Rabi crops in good condition, except, in Sangola, where the jowari crop is suffering from excessive cold. Lands are being prepared for the next season in Karmala taluka. Todder and grass sufficient. Agricultural stock good.

Satara.—Rabi crops in good condition, except in Satara, where the crop is suffering from excessive cold. Condition of fodder and agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Standing crops good. Harvesting of kharif crops progressing.

Belgaum.—Harvesting of early crops in progress. Young rabi crops generally good. Fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Dharwar.—Standing crops good. Reaping of paddy and early jowari in progress. Exotic cotton slightly blighted in Hubli. Gadag Bankapur, Ranebenur, Karajgi, Ron and Mundagi talukas.

Kanara.—Below-ghat sowing of second crop still progressing; above-ghat early rice harvest nearly completed. Garden crops doing well. Agricultural stock good.

Rajkot.—Watering of wheat in progress.

Wadhwan.—Rain 7 cents at Wadhwan. Fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock good.

Baroda.—Standing crops and agricultural stock fair. Reaping of kharif and sowing of rabi crops nearly over. Cotton picking commenced in Amreli.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hour ending at 8 p.m., of the 4th January, 1894.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date.			Time occupied in transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	..	..	..
Teheran	4	1	58 p.m.	..	42
Suez	4	3	...	..	9

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay, during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., on 4th January, 1894.

—	Maximum Time.		Minimum Time.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta	2	55	...	1
" Kurrachee	..	25	...	1
" Madras	5	3	...	1

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP—Pure, Mild, and Emollient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The passes between Chitral and Badakhshan are now blocked with snow.

The regiments lately raised by Umra Khan of Jhandol have been supplied with khaki uniform. Umra Khan takes part in drilling them personally.

We are very sorry to hear from Jellalabad, writes the Lahore paper, that the Amir is now suffering again from his old disease of gout. We believe that the administration is being carried on by Shahzada Habibulla.

In accordance with the orders of the Amir, General Ghulam Haidar has reached Jellalabad to take arrangements for the Amir's arrival. It is said that the hakims have advised H. H. to go to a place like Jellalabad with a warmer climate than Kabul and he proposes to start for Jellalabad as a little relief from the gout allows, travelling in a palki.

Some further delay has occurred regarding the introduction of the Merchant Shipping Bill to the notice of the Imperial Legislative Council, and it is quite impossible to say now when the Select Committee will sit, as communations are pasing between the Government of India and the Secretary of State.

In reference to the case of Mr. Harrison, the Punjab Civilian who was recently dismissed from the Service, it may perhaps be as well to state that Mr. Harrison was at home when the papers of the case were forwarded to the Secretary of State and that he was heard by the Secretary of State in person, with the result that his Lordship and the Government of India decided that his services could not be retained.

The Chief Commissioner of Assam has asked the Government of India for permission to send a small expedition against the Abors, who have made a hostile demonstration on the Sadiya border. One hundred rifles of the 44th Gurkhas and 300 military police will form the column to punish the tribesmen. Captain Maxwell of the 6th Bengal Infantry, Commandant of the Lakhimpur Military Police Battalion, will be in command of this punitive force.

A serious outbreak of cholera of a virulent type has occurred in Ranipet. Dr. Lancaster, the District Surgeon, with two experienced Hospital Assistants, is there. Mrs. Nash, the wife of Mr. R. Tavenor Nash, was attacked and died within twenty-four hours. Mrs. George Thorburn, wife of Mr. George Thorburn, of Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., lies in a critical state from the same disease. Doctors Lancaster and Scudder are in close attendance. Numerous natives have also been attacked. The great fair held weekly has been dispersed by orders of the Head Assistant Collector.

The Karikal Railway will soon be an accomplished fact and the British port of Negapatam will soon have a formidable rival. The Director-General of La Caisse des Depots at Paris has addressed a letter to the Senators for the French Possessions in India to the effect that at a meeting of the Board on the 29th November, 1893, it was unanimously agreed to grant the Government a loan of 11,67,000 francs for the construction of the Karikal Railway line up to Peralam.

Another fatal accident from an unexploded shell picked up by natives is reported from Delhi. It would appear that the "Kabaris" or rubbish buyers are in the habit of purchasing the fragments of exploded shells, after artillery practice. Three Kabaris had collected a lot of these fragments, and amongst the lot there was a shell which had evidently not gone off. While they were hammering at it to break it up, the shell exploded, killing one of the men on the spot, and so seriously injuring the other two that their recovery was thought doubtful. Whether these men got the unexploded shell among the fragments they purchased, or, what is more likely, dug it out on the range, is not quite clearly known as yet. This is the second fatal accident within a very short time. In the first one, four men were killed while attempting to cross the range while the artillery were at practice.

The ways of that particular class of vermin known as the common anonymous petitioner are peculiar. One of them lately indited an elaborate series of complaints against a high judicial officer. "This new Hakim," observed his critic, "habitually neglects his duty. All day in cutcherry he amuses himself by playing the baja, and never listens to the witnesses who come before him." The piano which this unfortunate official, who was threatened with writer's cramp, used to play in his cutcherry was a type-writer, on which he was obliged to record depositions!

The following little anecdote is related of the recent visit of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to the Madras Volunteer Guards' Camp at Pallaveram. Commander-in-Chief, inspecting piquet:—"Well, my man, what are you doing?" Intelligent Sentry:—"Keeping a look out, Sir." C.-in-C. "Ah, very good. In which direction?" I. S. "Round there, Sir," (pointing). C.-in-C. Quite so—What point of the compass is that?" I. S. "Don't know, Sir." C.-in-C. "Where does the sun rise, my man? You can easily determine the direction you are pointing to." I. S. (promptly) "In the North, Sir." C.-in-C. (with a twinkle in his eye) "Exactly!" And His Excellency rode off much impressed with the man's intelligence.

The Sanitary Engineer to the N. W. P. Government has condemned the sanitary system of Mussoorie, known as the Bhutta scheme, which after years of working had come to be looked upon as perfect, and which has hitherto certainly kept the sanitarium free from epidemic diseases and healthy compared with other hill stations. Every successive Sanitary Engineer and Surgeon General of the Province had commended; but now, and for the first time, the inhabitants are roused to the fact that it is defective. As a substitute for the existing sanitary scheme, the Sanitary Engineer supports Mr. Angus Campbell's project of a huge shoot down into the valley somewhere on the north side of Camel's Back. The valleys to the north of Mussoorie into which the pipes are proposed to be laid form the catchment area which feeds the Aglar river which flows into the Ganges and debouches at Hardwar where the annual gathering of millions of Hindu pilgrims from all parts of India is held. Apart from other considerations, the contamination of the waters of the Ganges is the greatest objection, which the Sanitary Engineer appears to have completely lost sight of, and would certainly bring the Government into collision with the Hindu population of India, who will doubtless strongly oppose their sacred Ganges being defiled by the sewage of Mussoorie. Under these circumstances it is unlikely that the Government will favour the project.

Lobengula does not appear to have been smitten with the craze of other professional beauties, that of being photographed in a variety of attitudes, writes the *South African Review*. The portrait published by the *Review of Reviews* is claimed by Mr. B. W. Caney, of Durban, to be from photographs taken by him of local Kaffirs. Another photograph labelled with the name of the great Matabele Chief is attested to be a portrait of Tchingwayo, and a drawing of the same potentate, published by the Pretoria *Press*, we sincerely hope resembles no human being on the face of the earth.

The leading journals of Central Italy announce "on authoritative information" that the Queen will visit Florence next spring; and the "Nazione" adds confirmatry statement that when at Windsor last summer "Prince Corsini took leave of Her Majesty, the Queen replied 'A rivederci a Marzo' (till we meet again in March)." "The Lancet" adds to this information the statement that Colonel Biggs, who accompanied the Queen on her last visit to Italy, is in treaty with the proprietor of the Villa Fabbricotti at Montughi for the Queen's "Vernal villeggiatura." For the present the project of a ten days' subsequent residence in the Royal Villa at Capo di Monte seems abandoned in favour of a short visit to King Humbert's Lombard Castle at Monza. This is in proximity to the North Italian lakes and the noble mediæval cities of the Lombardo-Venetian territory.

THE LAHORE CONGRESS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Dec. 31.

The Congress closed last night. The sitting was a productive one, and no less than ten important resolutions were submitted, discussed and adopted. These were:—

(1) "That this Congress having, on many previous occasions urged on the Government of India the necessity for giving, as was promised by the British Government, over thirty years ago, a fixity and permanence to the Land Revenue, demand that wherever this has not been already conceded it may be done. The Congress now reiterates emphatically this recommendation, and desires to give expression to the profound alarm which has been created by the action of Government in interfering with the existing permanent settlement in Bengal and Behar in the matter of survey and other cesses, and with the terms of the sanads of permanently settled estates in Madras; and deeming such tampering with solemn public pledges, no matter under what pretences, a national calamity, thereby pledges itself to oppose in all possible legitimate ways any and all such reactionary attacks on the permanent settlements and their holders. (2) That this Congress regrets extremely, that the Government of India have not only failed to carry out the pledges for permanent settlement in the provinces in which it does not exist, given by the Secretary of State in his despatches of 1862 and 1865, but have also failed to give effect to the policy of granting a modified fixity of tenure and immunity from enhancements, laid down in 1882 and 1884 by the Government of India and approved by the Secretary of State. (3) That this Congress is emphatically of opinion that it is inexpedient, in the present state of education in the country, that Government grants for high education should in any way be withdrawn; and concurring with previous resolutions of Congress, affirms in the most emphatic manner the importance of increasing public expenditure in all branches of education, and the expediency in view to promotion of one of the most essential of those branches, that is, technical education, of appointing a mixed Commission to enquire into the present industrial condition of the country; and looking to the great poverty of many classes of the community strongly recommends that in all classes of Government or Municipal schools and colleges all fees shall be reduced in proportion to the means of the parents and relations, and remitted wholly in case of very poor students; and focussing the universal opinion of the Indian community, that undue stress is being laid at present upon mere mental development, this Congress earnestly recommends that henceforth in all grades and classes of schools and colleges, at least equal attention should be devoted to the physical development of the students. (4) That this Congress regrets to notice that the Secretary of State for India, in his recent despatch to the Government of India, has enunciated a doctrine that occasions may arise in which it may be the duty of the executive Government to criticise judicial errors, the Congress being of opinion that such criticism is calculated to shake the confidence of the people in the independence of the judicial tribunals also. (5) That this Congress places on record its deep regret at the recent hasty enactment of the Government of India regarding the closing of Indian Mints against the private coinage of silver, whereby people of this country have been indefinitely subjected to further indirect taxation of a burdensome character, and which has dislocated the scheme of most important trades and industries, notably the mill industry. (6) That this Congress records its emphatic protest against the exchange compensation allowance granted to undomiciled European and Eurasian employees of Government, involving an annual expenditure of over a crore of rupees, and to banks to the extent of £1,38,000, at a time when the financial situation of the country is far from satisfactory and the country is threatened with additional taxation. (7) That the Government of India be moved once for all to put a stop, by explicit legislation, to the existing oppressive system of force labour (known as ebegar), and forced contributions of supplies (known as rasad), which, despite numerous resolutions of the Government of India, are still prevalent throughout India. (8) That this Congress tenders its most sincere thanks to Lord Northbrook for his powerful advocacy of India's claim to have her burden of Home charges reduced, and respectfully entreat the House of Commons to appoint at an early date a Committee of their Honourable House to arrive at some equitable settlement of the matter. (9) That in the opinion of this Congress the time has now come to raise the status of the Chief Court of the Punjab to that of a Chartered High Court in the interest of the administration of justice in this province. (10) That this Congress hereby tenders its most grateful acknowledgments to Sir W. Wedderburn and the members of the Britsh Congress Committee for the services rendered by them to India during the past year."

With regard to No. 6 Mr. Surendranath Banarji addressed the assembly and said:

He had been reminded of the felicitous words Lord Lansdowne used in connection with the Currency Act and the Exchange Compensation allowance question, namely, that the Act was "the crime of the 26th of June." That was the verdict of contemporary opinion, and he thought he might take a forecast of the feature and say that it would be the deliberate judgment of history that it was a crime—worse than a crime, a political blunder of the gravest magnitude, the consequences of which it would be difficult to exaggerate or over-estimate. Speaking particularly of the compensation allowances Mr. Banarjee asked Anglo-Indian officials if, instead of the rupee depreciating to fifteen or sixteen to the sovereign, it had appreciated to five or six to the sovereign, would there have been an abatement or reduction of their pay? Would they have submitted to such a reduction, and would there not have been a fearful outcry, and would not everybody have joined in the outcry, because it would have involved a gross and deliberate injustice to a deserving class of deserving officials? If, he asked, the interest of officials needed to be protected, the interests of the people also needed consideration, and in fact they should be protected in preference to those of the officials. Government had admitted that the officials had no legal claim to the compensation, but contended that they had a moral claim. It was refreshing to find the Government of India taking its stand on the high ground of morality, but he would remind the Government that those moral considerations were never present to their mind when they discussed the question of simultaneous examinations—the claims of the natives of the soil to the indefeasible right they possessed to participate in the government of their own country. But when it came to questions of a frontier war, the building of an impregnable fortress, the subsidising of the Ameer or of compensation allowances to officials, the people were treated to those homilies of moral considertions and obligations. He would take his stand on the same platform and would give battle to the Government on its chosen ground. He was prepared to show that the Government had no justification to grant compensation allowances even upon the principle by which it professed to be guided. For whose sake, he asked, did the country exist? For whose ease did the services exist? Was it for the sake of Indians? If that was the case, and Government had said so, then it was obvious that the interests of the country should have preference and should not be sacrificed for the benefit of those services. (Applause.) But he would say that the interests of the country had been deliberately sacrificed, a cry of want of funds had starved the commonest domestic matters; but when it came to a question of granting compensation, it was as rich as the richest Government in the world. They had heard from a previous speaker that twenty millions of people had died of starvation within the last few years, and they had heard that forty millions more lived on one meal a day. These starving people were to be still further burdened with taxation in order that the highly paid officials might be provided with their brandy, beef, and champagne. (Loud cries of "Shame!") One could scarcely express his indignation when he spoke of such matters. The Government called themselves a civilised, a Christian, and a righteous administration, and they said it was written in the most sacred of their books that "Righteousness exalteth a nation." Was that last act of Government, he asked, civilisation, was it Christian, was it consistent with the tenets of the principle of righteousness? He felt that language failed him in describing what he considered to be the great iniquity of the Government—(renewed cries of "Shame!")—and he invited them not to submit to this last gross act of injustice, nor submit to the deliberate affront upon the public opinion of the country. Did the country exist for the officials, or did it exist for its people? He called upon the men of the Punjab, the men of Bengal, the men of Bombay, and the men of Madras to combine and not rest till they had dethroned these official gods and cast them from their high place; until they had disenchanted them of the illusion under which they laboured, namely, that the country was theirs and not the property of the people. The country was the people's; India was for the Indians primarily and for England secondarily, and the officials ought to understand, and would understand, that when they harmonised their interests with those of the people, and when they were actuated by that lofty love that deep and fervent sympathy for the people of the country which characterised the early founders of the British Empire, then, and then only would the people be contented. (Loud applause.) Where were the Bentincks, the Cannings, and the Ripons of Indian Administration? They had gone for ever. But he went on to say, let there be no misconception of his attitude or of that of the Congress: they had no antipathy towards the officials, for they at least had produced a Hume who had done more to cement the bonds of sympathy between the officials and non-officials, both Europeans and Indians, than any other of his class. The Indian people had truly fallen on evil times, and their hope and prayer was that the Giver of all Good might come to the rescue of this luckless land. (Cheers.)

Mr. W. A. Chambers, the Bombay Architect, seconded this motion in a speech in which he "almost" regretted himself an Englishman. He said:—

He as an Englishman had been sitting in that Congress for three or four days and had heard so much that at times he was almost ashamed that he was an Englishman (cheers); and as an Englishman who thought there was a great mission in this country for his own people. He considered it a most melancholy spectacle that the Indians could get nothing while the officials could get everything. The fact that such a motion as he was seconding was necessary made them almost despair of the Government of India. The Government was notoriously poor and it was with the greatest difficulty that it could meet its liabilities, yet on the most flimsy ground it gave to its already overpaid servants an annual present of one crore of rupees. If the Government was rich there would be not much occassion to grumble, but they could not afford it, and to raise the money they must further squeeze the unfortunate tax-payers of the country. Why, he asked, should a certain class of Europeans be favoured, while other Englishmen had to suffer loss? The loss by exchange was one of the disadvantages of living in India, but there were employments and privileges which balanced those disadvantages. He could assure them that the life which Europeans lead in India was much more luxurious and pleasurable than at home. Englishmen were constantly alluding to their stay in India as a time of exile. He asked his hearers not to believe that statement, for in spite of the loss by exchange Englishmen in India had a very pleasant time, and were in fact small kings. Comparing the Civil Services of England and India, he showed that so far as payment went Indian officials had much the best position, even taking the rupee at one shilling. The fact was that the people who paid the taxes in England took good care to see how their money was spent. It might be said that the Congress men were Shylocks in demanding to stick to the bond, but in this particular the officials were the Shylocks who wished to get out of the Indian people as much as possible.

This was the substance of his speech which the assembly applauded to the echo.

THE INDIAN MINTS.

Mr. Dinshaw Wacha of Bombay proposed the resolution referring to the Indian Mints. In his opinion the trade of the country has been unhinged by the Currency Act of June last, and the first day that enactment came into force the millowners sustained a loss in exchange on remittance from Japan and China to India of no less than forty per cent. He proceeded:—

No trade had suffered such a diminution as the yarn trade, and in Bombay in two months it had diminished to the extent of two crores of pounds, and he believed at the present time there was a further diminution. The fact that the exports had so suffered would lead to a check in the imports and the natural outcome of the whole thing was that the ryot would again be further burdened. Lord Lansdowne had said that the natives of India had approved of the Currency Act, but he (Mr. Wacha) emphatically protested against that assertion: it was fallacious and inaccurate, and he knew that the public of Bombay and Bengal had held themselves aloof from the Act. It was time that the Government acknowledged its error and redressed the evil it had brought about and thus saved the community from a still greater state of poverty.

The other speakers of the day were Mr. P. P. Pillay (Madras), Mr. Nanjoshi (Poona), Mr. D. A. Khare, and Mr. Dharmdas Suri. Votes of thanks as above recorded were adopted and the assembly having fixed Madras for the next meeting, adjourned with cheers for the "Queen Empress," "British Rule," and "the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab."

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL ON THE B.-G.-J.-P. RAILWAY.

The following return of rainfall as registerred at 6 a.m., on 2nd January, 1894:—

	Ghadechi.		Dhola.		Jetalsar.	
	In.	ct.	In.	ct.	In.	ct.
Previous Total	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rainfall on 1st Jan.	0	51	0	0	0	0
Total up to date	0	51	0	0	0	0

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 4TH OF JANUARY, 1894.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has increased by moderate amounts in Sind and the North-West Provinces, but has decreased over the rest of the country. Readings are highest at Ajmere and Jhansi and lowest in the south. Winds are very variable in direction, and the force has been moderate to light. The maximum temperature is from 5° to 8° below the normal at Delhi, Agra, Ajmere Deesa, and Ratnagiri, and the minimum 7° to 9° in excess at Allahabad and Ajmere. The highest temperature in the shade was 89° at Cochin and the lowest 47° at Delhi and Neemuch. Humidity changes are unimportant, and the skies are cloudy in several places. Light showers have fallen at Masulipatam, Jeypore and Ajmere. The weather to the west-north-westwards of Sind in the Gulf is unsettled. The atmosphere is damp at Jeypore Allahabad, Delhi, Agra, Jubulpore and Masulipatam, and local showers are probable there or in the neighbourhood.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

[By Telegraph.]

SIMLA, Jan. 4.

Thursday's observations pressure decreased in Central and Southern India and eastern Peninsula, risen elsewhere, barometer reads below normal, average everywhere, but pressure regaining normal, distribution being highest in Punjab and Sind. Winds fairly normal in direction and generally moderate in force, temperature fallen in most stations, mean nearly normal in most parts of the country but a deficiency of three degrees is reported in the Punjab and excess of three degrees in Bengal. Weather cold and unsettled on the hills and minimum on ground. Simla last night only twenty one, slight showers have fallen in the Punjab and Rajputana, the heaviest being Lahore where rain and hail fell for two hours. Weather apparently slowly becoming more settled.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1894.
Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·919
Temperature of the Air	75·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68·1
Dew Point	64·5
Relative humidity of Air	0·695
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	80·7
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	68·3
General Directions of wind*	NNE, ENE, NW, NNW, N.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours*	276

* From midnight to midnight.

During his visit to Newport where he appeared in "Walker, London," Mr. Toole appears to have thoroughly enjoyed himself. Many stories are told in the Welsh papers, but none is more characteristic than that told by the "Western Mail" of how the genial comedian hoaxed a native domestic. One Sunday morning he decided to go to St. Woolos" Church, and going up Stow-hill, he stopped outside a house, and asked a girl who was washing the doorstep where the parish church was. "Up on the top of the hill, sir," the maid demurely replied. "Top of the hill, indeed," growled Toole, "What d'ye want to put parish church top of a hill for?" The girl, in astonishment, said she had nothing to do with the location of the church. "Putting a parish church top of a hill, so that people can't get up there. Why, you ought to be ashamed of yourself." The comedian scowled. The girl jumped up off her knees, and defiantly snarled that she had had nothing to do with putting the edifice where it stood. But Toole stuck to her, without appearing to hear any of her protestations. "Ought to be prosecuted right away; putting church top of the hill; people can't get up there." Warming up to the greatest altitude of feminine exasperation, the girl finally threw up her brush and flowercloth, and said the blessed old church was there long before she was born.

THE CONSTANT USE of Fothergill's Madona keeps at bay the enemies of the Human Body in tropical climates, Rheumatism, Torpid Liver, Itchy Skin, and Stone in the Bladder. Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.—MADON, SONS and Co., Fort Bombay.

INDIA FORTY YEARS AGO.

An old "Qui Hi," writes in the *Globe*:—To the uninitiated it may be explained that, in the days referred to, a "Qui Hi" was an Anglo-Indian of the Bengal Presidency. I am such a fossil, and yet I cannot but look back to what appears but yesterday, and to the changes which have taken place in the years which seem to have flown by. Old John Company was alive in those days, and a jolly good master, too. The rupee was worth 2s., a fact which rendered all calculations so pleasant and easy—100 rupees £10, 1,000 rupees £100, and so on, although, truth to say, the latter sum was seldom heard of in those very impecunious days, when the British subaltern used somehow to manage to live on his pay, for the reason that his parents never gave him any other choice.

Well do I remember the pay havildar of my company bringing each month the bag of rupees, and counting them over to the "bearer." Without deductions they amounted to a little over two hundred, and by the time the mess bill was settled, and the household disbursement satisfied, Ram Bux would place the palms of his hands together, and inform the Sahib that the balance was just four rupees. But who cared? If there was no money, there was little inducement to spend it, and nothing was ever paid for in cash. If a purchase was made, a written "chit" sufficed, and poor Ram Bux had to meet it somehow or other next pay day. Of course all were not so philosophical, and some mildly outran the constable. To them the terrors of the Court of Requests were not very alarming. A friend of mine in the regiment used to be sold up every month. His wordly goods were not extensive. They consisted chiefly of a charpoy (bed), a chillumchee (brass basin), and a very underbred terrier. As the day approached when these valuable goods were to be put up to auction we generally managed among ourselves to buy in the property for a few rupees, and restore it to the unfortunate debtor. At last it became quite an understood thing, and the question was who should bid for each separate article, so as not to run up its value unduly. Poor B! he was shot by accident at Lucknow by one of our own sentries, as he was creeping back from reconnoitring the enemy's position, and by his death I got my lieutenancy. Of what became of the charpoy, the chillumchee, and the mongrel I have no recolletion.

The profession of arms in India in those days was very different from what it is now. In a great measure both officers and men looked upon it as almost a life-long affair. Nine European infantry regiments belonged to the Company, and they never left India. The same may also be said of a strong force of artillery and it is not too much to assert that finer troops could not be found on the face of the earth. But we have changed all that; hardly for the better, to my mind. Long service has given way to short, and the brawny, seasoned soldier, thoroughly acclimatised, is replaced by the weedy boys, who die like flies whenever they are sent into unhealthy stations. Give me the lads who, discarding their tunics, fought like heroes at Delhi, under the name of the Dirty-Shirts, and whose deeds will never be forgotten as long as the memory of the Mutiny lasts.

But India has changed much in other respects since those times. There were no "globe-trotters" then. Every man you met was in the Service, either covenanted or uncovenanted. You could never make a mistake in addressing anyone you met. And then the hospitality—it was unbounded. The story that in remote parts officers on detached duty used to keep a servant on the Grand Trunk Road to waylay travellers and compel them to accept his hospitality is no myth. It happened to myself in 1855, not far from Allahabad, and my host, a civilian, would not let me go until I had been with him a week as an honoured guest. Railways were of course unknown, except a short line from Calcutta to Barrackpore, and hotels, except in the large Presidency towns, quite unheard of. Accomodation, therefore, had to be found in the Dak bungalows or in private houses, and far more often in the latter than the former. Long distances were accomplished by dak-gari, travelling, in the hot weather, only at night, and resting by day. Relays of horses were kept on the Grand Trunk Road, and these dragged the "gari" along at full gallop, after no end of jibbing and attempts to overthrow the rickety conveyance. What brutes they were, and what an amount of bad language they consumed, both native and European, before, by dint of thrashing, they condescended to gallop off to the end of their stage! Travelling in those days was certainly a trial. On cross roads it was of course worse. There the doolie or palanquin was the only means of conveyance, and it was no uncommon occurrence to wake up at night and find that the coolies had put you down and taken flight, having heard that a tiger was in the neighbourhood; or, if not at bad as this, they would be seen sitting in a circle taking a good long rest, and passing round the pipe of peace in the shape of the bubble-bubble, in the weird light of the messalchis' torches.

However, if travelling was bad, the same canno be said of sport. Nowadays I hear that in some parts of India it is most difficult to get good shooting. In the days I am speaking of there was no complaint of this sort. Game had not been so much disturbed, and there were few stations where you could not get very fair bags. Some spots were naturally better than others, but of small game there was always plenty, and for the more ambitious black buck, neil gai, pig-sticking, and the lordly tiger. It was, indeed, a paradise for sportsmen. Your gun was your licence, and such a thing as a preserve was unkonwn. What joys those were when two or three of us used to get leaves, and start off with a couple of hill tents for a week or two's shooting! Shifting the ground from day to day, by sending on a tent in advance, and shooting from place to place, what fun we youngesters had! The water-carrier used to pour a skinful of fresh cold water over us as we turned out in the early dawn, and then with the dogs and the beaters we started on our expedition. The tent was struck, and sent on to the next halting place, ready for our mid-day meal.

It is true that it was not always *couleur de rose*. First, there were periodical outbreaks of cholera which played havoc with a regiment in a few days. One's nearest and dearest friends were occassionally cut off in a shockingly sudden manner. Then there were those horrid "Banks," the ruin of so many young fellows who had got into pecuniary difficulties. Charging exorbitant interest for money borrowed, they insisted on "joint security" and a life insurance as well. One young fellow would stand security for his friend on the understanding that the same thing should be done for him in return. By this means numbers became hopelessly involved, and had a burden cast upon them which they hardly got rid of before they left the service on their pension. As for going home, it was often impossible, and many a life has been lost, and many a poor fellow realising the hopelessness of his position has taken to drink, in sheer desperation. Not only was the incubus hanging over him of his own debts, but there was the fear that some of his friends might go to the dogs and let him in for theirs also.

These are the sad memories, but there are far more of a pleasant character. India in those days was like one large family, and the profession, either civil or military, was handed down from father to son, so that there was far greater intimacy and knowledge of who a man was. As a life-long profession was anticipated, the first thought of every new arrival was to learn the language. No staff appointments could be held without the P.H., and for an interpretership it was necessary to pass the higher standard of P. Natives thus became better acquainted with those serving in India, and the knowledge that these officers had come to stay made the relations far closer than in modern times, when every man seems desirous to get over his foreign service and return to England as soon as possible. Regimental life, like that of a public school, brings out all the qualities of a man. There is a camaraderie which can only be understood by those who have experienced it, a feeling that on active service one's life may depend on the staunchness of one's friend. As years pass away thoughts of the early happy days seem to come back. Dear old pals of one's youth, where are you now? Many we know are gone, but of those that remain how pleasant it is to come across them, and, standing face to face, to hold the hand which has been steadfast and true since the days when we were boys together.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 16th December, 1893, on 461 Miles open.

—	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	95,000	2,12,000	4,000	3,11,000
Or per mile of Railway	206	460	9	675
For previous 23 weeks of half-year.	20,50,184	27,03,857	76,522	48,30,563
Total for 24 weeks	21,45,184	29,15,857	80,522	51,41,563
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	87,360	1,56,002	5,445	2,48,807
Per mile of Ry do.	190	338	12	540
Total to corresponding date do.	19,69,645	26,92,195	92,354	47,51,194

Increase for the week ....Rs. 62,193
Ditto to date .... " 3,87,369

PURE PERSONALITIES.

A correspondent draws attention to the very close relationship borne by the Locksley Hall Hotel to Bon Gaultier's Dirge of a Drinker. In this case the thought transference must have lingered long in the air waiting for some respective brain to give it harbourage. Certainly the likeness is remarkable between the following couplet, from the Locksley Hall Hotel :—

"But a tongue of tougher metal, of a throat of wider bore
I have never yet encountered, than my friend's upon the floor."

And this one from the Dirge of a Drinker, which was published upwards of thirty years ago:—

"But a stouter, bolder drinker, one that loved his liquor more,
Never yet did I encounter, than my friend upon the floor."

The life of the bum-bailiff is never conspicuous for its joy, and now and then it comprises quite remarkably unpleasant experiences. The men, for instance, who sallied forth to distrain upon the goods of M. Marck, a lion-tamer, now engaged at a theatre in Paris, were considerably embarrassed when they found nothing of value more portable than a cage of young roaring lions. And as the debt in question was for this very cage, their position was peculiarly awkard. In the end they left M. Marck unmolested : like his namesake, the patron Saint of Venice, in honourable company with the king of beasts.

History repeats itself : The Premier last year was attacked by a cow. Now we read of a similar onslaught made on our Minister at Peru. There was some talk of the Hawarden heifer figuring among the exhibits at Chicago, but the disaster at Lima would seem to lend evidence to the supposition that the quadruped in question had gone astray in its voyage across the Atlantic.

A posthumous anecdote of the immortal Tartarin is related by the Gaulois. It was in the gun-room and Tartarin, after regaling his audience with various thrilling tales of his exploits and adventures in the chase, described the following horrific experience : The other day, he said, in a fearful snow storm, I found myself, without a gun or any weapon face to face with three wolves. Well, what did you do? Well, I simply stared at them with my hands in my pockets, and whistled. Do you mean to say they didn't attack you? They couldn't ; they were in a cage. In Professor Garner's case the conditions were reversed.

Mr. Timothy Harrington, M. P., never delivers a speech without making a revelation, and very useful and interesting revelations they frequently are. His latest disclosure was made at a recent meeting of the Young Mens Branch of the Irish National League in Dublin. He said, "There were at present in the Irish party—he meant Mr. M'Carthy's following—no less than twenty gentlemen who had absolutely no interest in Ireland, no home in Ireland, no tie in Ireland, who did not earn a penny in Ireland." He then proceeded to enumerate them, and said of Mr. T. P. O'Connor, that he "was an English Radical, and a bad one at that." Whereupon a sunny smile stole over the faces of his audience.

Sir John Don Wauchope, who died the other day, was a Scotch baronet of an antiquity of decent before which the majority of the pedigrees in the House of Lords are of the most mushroom proportions. His baronetcy was among the early ones created by Charles II. after his return from his travels. He also had the distinction of being the father of a well-known cricketer who played for Eton and Cambridge. Sir John was an excellent story-teller one of the few who have survived from the old regime to the present days of telegraphic anecdotists. He succeeded to a distant kinsman in the baronetcy in 1862. Ten years later he was made Chairman of the Board of Education for Scotland, now defunct. He took the greatest interest in the Midlothian Yeomanry, in which he had served for fifteen years.

Mr. Mulholland, who is about to retire from the representation of North Derry, is a tall, thin, fresh complexioned man, with dark brown hair and brown eyes, of about forty. The retiring member is a graduate of Balliol, and was for some time in the Royal Artillery. He has sat in Parliament since 1885, and has been a constant attendant. He has, however, very seldom spoken in the House, and, although a man of considerable intellectual powers, seems to have little zest for political life. During the most exciting period of the Home Rule debates he was observed sitting in the smoking room immersed in Robert Elsmere, Mr. Mulholland will not be for ever lost to public life. His father, one of the wealthiest men in the North of Ireland, was raised to the peerage by Lord Salisbury, and Mr. Mulholland is an eldest son, and destined for a place in the hereditary Chamber.

The young bloods of the Liberal Unionist party distinctly overstepped the sartorial amenities the other night, Mr. Victor Cavendish appearing in the Lobby in a shooting suit of aggressive brown tweed, and Mr. Austen Chamberlain wearing a morning coat and continuations of equally unconventional color. The heir-presumptive of the Duke of Devonshire takes his own course in most matters. He feels the dignity of his position, and he follows the whim of the moment in regard to dress just as he does in regard to conversation, with the result that a departure from the usual rut in either connection excites little comment. With Mr. Austen Chamberlain, however, it is altogether different. Hithert. he has been scrupulously exact in conforming to the unwritten law of St. Stephen's, which prescribes that members shall wear black coats in the autumn and winter, and either black or grey in the summer. It is true he appeared in all the glory of a 'cummerbund' in the Dog Days, but this simply stamped him as a leader of fashion. He has now fallen from his high estate.

Mr. Marsham Adams, who writes on The Religion of Ancient Egypt in the current number of the "New Review," is one of the most familiar figures in the reading-room of the British Museum. He is the son of Judge Adams, whose son by another wife, the Rev. William Adams, will be remembered as the author of The Shadow of the Cross and other once popular allegories. He gave up an Oxford fellowship on entering the Roman communion a few years before the Act was passed which would have obviated that sacrifice. His mensurator and coelometer, two ingenious implements, have been officially recommended for use in the State schools of France and America, although the question of expense has prevented their adoption. Mr. Adams published more than twenty years ago a blank-verse tragedy on Zenobia, from which the late Mr. Bellew frequently recited selections, while more recently he compiled the official histories issued in connection with the Fisheries Exhibition.

Mr. Homerville Hague, who is painting a series of pictures for the Queen, including the recent performance of Fra Diavolo at Balmoral Castle, comes from an old Yorkshire family, many generations of whom have served in the Army. His first ambition was to be a sculptor, but after exhibiting at the Royal Academy and other places in 1887 he also commenced the career of painter, and during that year appeared in the double capacity of painter and sculptor. Mr. Hague restored the fresco of St. Peter's Church, Belsize-sq., Hampstead, in 1891, and has been engaged for more than two years in painting a series of pictures of the royal parks. He has also exhibited at the Paris Salon. Mr. Hague had some early struggles to put up with. His father intended him to follow the occupation of a chemical manufacturer, and, having disobeyed those wishes, he was left out of the paternal will.

Lord Headley, who has just returned from a prolonged hunting expedition in Zambesia, was at one time a well-known figure in London political circles. He was Conservative candidate for the old borough of Marylebone in conjunction with Sir Frederick Seager Hunt, they failing, however, to dislodge the late Sir Thomas Chambers and Mr. Daniel Grant. He claims to have gone a hundred and fifty miles further even than Seloas and only retraced his steps when a trusted Zanzibari told him that the natives who were cannibals, had designs on his person. Lord Headley's party was small, consisting only of six men including himself and with his own gun he has shot nine rhinoceros, three elephants, some lions, and other unconsidered trifles of the sort. Lord Headley is a cheery-looking, fresh-colored man of forty-eight, slightly deaf, with grey hair, and a white moustache ; not very tall, but of strong build, and is to be pitied in having an invalid wife. In politics he claims to be Republican, save where the rights of property are concerned, but he reserves to himself the right of independent opinion, voting for and "agin" the Government as his views on the particular subject prompt him to do.

Mr. Isaacs shares with Colonel Haywood, the engineer to the City Commissioners of Sewers, the distinction of being the oldest officer elected under Sir Benjamin Hall's Act of 1855 "for the better government of the metropolis." He has been, in fact, surveyor to the Holborn district ever since that year, and as such has been responsible for the erection of the Holborn Viaduct station and Hotel and the Holborn Town Hall, while he is also the architect of the Hotel Victoria. Mr. Isaacs has been surveyor to Gray's-inn for a quarter of a century.

Among the theatrical novelties of the near future will be a fantastic opera, from the pen of Mr. Robert Buchanan, entitled Adam and Eve ; or, a Hundred Years Hence. This production can certainly claim the merit—none too common nowadays—of originality of theme. Humanity has been rendered extinct all over the earth by a cataclysm, and two inhabitants of Mars are entrusted with the task of repeopling it, and of avoiding the manifold errors which have attended the progress of all preceding civilisation. We shall be introduced to this interesting couple at a period a few years after their arrival on earth, when they are occupied in the rearing and direction of their offspring.

NOTICES.

The Best Dressing
AYER'S
HAIR
VIGOR

Prevents the hair from becoming thin, faded, gray, or wiry, and preserves its richness, luxuriance, and color to an advanced period of life. It cures itching humors, and keeps the scalp cool, moist, and healthy.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can supply.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Beware of cheap imitations. The name—Ayer—is prominent on the wrapper and is blown in the glass on the bottom of each of our bottles.

Agents : H. E. B DE, & SONS, 16 Green St., Bom
HOWE, BALCH & Co., 15 Hare S ., Calcutta.

CAUTION!!

GIVING reference to the Advertisement in some of the Vernacular Papers in Bombay by persons proposing to offer for sale WHEELER and WILSON'S, GENUINE and Original No. 1 SEWING MACHINES, we take this opportunity of cautioning the intending Purchasers and the Public generally against buying such MACHINES as they are not REAL GENUINE MACHINES at all but Spurious Imitations and in some cases Old Refinished Machines with spurious tables and standards. We are the only authorized Agents for the Bombay Presidency as will be seen from Messrs. The Wheeler and Wilson Manufacturing Company's authority already published, and also give the same below. Those who thus try to palm off spurious Machines as being New Genuine Wheeler and Wilson's Machines are liable to be prosecuted against according to Law.

BEING informed that Imitations of Our SEWING MACHINES, as well as Refinished Old Machines, are imported into India and sold under representation that they are New and GENUINE WHEELER and WILSON MACHINES we hereby certify that the only authorized Agents for the sale of our MACHINES in the Bombay Presidency are Messrs. DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE and Co., to whom all intending to purchase should apply for the Genuine Articles.

N. WHEELER, President,
Wheeler and Wilson Manufacturing Company.
Bridgeport, Connecticut, U. S. A., December 9th, 1890.

LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE,
DEBILITATED CONSTITUTIONS
Scrofulous Cachexis,
Green Sickness, Leucorrhœa,
Difficult Menstruation, Anæmia,
Constitutional Syphilis, Phthisis, &c.
BLANCARD'S
CELEBRATED PILLS
OF UNALTERABLE IODIDE
OF IRON,
Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine,
Are the best remedy.
BLANCARD & Co 40, rue Bonaparte, PARIS

PESTONJI B. MEHTA
ARTIST
DIE SINKER RELIEF PRINTER
WOOD & METAL ENGRAVR
RUBBERSTAMP
MANUFACTURER
69-MEDOW ST., BOMBAY.

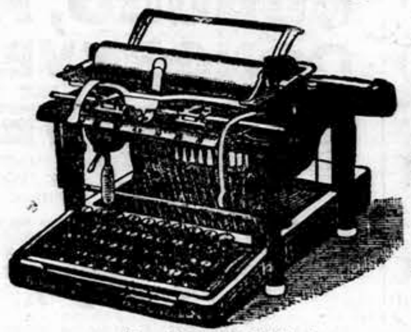
CHAMPAGNE
CLOS ST-URBAIN

Dry
Medium dry
Extra dry.

Edmond Besserat
PROPRIETOR
AY, near REIMS
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
Purveyor to
THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES THE PRINCES OF BOURBON
THEIR IMPERIAL & ROYAL HIGHNESSES the ARCHDUKES of AUSTRIA.— HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE COUNT OF BARDI.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
Can be obtained of H. J. MARTYN, Penang.

LEA & PERRINS'
SAUCE,
The Original and Genuine
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
bears the signature, thus:—
Lea & Perrins
Ask for
LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.
RETAIL EVERYWHERE.
Agents : THE GREAT EASTERN HOTEL Co., and Messrs. BISSONAUTH LAW & Co., Calcutta.

REMINGTON
TYPEWRITER



Manufactured Solely by
Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict
327 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.
EUROPEAN BRANCHES :
100 Gracechurch Street, London.
18 Rue de la Banque, Paris.
Illustrated Catalogues sent on application to publishers of this paper.

Everywhere Recognized as
THE
Standard Writing-Machine
of the World.

Absolutely Unrivalled
FOR EXCELLENCE OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION, SIMPLICITY, EASY OPERATION, DURABILITY AND SPEED.

GENERALLY ADOPTED THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD FOR
COMMERCIAL, LEGAL, PROFESSIONAL, AND TECHNICAL WORK.
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA EMPLOYS OVER 2,000. ALSO EXTENSIVELY EMPLOYED BY THE BRITISH, FRENCH, AND OTHER EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS.

REMINGTON
TYPEWRITER

Sir CHAS. CAMERON, M.D., says: "An Excellent Food, admirably adapted to the wants of infants."
IN PATENT AIR-TIGHT TINS.
NEAVE'S FOOD
FOR
INFANTS
CHILDREN,
INVALIDS,
THE AGED.
BEST AND CHEAPEST. ESTABLISHED 1825.
Dr. BARTLETT, Ph.D., F.C.S., says: "The Flesh and Bone-forming constituents are far above the average of the best Farinaceous Food."

KINAHAN'S
LL
&
GLENISLE
WHISKIES

THE PRIZE MEDAL, DUBLIN EXHIBITION 1893.
KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY,
The Cream of Old Irish Whisky.
Pure, Mild and Mellow, Delicious and very Wholesome.
Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.
KINAHAN'S GLENISLE WHISKY
THE FINEST SCOTCH WHISKY SOLD.
KINAHAN & CO., LD.,
GUILDFORD STREET, LAMBETH, LONDON.
Export Agents :
JOSEPH LEETE & SONS,
36 ST. MARY-AT-HILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.

ASK FOR
LIEBIG COMPANY'S
EXTRACT
OF MEAT
And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.
J. v. Liebig
To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.
Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.

FINEST AND CHEAPEST
MEAT-FLAVOURING
STOCK FOR SOUPS,
MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness.
Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

Cookery Books can be had at the office of this Paper.

S. & H. HARRIS'S

HARNESS COMPOSITION
(Waterproof)
IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

SADDLE PASTE
(Waterproof)
FOR SADDLES, BROWN HARNESS, BROWN BOOTS, &c.

HARNESS LIQUID
or Self-shining Jet.

EBONITE BLACKING
(Waterproof)
FOR BOOTS SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

JET BLACK OIL
FOR FARM HARNESS.

POLISHING PASTE
FOR CLEANING METALS & GLASS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,
Manufactory : 57, MANSELL STREET, LONDON, E.

PRESERVED BUTTER IN GOLD COLORED TINS.

PRESERVED PURE BUTTER
P. F. ESBENSEN COPENHAGEN
REGISTERED TRADE MARK
COLD MEDALS.

From
P. F. ESBENSEN COPENHAGEN
A REAL LUXURY FOR EVERY MEAL.
Ask for ESBENSEN'S. Do not be put off with any other.
To be obtained of all the principal Stores throughout India.
And of Campbell, Shearer & Co., 4, Eastcheap, London ; R. Harrison & Co., Red Cross Street, Liverpool.

BEFORE USE
OCTOPUS
The Patent
"OCTOPUS"
ANTI-INCRUSTATOR
AFTER USE

Collects the 'FUR'
In KETTLES,
KITCHEN
BOILERS,
AND
PIPES.

ONE OF MANY TESTIMONIALS
Messrs. Neville, Reid and Co., Brewers to the Queen, Windsor, write : "The 'Octopus' supplied have in every case, been of great benefit, and given much satisfaction."

Placed in a Kettle, it is most interesting and instructive to watch the development of the "Octopus," week by week, until at the end of, say twelve months, it resembles a block of coral, and becomes an unimpeachable witness of its usefulness.

Prevents Boiler Leakage.

	EACH.
Kettle Size ...	2/6
Small Boiler Size ...	5/-
Medium Boiler Size ...	7/6

MADE IN SPECIAL SIZES FOR FACTORY BOILERS.
Carriage Paid from London on all Orders of One Dozen at retail prices.
Purifies and Softens the Water. Sold all over the World.
Agents in Calcutta, WHEATLEY THOMAS & Co., 73, New China Bazaar.
Sold by the ARMY AND NAVY STORES at Bombay and Karachi.
Special Wholesale Agents, W. B. FORDHAM & SONS, Ltd., 36-40, York Rd., King's Cross, London, N.
Patentees and Sole Manufacturers,
LANGSTAFFE, BANKS & PECKOVER, 66, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries
REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.
PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH. STRENGTH, & ENERGY.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY,
HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

JOHN HERRING & SONS.
Manufacturers of every description of
LIGHT AND HEAVY EDGE TOOLS,
Electro Boracic Joiners' Tools,
Tools, Augers, Saws, Files, &c., &c.

Indentors requiring reliable Tools of best Sheffield make should specify in their Indents that the Goods must bear this Trade Mark.
HERRING & SONS TRADE MARK WARRANTED CAST STEEL SHEFFIELD
Illustrated Price List Free on Application.
Navigation Works:
BROAD STREET LANE, SHEFFIELD,
ENGLAND.
I. HERRING & SONS
CAST STEEL.
SHEFFIELD.

AVOID IMPURE WATER!!!
SLACK & BROWNLOW'S
WORLD FAMED
FILTERS
WORKS : MANCHESTER.

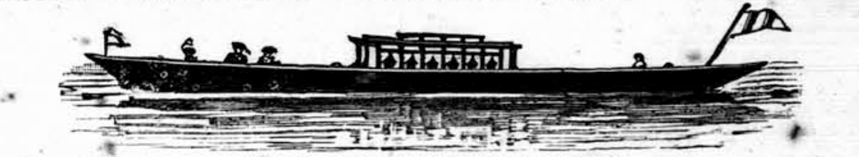
BEETHAM'S
GLYCERINE -AND- CUCUMBER
For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

USE
MILKMAID
CONDENSED
MILK

CONDENSED MILK
TRADE MARK
SWISS CONDENSED MILK

THE BEST FOR ALL PURPOSES.
Largest Sale in the World.
Write for Pamphlet: "HOW TO FEED BABY."
POST FREE ON APPLICATION TO THE
ANGLO-SWISS CONDENSED MILK CO., 10, Mark Lane, London.

THAMES ELECTRIC & STEAM LAUNCH CO



ELECTRIC LAUNCH "GLOW-WORM," 53ft. by 7ft. 3in.

Are prepared to Estimate and Furnish Drawings and Specifications for Launches in Wood, Steel, Delta Metal, or Composite, either with Steam or Electric Power—Speed from 6 to 20 miles per hour ; —also Tugs, and Stern Wheelers, which, if required, will be prepared and constructed in Sections.

Launches of specially Light Draught constructed for Shallow Waters.

Electric and Steam Pinnaces for Harbour or Ferry purposes.

Builders of Electric Charging Stations, Floating or Stationary ; and makers of all required fittings and equipments.

A selection of Electric Launches always ready for prompt delivery, of which particulars will be forwarded on application to

W. S. SARGEANT, M.I.M.E.,
Manager.

TWICKENHAM, ENGLAND.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

NOTICES.

Chapoteaut's PEPSINE PEARLS

for

SICK HEADACHES
WIND IN THE STOMACH
DYSPEPSIA
CONSTIPATION
INDIGESTION

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS
Contain in each 4 grains of pure Sheep Pepsine 8 times stronger than other pepsines and capable of digesting 1000 times its weight of meat or other food.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS
RELIEVE WITH THE FIRST DOSE
Cramps in the Stomach, Feeling of Heaviness, Sickness, Loss of Appetite, Headaches, and Sickness during pregnancy.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS
Will keep in any climate, and are without taste or smell.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8, PARIS.

CHAPOTEAUT'S

MORRHUOL

THE CURATIVE ACTIVE PRINCIPLES EXTRACTED FROM COD LIVER OIL
NO TASTE OR SMELL

MORRHUOL is much more prompt in its action than Cod Liver Oil in the treatment of Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Pains in the Chest, Sore Throats, and Asthma.

MORRHUOL restores the health of pale weakly people, *without appetite*, and those afflicted with Skin diseases, Scrofula, Scabs, sores in the neck, sore eyes, and inherited lymphatic temperaments.
From The Hospital Reports (translated).

« **MORRHUOL** represents the medicinal « part of Cod Liver Oil, it modifies « rapidly the general state of the pa- « tient, and develops the appetite in a « most extraordinary manner. Con- « sumptive patients experience a fee- « ling of well-being, eat and digest « easily, and sleep soundly.
«D' GAY, *Gazette des Hôpitaux.*»
From The Lancet March, 12th. 1887.

« M. CHAPOTEAUT has introduced a preparation of Cod Liver Oil called Morrhuol, which proves to be of considerable utility in the treatment of Consumption and wasting diseases. »

Sold in phials of 100 Morrhuol pearls, each of which is equal to a teaspoonful of oil.

CHAPOTEAUT, 8, Rue Vivienne, PARIS.

A CURE FOR ASTHMA!!!
GRIMAULT'S

INDIAN CIGARETTES

Asthmatic people who suffer from Oppression in breathing, stifling sensations, Hoarseness, and Loss of voice, Nervous coughs, Laryngitis, Colds, with Wheezing, Bronchitis, Insomnia, Catarrhal affections, and difficulty in Expectoration, are promptly relieved by these Cigarettes.

GRIMAULT & CO., Paris, Sold by all Chemists.

GRIMAULT'S

Matico Capsules
AND INJECTION

Renowned Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of Acute and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Copaiba, have not the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent
AND
MATICO CAPSULES in the more chronic cases

GRIMAULT & Co., Paris. Sold by all Chemists.

CHAPOTEAUT'S

PEPTONE WINE

TONIC, DIGESTIVE & NUTRITIVE

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE nourishes the Sick & Convalescent, without fatiguing the stomach by the process of digestion; and is far superior to Beef Teas, Jellies, and Meat Extracts, which cannot nourish the body if the digestive organs are defective.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE is used in the London and Paris Hospitals, for affections of the *Stomach, Liver*, and *Intestines*, and for **Indigestion, Anæmia, Consumption, Diabetes, Dysentery**; in extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from *Tumours, Cancerous Affections*, and **all wasting diseases** whenever an extra amount of nourishment is required.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a Tonic stimulant and Restorative to the Aged, Delicate Females, Lymphatic subjects and children.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, PARIS.

PETER MÖLLER'S

COD LIVER OIL

Scientifically prepared by Möller's Patented Process.
HIGHEST PRIZES AT NINETEEN

MÖLLER'S
COD LIVER OIL
TRADE MARK.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

The only oil free from Hydroxyls (which abound in emulsions and solutions), and consequently from unpleasant flavour, "aftertaste" or "repetition," and yet a most powerful and valuable therapeutic.

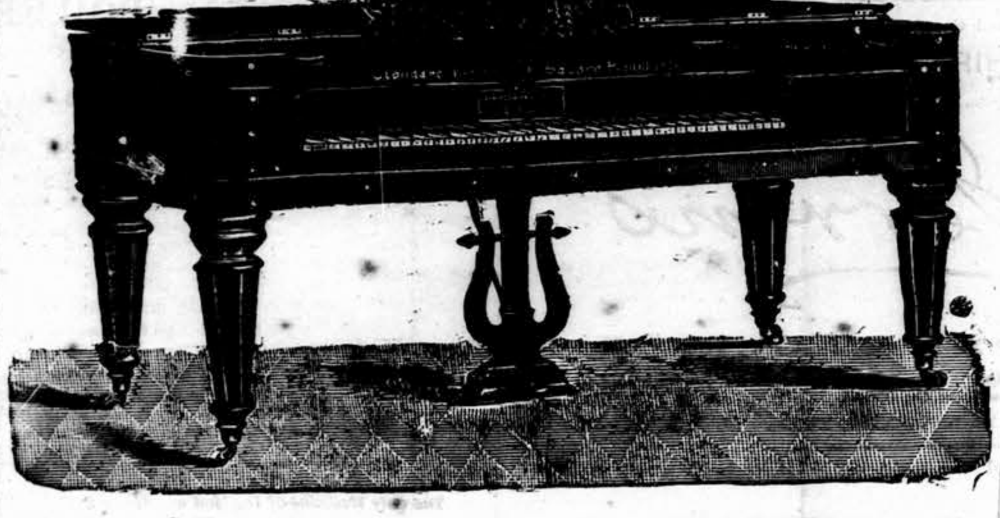
In Capsuled Bottles only.

Rimmel's Perfumery

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar,
An Indispensable Toilet Requisite.
Rimmel's Lavender Water,
TREBLED DISTILLED.
Rimmel's Florida Water,
Most Cooling and Reviving.
Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar,
Refreshing. Invigorating.

EUGENE RIMMEL, LIMITED,
LONDON & PARIS.

THE STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE PIANOFORTE,



MANUFACTURED BY
SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE,
STUTTGART, HOF PIANOFORTE FABRIK (COURT PIANOFORTE MAKERS)
ESTABLISHED IN THE YEAR 1781.
ONE HUNDRED AND TEN YEARS AGO.

THE STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE PIANOFORTE

HAS a SOLID IRON FRAME Cast in ONE PIECE, including the Bridge extending over the pin plank. It has an OVERSTRUNG SCALE, the improved system of dampers and a perfect check repeating action, which never fails.

The dampers of American type, and prevent any possibility of Jarring or Jingling. The wooden bridge near the dampers is done away with, and substituted by an AGRAFFE. The damper board has an iron bar to prevent warping in hot climates. The length of wire in the upper notes is greater than usually found in Square Pianos, which improvement has so brought up the volume of tone in this part of the piano that it has given the entire instrument an uniformity of tone hitherto unattained.

DURABILITY, SUPERIORITY of WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANCE of DESIGN, DELICACY of TOUCH. POWER and PURITY of TONE and the most EFFECTIVE CHECK REPEATING ACTION EXTANT, are a few of the points wherein these marvellous pianos CANNOT BE EQUALLED.

Cash Rs. 875
HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM ... ... { For 12 months. ... ... Rs. 79 per month.
For 24 months. ... ... „ 42 do.

EXTRAS.

Zinc-lined Packing Case ... ... Rs. 25 | Woolen Cover ... ... Rs. 15
Revolving Piano Stool... ... ... „ 18 | Set of Crystal Insulators ... ... „ 6

THE EXTRAS NEED NOT BE TAKEN IF NOT REQUIRED.

To the Sole Agents—MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY and POONA.

NOTICES.

Very Old Special Scotch Whisky D.C.L.

This well-known Brand obtained the Highest Awards at Edinburgh and Melbourne, and is now recognised as the best Scotch Whisky in the Indian Market.

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

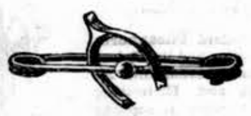
Registered Proprietors:—
The Distillers Company, Ltd,
whose gross annual power of production is 13,000,000 Gallons.

Agents:—
Spencer & Co., Madras.
Gillanders Arbuthnot & Co., Calcutta & Rangoon
John Smeal & Co., Cachar & Sylhet.

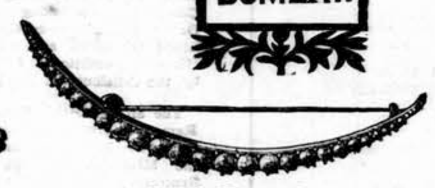
XMAS PRESENTS.

HAMILTON & Co
JEWELLERS
BOMBAY.

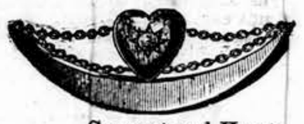
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.



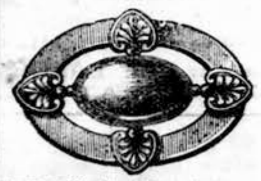
Gold Safety Brooch, Rs. 10 cash.



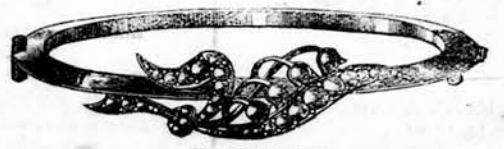
Pearl New Moon Brooch, Rs. 84 cash.



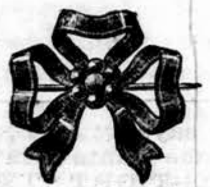
Crescent and Heart Brooch, Rs. 28 cash.



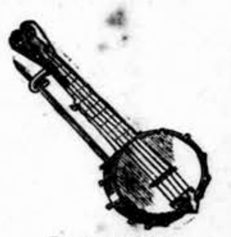
Gold Brooch, Rs. 20 cash.



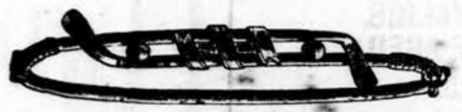
Pearl Bracelet, Rs. 147 cash.



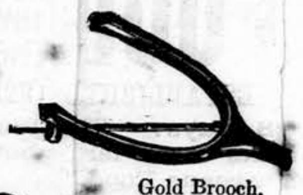
Gold Brooch, Rs. 27 cash.



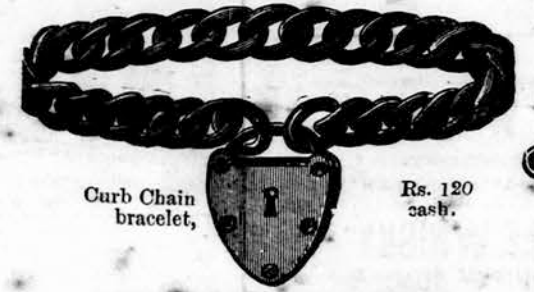
Banjo Brooch, Rs. 16 cash.



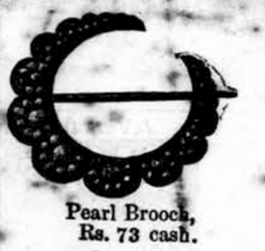
Golf Bangle, Rs. 54 cash.



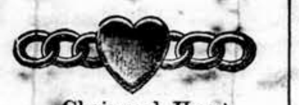
Gold Brooch, Wish Bone, Rs. 12 cash.



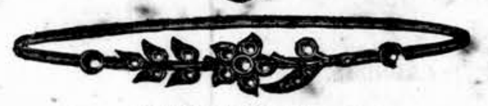
Curb Chain bracelet, Rs. 120 cash.



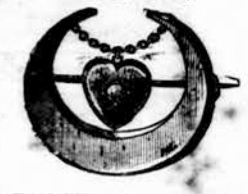
Pearl Brooch, Rs. 73 cash.



Chain and Heart Brooch, Rs. 15 cash.

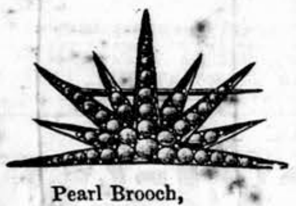


Pearl set Bangle, Rs. 38 cash.



CRESCENT & HEART Brooch, Rs. 28 cash.

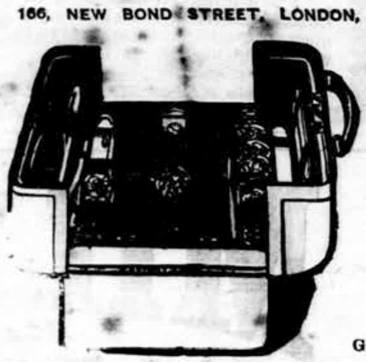
Hamilton & Co
BOMBAY.



Pearl Brooch, Rs. 73 cash.

By APPOINTMENT to H.R.H. The PRINCE OF WALES.

ASPREY'S
166, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON, W



UNRIVALLED DRESSING BAGS

In Morocco, Russia, Black or Brown Leather, Pigskin, or Crocodile Skin, with double action Patent locks, and containing everything that a lady or gentleman can require for the toilet, each article of the best workmanship and most exquisitely finished.

LUNCHEON AND PICNIC BASKETS, HUNTING LUNCH CASES, PORTABLE CANTEENS. SMOKING ROOM TABLES AND TRAYS, fitted with good Lemon Squeezer and Stands for SODA and SELTZER Bottles, with patent "JANITOR" action to lock the Spirit Bottles. CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES AND CABINETS, DESPATCH BOXES, WRITING CASES, DRESSING CASES, JEWEL CASES, TOILET SETS, Nail Instrument Cases, Glove Boxes, &c., &c.

"Anyone who wants a Dressing Bag turns naturally to ASPREY'S; there one may be sure of seeing all the new improvements."—WORLD.

The New Illustrated Catalogue will be sent free on application to

GOWER DODSON & Co., Bombay Agency, 7, Bank Street Fort.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

BAHADUR
MILD

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

McDOWELL AND CO.,
MADRAS.

N.B.—Our Factory adjoins our Office, and is, therefore, under our immediate Personal supervision.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, CHEST COMPLAINTS, & BRONCHITIS

ARE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

CONGREVE'S BALSAMIC ELIXIR.

Persons with Weak Lungs or of Delicate Constitutions will find most valuable information in Mr. G. T.

CONGREVE'S WORK ON CONSUMPTION.

Showing that direful Disease to be curable in all its stages, and containing many interesting and authentic cases, with Letters from Ministers of all Denominations, including the late Rev. C. H. SPURGEON.

PRICE 6d.—Can be obtained of Messrs. NEWMAN & Co., Calcutta; "Times of India" Office, Bombay.

DR. FLEMMING'S QUININE & CAMPHOR PILLS.

Specially prepared by Mr. G. T. CONGREVE from the Prescription of an eminent Physician, as a Mild, Safe, and TONIC APERIENT FOR DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

The ELIXIR AND PILLS may be obtained in bottles at 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6, &c., from—Calcutta: SMITH, STANISTREET & Co., BATHGATE & Co., SCOTT, THOMPSON & Co. Bombay: TREACHER & Co., KEMP & Co., THOMSON & TAYLOR. Madras: WEST & Co. Allahabad: LYELL & Co. Lahore: GILLON & Co. Assam: PLNTERS' STORES Rangoon: DA SOUZA, and from all leading Stores throughout India.

ORIGINAL PRIZE MEDALLISTS.

LAMBERT & BUTLER'S FINEST SMOKING TOBACCOS.

TRADE MARK.

LOG CABIN, MAY BLOSSOM, JESSAMINE, PRIZE MEDAL BIRD'S-EYE, GOLD FLAKE, GOLDEN VALLEY, WAVERLEY MIXTURE, VIKING NAVY CUT, NAVY CUT, GARRICK, SUN-DRIED HONEY DEW, Are now suppiled in Patent Air-tight Self-fixing Tins and Packets bearing our Name and Trade Mark, without which none are genuine.

Of all Stores & Dealers throughout India & the Colonies. LONDON BONDED CAVENDISH WORKS, 85, LONG ACRE, LONDON.

"LIFE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH."

"SANTO REMEDIA," OR "BLESSED REMEDY"—

TREZUKA:

THE NEW BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the very latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, delusions, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, lassitude, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, physical incapacity, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability either to perform the various duties of life or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, consumption, night sweats, &c., are all so many different phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the misery, ill-health, and despondency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this wonderful and highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restoring the failing powers, and imparting new life and energy to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless. Price 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. per Bottle.

ZAROUBA.

THE EXTRAORDINARY BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous effects ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling disease, wheresoever and in whatever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and grandular swellings, discolourations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c., producing a soft, silky, infant-like smoothness, elasticity and clearness of complexion, skin and body. Is unequalled in all cases of gout, rheumatism, pains and swellings of the joints, syphilis, secondary symptoms, bone disease, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and [illegible], straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursors of consumption. Price 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. per Bottle.

TREZUKA and ZAROUBA may be obtained of all the principal merchants in India. Intending purchasers are particularly requested to insist upon having these medicines, as unprincipled vendors who may not have them in stock, frequently try to palm off inferior preparations (usually of their own manufacture) for the sake of [illegible]. The words TREZUKA and ZAROUBA are Trade Marks, registered at the Patent Office; immediate legal proceedings will be taken against all persons making colourable imitations thereof.

Wholesale Agents for India: TREACHER & CO. Limited, BOMBAY, BYCULLA and POONA.

Delicious. Nutritive. Digestible.

BENGER'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, AND INVALIDS.

Retained when all other Foods are rejected."—
London Medical Record.

In Tins, 1/6, 2/6, and 5/-.

Of leading wholesale and retail houses throughout India.

Gold Medal International Health Exhibition.

AGENTS:—
TREACHER & Co., LD., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. KEMP & Co., LD., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. PHILLIPS & Co., LD., Bombay and Poona.

SUPERIOR to Vaseline and Cucumbers

to VASELINE and CUCUMBERS

CRÈME SIMON marvellous for *softening*, *whitening* and *perfuming* the complexion. Most efficacious for light affections of the skin.

J. SIMON, 13, rue Grange-Batelière, PARIS
Perfumers, Druggists, and Fancy Goods Stores

ELASTIC FABRICS

Trade Mark.

ASK FOR

"LION & SUN" Elastics

BOOT WEBS.	ELASTIC BRAIDS.
GARTER WEBS.	ELASTIC CORDS.
BRACE WEBS.	SURGICAL WEBS.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS of this CELEBRATED BRAND,

BRUCE & SON, SOUTH WIGSTON, NEAR LEICESTER.
(Successors to H. Turner & Son.) (ENGLAND).

Sets of Samples sent free to any Dealer. Orders through English Merchants

---

Horlick's Malted Milk.

A PERFECT FOOD.

Instantly prepared by dissolving in water.
Contains no starch.
Requires no cooking.
No added milk.

Absolutely invaluable in warm climates, as it keeps indefinitely, and is always

Sweet, Pure and Nutritious.

Made from the purest of fresh Cows' Milk, combined with Wheat and Barley. It is an ideal food for

INFANTS and INVALIDS.

As a nourisher and strength-giver, it stands unequalled. Thousands have given grateful testimony to its virtues as a rapid maker of

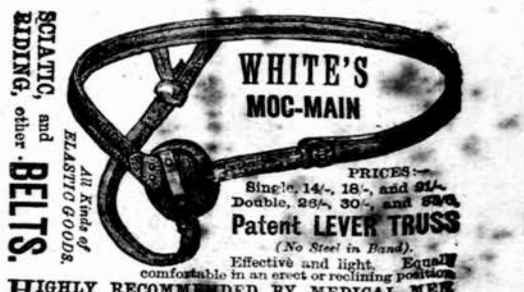
Flesh, Bone and Brain.

"Very palatable, and free from adulterants."—*British Medical Journal.*
"The composition of Malted Milk resembles that of human milk."—*Lancet.*

Wholesale of—
TREACHER & CO., LTD., BOMBAY AND POONA.
Sold by all Dealers.
Endorsed by all Physicians.

SCIATIC, and RIDING, other BELTS.

All Kinds of ELASTIC GOODS.



WHITE'S MOC-MAIN

PRICES:—
Single, 14/-, 18/-, and 21/-.
Double, 26/-, 30/-, and 32/6.

Patent LEVER TRUSS
(No Steel in Band).

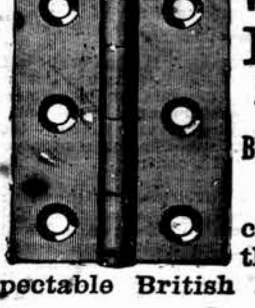
Effective and light. Equally comfortable in an erect or reclining position.

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.
Consultations, Descriptive Circular, and Price List free.
J. WHITE & CO., Ltd.,
228, Piccadilly, London, England. Est. 50 Years.
All genuine goods bear our name stamped on them.

GOLD & CO.'S

TRADE MARK.

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND,



WROUGHT IRON HINGES

ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

Printed and published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press Esplanade Road, Bombay.
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill E.C.; Messrs. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.